

Uwharrie Capital Corp

April 8, 2011

Dear Shareholder:

Your Board of Directors is pleased to extend this invitation for you to join our corporate family at the Uwharrie Capital Corp **Annual Meeting of Shareholders on Tuesday, May 10, 2011, at the Stanly County Agri-Civic Center, Albemarle.**

- ◆ Buffet Dinner & Fellowship 4:30 p.m. – 6:00 p.m.
- ◆ Recognitions 6:00 p.m. – 6:30 p.m.
- ◆ Business Meeting 6:30 p.m.

Our objective for the Annual Meeting is for us, as a corporate family of associates, directors, and shareholders, to reflect on what has been accomplished by everyone working together and to learn about our company's future plans.

Enclosed you will find our 2010 Summary Annual Report, Proxy Statement, and Appointment of Proxy (Proxy Card). The Summary Annual Report communicates our mission, 2010 highlights, and condensed financial statements in an informative, easy to read format. Complete financial statements and notes are contained in the full Annual Report, which is a part of the Proxy Statement. This document explains the two items to be voted upon at the meeting: (1) Election of Directors, and (2) Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation.

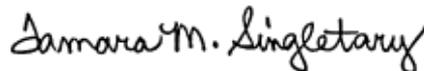
Remember, we cannot conduct the legal meeting without a majority of votes, and this would cause unnecessary expense to your company. **You may vote by Proxy Card or by the Internet (see Voting Instructions on enclosed Appointment of Proxy). If you are voting by Proxy Card, please return it in the enclosed postage-paid envelope addressed to First Shareholder Services in Raleigh, NC, our Stock Transfer Agent, who will be tabulating votes.**

Along with your vote, please indicate your dinner reservation and any comment or question for management.

Thank you for your continued support as a member of our corporate family. *You are making a difference!* We look forward to seeing you **Tuesday, May 10, 2011.**

Sincerely,

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP



Tamara M. Singletary
Executive Vice President - Investor Relations
and Corporate Secretary

Enclosures

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Uwharrie Capital Corp

132 North First Street
Albemarle, North Carolina 28001

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

And

NOTICE OF INTERNET AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of Uwharrie Capital Corp (the "Company") will be held as follows:

Place: Stanly County Agri-Civic Center
26032 Newt Road
Albemarle, North Carolina

Date: Tuesday, May 10, 2011

Time: 4:30 p.m. – 6:00 p.m. Buffet Dinner & Fellowship
6:00 p.m. – 6:30 p.m. Recognitions
6:30 p.m. Business Meeting

The purposes of the meeting are:

1. To elect six (6) directors to three (3) year terms and one (1) director to a two (2) year term;
2. To ratify a non-binding shareholder resolution regarding executive compensation; and
3. To transact such other business as may properly be presented for action at the meeting.

You are invited to attend the annual meeting in person. However, even if you plan to attend, you are requested to complete, sign and date the enclosed appointment of proxy and return it promptly in the envelope provided for that purpose or to vote via the internet in order to ensure that a quorum is present at the meeting. The giving of an appointment of proxy will not affect your right to revoke it or to attend the meeting and vote in person.

We have elected to furnish our proxy solicitation materials via U.S. mail and also to notify you of the availability of our proxy materials on the internet. The notice of annual meeting, proxy statement, proxy card and annual report are available at www.uwharrie.com/vote.

By Order of the Board of Directors



Roger L. Dick
President and Chief Executive Officer

March 31, 2011

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Uwharrie Capital Corp
132 North First Street
Albemarle, North Carolina 28001
704-982-4415

PROXY STATEMENT

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

This Proxy Statement is being furnished in connection with the solicitation by the Board of Directors of Uwharrie Capital Corp (the “Company”) of appointments of proxy for use at the annual meeting of the Company’s shareholders (the “Annual Meeting”) to be held on May 10, 2011, at 6:30 p.m., in the Stanly County Agri-Civic Center, 26032 Newt Road, Albemarle, North Carolina, and at any adjournments thereof. The Company’s proxy solicitation materials are being mailed on or about April 8, 2011 to shareholders of record as of March 7, 2011.

Voting of Proxies

Persons named in the enclosed appointment of proxy as proxies (the “Proxies”) to represent shareholders at the Annual Meeting are Roger L. Dick, Brendan P. Duffey and Christy D. Stoner. Shares represented by each appointment of proxy which is properly executed, returned and not revoked, will be voted in accordance with the directions contained therein. If no directions are given, such shares will be voted “**FOR**” the election of each of the seven (7) nominees for director named in Proposal 1 and “**FOR**” Proposal 2. If, at or before the time of the Annual Meeting, any nominee named in Proposal 1 has become unavailable for any reason, the Proxies will be authorized to vote for a substitute nominee. On such other matters as may come before the meeting, the Proxies will be authorized to vote in accordance with their best judgment.

Record Date

The close of business on March 7, 2011 has been fixed as the record date (the “Record Date”) for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting. Only shareholders of record on that date will be eligible to vote on the proposals described herein.

Voting Securities

The Company’s voting securities are the shares of its common stock, par value \$1.25 per share, of which 20,000,000 shares are authorized and 7,593,929 shares were outstanding on March 7, 2011. There were approximately 3,471 shareholders of the Company’s common stock on March 7, 2011.

The Company’s Articles of Incorporation also authorize the issuance of up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value, having such rights, privileges and preferences as the Board of Directors shall from time to time designate. As of March 7, 2011 there were 10,000 shares of the

Company's fixed rate cumulative perpetual preferred stock, series A (the "Series A Preferred Stock") outstanding. Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are not entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting.

Voting Procedures; Quorum; Votes Required for Approval

At the Annual Meeting, each shareholder will be entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held of record on the Record Date on each matter submitted for voting and, in the election of directors, for each director to be elected. In accordance with North Carolina law, shareholders will not be entitled to vote cumulatively in the election of directors.

A majority of the shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding on the Record Date must be present in person or by proxy to constitute a quorum for the conduct of business at the Annual Meeting.

Assuming a quorum is present, in the case of Proposal 1 below, the seven (7) nominees receiving the greatest number of votes shall be elected.

In the case of Proposal 2, for the proposal to be approved, the number of votes cast for approval must exceed the number of votes cast against the proposal. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect.

Revocation of Appointment of Proxy

Any shareholder who executes an appointment of proxy has the right to revoke it at any time before it is exercised by filing with the Secretary of the Company either an instrument revoking it or a duly executed appointment of proxy bearing a later date, or by attending the Annual Meeting and announcing his or her intention to vote in person.

Expenses of Solicitation

The Company will pay the cost of preparing, assembling and mailing this Proxy Statement. Appointments of proxy also may be solicited personally or by telephone by the directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries without additional compensation. The Company will reimburse banks, brokers and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their costs in sending the proxy materials to beneficial owners.

Authorization to Vote on Adjournment and Other Matters

Unless the Secretary of the Company is instructed otherwise, by signing an appointment of proxy, shareholders will be authorizing the Proxies to vote in their discretion regarding any procedural motions that may come before the Annual Meeting. For example, this authority could be used to adjourn the Annual Meeting if the Company believes it is desirable to do so. Adjournment or other procedural matters could be used to obtain more time before a vote is taken in order to solicit additional appointments of proxy to establish a quorum or to provide additional information to shareholders. However, appointments of proxy voted against any one of the Proposals will not be used to adjourn the Annual Meeting. The Company does not have any plans to adjourn the meeting at this time, but intends to do so, if needed, to promote shareholder interests.

Beneficial Ownership of Securities by Directors, Nominees and Executive Officers

As of March 7, 2011, no shareholder known to management beneficially owned more than 5% of the company's common stock, except as disclosed in the following table.

<u>Name and Address Of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u>	<u>Percent of Class</u>
Uwharrie Capital Corp Employee Stock Ownership Plan and Trust Albemarle, NC	498,253 ⁽¹⁾	6.56

- (1) Robert O. Bratton, Roger L. Dick, Brendan P. Duffey, David C. Gaskin, Susan B. Gibson, J. Michael Massey, Christy D. Stoner, and Barbara S. Williams serve as trustees for the Uwharrie Capital Corp Employee Stock Ownership Plan and Trust (the "ESOP").

The following table lists the individual beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock as of March 7, 2011, by the Company's current directors, nominees for director and executive officers, and by all current directors, nominees, and executive officers of the Company as a group. Current directors and executive officers as a group beneficially owned 12.19% of the Company's common stock on such date.

<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u> ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	<u>Percent of Class</u>
W. Stephen Aldridge, III Albemarle, NC	14,829 ⁽³⁾	0.20
Robert O. Bratton Concord, NC	1,110	0.01
Joe S. Brooks Albemarle, NC	24,066 ⁽⁴⁾	0.32
Ronald T. Burleson Richfield, NC	21,693 ⁽⁵⁾	0.29
Bill C. Burnside Albemarle, NC	12,875 ⁽⁶⁾	0.17
Roger L. Dick Albemarle, NC	63,308 ⁽⁷⁾	0.83
Brendan P. Duffey Harrisburg, NC	88,315	1.15

<u>Name and Address Of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u> ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	<u>Percent of Class</u>
Charles F. Geschickter, III Stanfield, NC	915	0.01
Thomas M. Hearne, Jr. Albemarle, NC	19,123	0.25
Charles D. Horne Wadesboro, NC	913	0.01
Patricia K. Horton Concord, NC	7,964 ⁽⁸⁾	0.10
W. Kenneth Huntley Wadesboro, NC	3,835	0.05
Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr. Albemarle, NC	7,390	0.10
W. D. "Bill" Lawhon, Jr. Albemarle, NC	36,716 ⁽⁹⁾	0.48
Lee Roy Lookabill, Jr. Wadesboro, NC	8,173 ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.11
W. Chester Lowder Norwood, NC	3,541 ⁽¹¹⁾	0.05
Dana A. Maness Oakboro, NC	9,207	0.12
Barry S. Moose Mount Pleasant, NC	3,314 ⁽¹²⁾	0.04
Cynthia L. Mynatt Concord, NC	3,662 ⁽¹³⁾	0.05
Timothy J. Propst Concord, NC	11,639 ⁽¹⁴⁾	0.15
Susan J. Rourke Harrisburg, NC	3,092	0.04
Donald P. Scarborough Polkton, NC	9,262 ⁽¹⁵⁾	0.12
Christy D. Stoner Albemarle, NC	47,939 ⁽¹⁶⁾	0.63
S. Todd Swaringen Norwood, NC	1,100	0.01

<u>Name and Address Of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u> ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	<u>Percent of Class</u>
Jeffrey M. Talley Stanfield, NC	7,755 ⁽¹⁷⁾	0.10
Edward B. Tyson Kannapolis, NC	6,869 ⁽¹⁸⁾	0.09
Barbara S. Williams Albemarle, NC	21,973 ⁽¹⁹⁾	0.29
All current directors, nominees and executive officers as a group (27 persons)	938,831 ⁽²⁰⁾	12.19

- (1) Except as otherwise noted, to the best knowledge of management of the Company, the individuals named or included in the group above exercise sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares shown as beneficially owned. The calculations of the percentage of class beneficially owned by each individual are based on a total of 7,593,929 shares outstanding on March 7, 2011 plus the number of shares capable of being issued to that individual (if any) within 60 days of March 7, 2011 upon the exercise of stock options held by that individual (if any).
- (2) Includes shares over which the named individual shares voting and investment power as follows: Mr. Brooks – 9,467 shares; Dr. Burnside – 11,860 shares; Mr. Duffey – 1,091 shares; Mr. Geschickter – 915 shares; Ms. Horton – 108 shares; Mr. Huntley – 3,835 shares; Mr. Lawhon – 562 shares; Mr. Lookabill – 3,914 shares; Mr. Lowder – 2,284 shares; Mr. Moose – 243 shares; and Ms. Rourke – 2,009 shares.
- (3) Includes 1,059 shares held by Mr. Aldridge as custodian for minor child and 12,429 shares held by Mr. Aldridge’s parents, for whom Mr. Aldridge holds Power of Attorney.
- (4) Includes 327 shares held by Mr. Brooks’ adult child.
- (5) Includes 935 shares held by Mr. Burleson’s spouse. Mr. Burleson disclaims beneficial ownership as to 2,829 shares owned by Mr. Burleson’s adult child.
- (6) Includes 482 shares owned by Dr. Burnside’s spouse.
- (7) Includes 11,085 shares held by the Uwharrie Capital Corp SERP Plan for the benefit of Roger L. Dick, with respect to which John R. Morgan serves as trustee.
- (8) Includes 1,994 shares held by Ms. Horton’s spouse and 168 shares held by Ms. Horton’s spouse as custodian for grandchildren.
- (9) Includes 121 shares held by Mr. Lawhon as custodian for grandchild.
- (10) Includes 1,521 shares held by Mr. Lookabill as custodian for grandchildren.
- (11) Includes 666 shares held by Mr. Lowder’s adult child.
- (12) Includes 3,071 shares owned by Mr. Moose’s spouse and father-in-law jointly.
- (13) Includes 647 shares held by Ms. Mynatt’s adult child for which she disclaims beneficial ownership.

- (14) Includes 530 shares held by Mr. Propst as custodian for children and 2,168 shares held by Mr. Propst's spouse.
- (15) Includes 6,892 shares held by Mr. Scarborough's mother, for whom Mr. Scarborough holds Power of Attorney.
- (16) Includes 4,019 shares held by Ms. Stoner as custodian for a minor child.
- (17) Includes 887 shares held by Mr. Talley's spouse.
- (18) Includes 5,293 shares held by Dr. Tyson's spouse.
- (19) Includes 646 shares held by Ms. Williams' spouse.
- (20) Includes an aggregate of 109,984 shares that directors or executive officers included in the group could purchase under stock options exercisable within 60 days of March 7, 2011. Also includes 498,253 shares of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Employee Stock Ownership Plan and Trust for which Robert O. Bratton, Roger L. Dick, Brendan P. Duffey, David C. Gaskin, Susan B. Gibson, J. Michael Massey, Christy D. Stoner, and Barbara S. Williams serve as trustees.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Directors and executive officers of the Company are required by federal law to file reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding the amount of and changes in their beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock. To the knowledge of the management of the Company based upon information supplied to the Company by the directors and executive officers, all required reports of directors and executive officers of the Company have been timely filed.

PROPOSAL 1: ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Nominees

The Company's Bylaws provide for a Board of Directors composed of eighteen (18) members divided into three classes, each consisting of six (6) directors who are elected to terms of three (3) years. Each year the terms of six (6) directors expire and six (6) persons are elected as directors for new three (3) year terms. The Board of Directors has nominated the six (6) persons named in the following table for election by shareholders at the Annual Meeting as directors of the Company for three (3) year terms and one (1) person for a two (2) year term or, in each case, until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified.

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Position with Company</u>	<u>Year First Elected/ Proposed Term Expires⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Principal Occupation and Business Experience for the Past Five Years</u>
<u>Three-Year Term</u>			
Joe S. Brooks (61)	Director	1997/2014	Owner and Manager, Brothers Precision Tool Co., Albemarle, NC (tool and die machine shop)

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Position with Company</u>	<u>Year First Elected/ Proposed Term Expires⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Principal Occupation and Business Experience for the Past Five Years</u>
Ronald T. Burleson (61)	Director	1997/2014	Partner, Thurman Burleson & Sons Farm, Richfield, NC (cotton and grain farming operation and partner in cotton gin)
Charles F. (“Tad”) Geschickter, III (48)	Director	2005/2014	President and Chief Executive Officer, JTG Racing, Inc.; ST Motorsports, Inc., Harrisburg, NC
W. Chester Lowder (62)	Director	1995/2014	Director of Livestock Program, Public Policy Division, NC Farm Bureau Federation, Incorporated, Raleigh, NC
Barry S. Moose (48)	Director	2008/2014	Division Engineer, North Carolina Department of Transportation, Albemarle, NC
Susan J. Rourke (65)	Director	2003/2014	President and Owner, U.S. Land Management Co., Harrisburg, NC

Two-Year Term

Cynthia L. Mynatt (55)	New Nominee	2003/2013	President, Ben Mynatt Buick – GMC Concord, NC
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(1) The year first elected indicates the year in which each individual was first elected a director of the Bank of Stanly, Anson Bank & Trust Co., Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company or the Company, as applicable and does not reflect any break(s) in the named individuals’ tenures as directors of the Bank of Stanly, Anson Bank & Trust Co., Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company or the Company, as applicable.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT SHAREHOLDERS VOTE “FOR” EACH OF THE NOMINEES NAMED IN PROPOSAL 1 ABOVE.

Incumbent Directors

The Company’s current Board of Directors includes eleven (11) directors whose terms will continue after the Annual Meeting. The following table contains information about those eleven (11) incumbent directors.

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Position with Company</u>	<u>Year First Elected/ Proposed Term Expires⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Principal Occupation and Business Experience for the Past Five Years</u>
W. Stephen Aldridge, III (37)	Director	2006/2012	President, Stanly Funeral Home, Inc., Albemarle, NC

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Position with Company</u>	<u>Year First Elected/ Proposed Term Expires⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Principal Occupation and Business Experience for the Past Five Years</u>
Bill C. Burnside (61)	Director	1998/2012	Owner, Bill C. Burnside, DDS, Albemarle, NC
Thomas M. Hearne, Jr. (60)	Director	2004/2013	Retired; previously Geopavement Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation, Harrisburg, NC
Charles D. Horne (59)	Director	2007/2013	President, Hornwood, Inc., Lilesville, NC (textile manufacturing)
W. Kenneth Huntley (62)	Director	2000/2012	Owner and President, Huntley Oil & Gas Co., Inc., Wadesboro, NC
Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr. (72)	Director	2005/2012	Secretary and Treasurer, Albemarle Insurance Agency, Inc., Albemarle, NC
Lee Roy Lookabill, Jr. (62)	Director	2003/2012	President, Anson Real Estate and Insurance Company, Inc., Wadesboro, NC
Timothy J. Propst (50)	Director	2003/2013	Executive Vice President, Propst Construction Co., Inc., Concord, NC (utilities, soil stabilization and construction)
Donald P. Scarborough (59)	Director	2004/2013	President and Broker Owner, Plank Road Realty, Inc., Wadesboro, NC
S. Todd Swaringen (34)	Director	2010/2013	Partner, Beane Swaringen & Company, PLLC, Albemarle, NC (certified public accountants)
Edward B. Tyson (70)	Director	2003/2011	Retired; previously, Superintendent of Kannapolis City Schools, Kannapolis, NC

(1) The year first elected indicates the year in which each individual was first elected a director of the Bank of Stanly, Anson Bank & Trust Co., Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company or the Company, as applicable, and does not reflect any break(s) in certain of the named individuals' tenures as directors of the Bank of Stanly, Anson Bank & Trust Co., Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company or the Company, as applicable.

Qualifications of Directors

A description of the specific experience, qualifications, attributes, or skills that led to the conclusion that each of the nominees and incumbent directors listed above should serve as a director of the Company is presented below.

W. Stephen Aldridge, III, Ph.D.

Mr. Aldridge has been employed with Stanly Funeral Home, Inc., Albemarle, NC since 2000 and has served as its President since 2003. He is the lead funeral director and funeral home manager. The company employs six full-time and over twenty part-time employees.

Mr. Aldridge earned a Bachelor of Science degree with Honors in Chemistry from Davidson College in 1996 and a Doctor of Philosophy degree in Chemistry in 2001 from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

Mr. Aldridge holds numerous leadership positions in the community including as a past Board member of the Stanly County Economic Development Commission, past Board member of the Stanly County Environmental Affairs Board, Board member of the John P. Murray Community Care Clinic, and member of the Albemarle Rotary Club since 2001. He has also served on the Board of the Albemarle Rotary Club and as Chairman of the Stanly County Chamber of Commerce in 2007.

He has attended multiple sessions of the North Carolina Bank Directors' College and North Carolina Advanced Bank Directors' College.

Mr. Aldridge has served as a member of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2009 and the subsidiary bank board of Bank of Stanly since 2006. He serves on the Examining Committee, Nominating Committee and Enterprise Risk Management Committee.

Joe S. Brooks

Mr. Brooks is the owner and manager of Brothers Precision Tool Co., a tool and die machine shop, in Albemarle, NC. He started the business in 1974 with other family members. The company currently employs five and specializes in high precision machine parts for a variety of industries. For over 13 years, he was also an instructor of Machine Technology at Stanly Community College, Albemarle, NC. Additionally, through Stanly Community College, he performed machine technology in-facility training at various companies.

Mr. Brooks served on the Stanly Regional Medical Center Foundation Board and served as Chairman from 2008 to 2010. He actively serves in his church on the council and executive committee and has served as church treasurer since 1998.

For over 20 years, Mr. Brooks was involved with cub scouts and boy scouts of Troop 82, serving as Assistant Scoutmaster for over 15 years. He has served as the scout committee chairman since 1990.

He has extensive experience in overall small business management, machine technology and processes.

Mr. Brooks has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2005, having served a previous six-year term beginning in 1997. He is also past Board Chairman, past Board Vice Chairman and past Chairman of the Examining Committee, Human Resources Committee, and Properties Committee. He currently serves as the Vice Chairman of the Uwharrie Capital Corp

Board and is a member of the Executive Committee and Enterprise Risk Management Committee, and Chairman of the Examining Committee.

Ronald T. Burleson

Mr. Burleson is an employee and partner of the family business, Thurman Burleson & Sons Farm, cotton and grain farming operation, Richfield, NC. The farming operation currently farms over 3,500 acres of land in four counties. Since an early age, Mr. Burleson has been involved with every responsibility of the farming operation. He has also been involved with other family members in starting and operating Rolling Hills Gin, LLC, in Richfield, NC, a cotton gin operation begun in 1996.

Mr. Burleson earned an undergraduate degree in Agronomy from North Carolina State University. Mr. Burleson is involved in leadership roles on the local and state levels. He is a delegate to the National Cotton Council and the Corn Congress of the National Corn Growers Association, past board member of the North Carolina Soybean Production Association, Stanly County and NC State Farm Bureau board member, Corn Producers of North Carolina board member, Beltwide Cotton Cooperative board member and past Chairman, and board member of the Southern Southeast Cotton Producers Association.

Mr. Burleson is past president of the North Carolina Cotton Production Association and the Corn Growers Association of North Carolina. He is past President of the Richfield Civitan Club and past Chairman of his church administrative board.

He has extensive experience in overall farm operation management and is heavily involved with regulatory and environmental aspects of the business on the local, state and national levels.

Mr. Burleson has been a member of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2008, having served a previous six-year term beginning in 1997. He serves on the Examining Committee and Nominating Committee.

Bill C. Burnside, D.D.S.

Dr. Burnside has owned and operated a private dental practice in Albemarle, NC since 1978. He earned an undergraduate degree in Chemistry from the State University of New York in Binghamton, NY, and a Master of Arts in Teaching degree from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Dr. Burnside worked as a Research Assistant in the Department of Pathology of the Medical School at the University of North Carolina for one year. He earned a Doctor of Dental Surgery (DDS) degree from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

Dr. Burnside was recruited to join the North Carolina Air National Guard in 1992, and has served as a dentist at the Air Guard base in Charlotte, NC since that time. He currently holds the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and serves as the Chief of Dental Services.

Dr. Burnside has been active in the community serving as a member of the Albemarle Rotary Club for over 30 years, having served as treasurer, board member and president. He was an assistant scoutmaster for Troop 82 of the Boy Scouts for nine years, and is a member and deacon of the First Baptist Church, Albemarle.

He has extensive experience in running a small business for three decades: meeting a monthly payroll for six employees, dealing with rising costs, regulations and taxes and meeting the demands of the public.

Dr. Burnside has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2009, having served a previous six-year term beginning in 1998. He serves on the Examining Committee.

Charles F. (“Tad”) Geschickter, III

Mr. Geschickter is the founder, co-owner, President and Chief Executive Officer of JTG Racing, Inc. and ST Motorsports Marketing, Inc. in Harrisburg, NC. Both companies are mainstays in Stanly and Cabarrus County and have operated in the NASCAR motorsports arena for 15 years. The company employs 140. Prior to founding JTG Racing and ST Motorsports, Mr. Geschickter spent 10 years at Procter & Gamble where he rose through corporate positions from Sales Representative to Senior Regional Sales Manager. At the end of his career with Procter & Gamble, Mr. Geschickter was responsible for managing businesses totaling \$300 million in annual revenue.

Mr. Geschickter earned a Bachelor of Arts degree from The College of William and Mary where he was also the captain of the baseball team and president of the College’s Catholic Students Association. In addition to his business, Mr. Geschickter is actively involved in the local community and volunteers much of his personal time with the Animal Adoption League charity.

He has extensive experience in sales, marketing, brand management, personnel management and strategic planning.

Mr. Geschickter has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2005. He serves on the Examining Committee.

Thomas M. Hearne, Jr.

Mr. Hearne recently retired after working for thirty years as a Geotechnical Engineer with the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Mr. Hearne earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering from The Citadel, Charleston, SC, and a Master of Engineering degree from the University of Florida, Gainesville, FL. He is a registered Professional Engineer in the State of North Carolina. He has also published articles in the *Journal of Geotechnical Engineering*, *Transportation Research Record*, and *Proceedings - 4th International Conference on Concrete Pavement Design and Rehabilitation*. Throughout his career, Mr. Hearne has served as a member and chairman of numerous professional panels and committees at the local, state, and national levels.

Mr. Hearne has served as a member of the Albemarle Planning Board and First Lutheran Church Council. He currently manages an estate fund for First Lutheran Church. He is also a member of the Association of Citadel Men and the American Society of Civil Engineers.

He is the inventor of the device currently used in North Carolina to test ride quality and smoothness of asphalt pavements during construction and has extensive experience in structural testing and evaluation of highway pavements.

Mr. Hearne has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2004. He serves on the Executive Committee, Examining Committee, and Enterprise Risk Management Committee.

Charles D. Horne

Mr. Horne has been President and co-owner of Hornwood, Inc., a textile manufacturing company in Lilesville, NC since 1983. He began employment with the family business in 1973 and was named Sales Manager in 1978. The company employs 360.

Mr. Horne earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Textile Technology from North Carolina State University.

Mr. Horne is the current Vice Chairman of the Anson County Economic Development Corporation. He was President of the Anson County Chamber of Commerce from 1989 – 1990 and was recognized as Anson County Industrialist of the Year in 1994. He has served as President of the Wadesboro Rotary Club, where he also served as Lt. Governor Rotary District from 1997 – 1999. Additionally, Mr. Horne held a position on the Anson County Board of Education from 1995 – 2006 and was a member of the All State School Board in 2000. He received the 2003 North Carolina State University College of Textiles Distinguished Alumni Award and the 2009 NCSU College of Textiles Textile Leader of the Year. Mr. Horne is also the current Vice President of the North Carolina Textile Foundation where he has served since 2009. He is also past President of the Twin Valley Country Club, and a former Trustee of Pfeiffer University in Misenheimer, NC.

He has extensive experience in management, personnel and manufacturing systems.

Mr. Horne has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2007 and the subsidiary bank board of Anson Bank & Trust Co. since 2008. He serves on the Nominating Committee and Enterprise Risk Management Committee.

W. Kenneth Huntley

Mr. Huntley is President of Huntley Oil & Gas Co., Inc. in Wadesboro, NC, which is a distributor of petroleum products. The company employs nine. He graduated with honors in 1971 from North Carolina State University with a degree in Textile Engineering. After graduating from NCSU, he joined Hornwood, Inc., a textile manufacturing company in Lilesville, NC for five years in research and development. In 1975, he joined the family business as Manager, Secretary and Treasurer. He became President of Huntley Oil & Gas Co. in 1986 and sole owner in 1992. Mr. Huntley is a lifelong resident of Anson County with family ties in the county for nine generations.

Mr. Huntley is Chairman of the Anson County Airport Authority and was largely responsible for the \$8 million expansion of the airport. In 1986, he was awarded the Channel 9-Nine Who Care Award for his work on the airport project. Additionally, he was on the Anson

County Economic Development Commission in 1985. Mr. Huntley is a past member of the Board of Trustees at First United Methodist Church in Wadesboro and has served prior terms there on the church Finance Committee as well as Treasurer.

He has extensive experience in management, budgeting, and regulatory compliance.

Mr. Huntley has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2009 and the subsidiary bank board of Anson Bank & Trust Co. from 2000 to 2010. He served as the Chairman of the Board of Anson Bank & Trust Co. for four years. He serves on the Nominating Committee and Human Resources & Compensation Committee.

Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr.

Mr. Kluttz is owner, secretary and treasurer of Albemarle Insurance Agency, Inc., Albemarle, NC. He served as President of the company from 1980 to 2010. The agency was formed to serve the insurance needs of Stanly County in 1905 and was incorporated as Albemarle Insurance Agency, Inc. in 1931. The agency has five employees.

Mr. Kluttz is a graduate of Pfeiffer University in Misenheimer, NC.

Mr. Kluttz currently serves as Chairman of the Public Officers and Other Employees Liability Insurance Commission for the State of North Carolina, and is past President and director of the Independent Insurance Agents of North Carolina, and past director of the Independent Insurance Agents of America. He is also the current Chairman of *For Stanly*, a funding mechanism for bringing and relocating businesses to Stanly County.

He has extensive experience in all areas of small business management.

Mr. Kluttz has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2005. He serves on the Executive Committee, Examining Committee, Enterprise Risk Management Committee and serves as Chairman of the Human Resources & Compensation Committee.

Lee Roy Lookabill, Jr.

Mr. Lookabill is President of Anson Real Estate and Insurance Co., Inc. in Wadesboro, NC, which employs four. He purchased the company in 1994 after having worked in banking for 23 years. He began his banking career with First National Bank of Anson County which later merged with Southern National Bank, where he served as a Vice President in the Trust Department for 10 years, managing trust operations for all of South Carolina and portions of North Carolina.

Mr. Lookabill is a graduate of Appalachian State University with a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and has also completed numerous graduate courses in Trust through Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois.

Mr. Lookabill currently serves as a member of the Budget and Finance Committee of First Baptist Church in Wadesboro, NC. He served 9 years on the Anson County School Board and

has served in numerous leadership roles with community organizations. He has also been involved with pig, cattle, and hay farming since 1984.

He has extensive experience in banking, insurance, trust services, and overall small business management.

Mr. Lookabill has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2009 and the subsidiary bank board of Anson Bank & Trust Co. since 2003. He serves on the Human Resources & Compensation Committee.

W. Chester Lowder

Mr. Lowder is the Livestock Director – Public Policy Division for the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., Raleigh, NC. He represents NC Farm Bureau on livestock issues at the state and national level. In addition, he assists in covering many environmental issues and is the primary liaison on soil and water conservation matters. He joined the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation staff in 1995. Prior to joining NCFB, Mr. Lowder ran a successful dairy operation in Stanly County for more than 25 years.

Mr. Lowder is a graduate of North Carolina State University where he earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Animal Science-Business.

Mr. Lowder has held numerous volunteer leadership positions within North Carolina Farm Bureau including state board, executive committee and vice president. Mr. Lowder has also served in other leadership roles with the Stanly County Farm Bureau, Stanly County Board of Commissioners, Stanly Community College (Albemarle, NC), and various civic and industry groups.

Mr. Lowder currently serves on various committees for the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the North Carolina State University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, and the NC Department of Environmental and Natural Resources. Mr. Lowder is currently a member of committees working with the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service, NC Dairy and Growth Industry Promotion Committee, the Southeast United Dairy Industry Association, and NC Dairy Stabilization, Inc. Board and Steering Committee. He currently serves as associate supervisor on the Stanly Soil and Water Conservation District. He has served on the Executive Committee for the NC Association of Soil and Water Districts and is on the Board of Directors for both the NC Dairy Producers Association as well as the State Animal Response Team where he serves as Chairman and Executive Director. Mr. Lowder is an active member of First United Methodist Church in Norwood, NC, where he serves on several church committees and councils.

He has extensive experience in the agriculture industry locally and at the state and national levels. Additionally, he is actively engaged in local and civic activities to benefit and grow the local community.

Mr. Lowder has served as a member of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2005, having served a previous six year term beginning in 1995. He serves on the Human Resources & Compensation Committee and the Nominating Committee.

Barry S. Moose

Mr. Moose is a Division Engineer for the 10th Highway Division with the North Carolina Department of Transportation, Albemarle, NC. He has been employed with the NC Department of Transportation for 24 years. He manages 550 employees, as well as over \$850 million in Transportation Assets. Prior to that, he worked as a consulting engineer with Law Engineering in Raleigh, NC. He is a registered Professional Engineer with the State of North Carolina.

He has a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering and a Master of Business Administration from The University of North Carolina at Charlotte.

He is an active member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. He serves as Guest Lecturer at The University of North Carolina at Charlotte. He has received several national awards, most recently, the Transportation Research Board's award for Outstanding HOV Project Management.

He volunteers for the Juvenile Diabetes Association and is a past boy scout leader. He serves in his church as a deacon, administrative team leader and teacher.

He has extensive experience in Transportation Finance and Policy. Currently, he serves on Executive Committee for Strategic Planning for the Department of Transportation.

Mr. Moose has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2008. He serves on the Human Resources & Compensation Committee.

Cynthia L. Mynatt

Cyndie Mynatt has served as the President of Ben Mynatt Buick-GMC in Concord, NC, since its inception in 1991; Ben Mynatt Nissan in Salisbury, NC since its beginning in 2002; and Ben Mynatt Pre-Owned in Kannapolis since its founding in 2003. In 2008, Ms. Mynatt became the owner, president and manager of Ben Mynatt Chevrolet-Cadillac in Concord, NC, which was founded by her father in 1976. The three automobile franchises and one independent dealership currently employ over 140.

Ms. Mynatt earned a Bachelor of Arts degree from Duke University. She is also a graduate of the NADA Dealer Candidate Academy, General Motors Dealership Management Academy, the American Leadership Forum (Charlotte Region, Senior Fellow) and the N.C. Commissioner of Banks Bank Directors' College.

Ms. Mynatt is involved in many civic activities. Currently, she serves on the Rowan-Cabarrus Community College Board of Trustees, serving as the Vice Chair, and its Foundation Board. She also serves on the Ben Mynatt Children's Foundation Board of Directors and has been a member of the Cabarrus Rotary Club since 1992, having served as Treasurer and honored as a Distinguished Rotarian and Paul Harris Fellow. Professionally, she serves on the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Automobile Dealers Association, the NCADA Charitable Foundation, serving as Chair, the Greater Charlotte Automobile Dealers Association Board of Directors, and the Charlotte Buick-GMC Local Marketing Groups Board of Directors, serving as Secretary-Treasurer. She has received numerous business awards for her professional achievements.

In years past, she has been active and held leadership positions with the Cabarrus County Economic Development Corporation, the Cabarrus Regional Chamber of Commerce, the Cannon Memorial YMCA of Kannapolis, the University of North Carolina at Charlotte Board of Visitors and Foundation, the United Negro College Fund of Barber-Scotia College of Concord, the United Way of Central Carolinas, Providence Day School Board of Trustees, the Cabarrus County Community Foundation, the Cabarrus College of Health Sciences Board of Trustees and various business activities with General Motors.

Ms. Mynatt has extensive experience in the areas of business management, board involvement and governance, and civic involvement.

Ms. Mynatt has served as a director on the Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company Board of Directors since 2003 and is currently serving as the Board Chair. She has been a member of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since November of 2010, filling the unexpired term of John W. Shealy, Jr. She currently serves on the Executive Committee.

Timothy J. Propst

Mr. Propst is Executive Vice President and General Manager of Propst Construction Co., Inc., a utilities and soil stabilization construction company in Concord, NC, where he has been employed since 1984. He has served his entire career as construction manager for the firm. The company employs 40.

Mr. Propst is a graduate of Lenoir-Rhyne College, Hickory, NC, with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Administration.

Mr. Propst has served on the Board of Directors of Carolinas Associated General Contractors as well as past committee chairman of the CAGC Utility Division. He holds a General Contracting license for highway and public utility construction in the State of North Carolina. He is also involved in numerous community organizations.

Mr. Propst has extensive experience in construction and project management on highway and public utility projects in the State of North Carolina and all aspects of managing a business.

Mr. Propst has served as a member of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2004 and the subsidiary bank board of Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company since 2003. He serves on the Executive Committee and is Chairman of the Nominating Committee.

Susan J. Rourke

Mrs. Rourke has been owner and President of U.S. Land Management since 1999. The company is involved in all aspects of property management and construction from the beginning of the planning phase to completion of projects. The company has over 265,000 square feet of class-A office space, commercial and industrial space under management at the present time. Before opening her own business, Mrs. Rourke was employed in the accounting department of a large wholesaler of clothing and taught school.

Mrs. Rourke is a licensed general contractor in the State of North Carolina, holds her real estate broker's license for both North and South Carolina, and obtained a Bachelor's degree from the University of South Florida in Tampa, Florida.

In addition, Mrs. Rourke holds professional memberships in National Real Estate Association, North Carolina Real Estate Association, Carolina Regional Realtors Association, Charlotte Commercial Property Exchange and Charlotte Multiple Listing Service. She has been a Rotarian since 1999 where she served in various positions, including President, President-Elect, Secretary and member of the Board of Directors. She has also received the Distinguished Rotarian Award and is a Paul Harris Fellow. Mrs. Rourke has also been a member of the CMC Northeast Medical Foundation Board since 2007. She has served on the Board of the Ben Mynatt Children's Foundation since 2010.

She has extensive experience in management, finance/accounting relating to small business ownership and real estate brokerage relating to leasing of commercial properties.

Mrs. Rourke has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2004 and the subsidiary bank board of Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company from 2003 until 2010. She serves on the Nominating Committee and Human Resources & Compensation Committee

Donald P. Scarborough

Don Scarborough is President and owner of Plank Road Realty, Inc. in Wadesboro, NC, where he is involved in all aspects of real estate sales, brokerage, development and management of the company. The company employs six.

Mr. Scarborough was educated in Anson County Schools as well as Oak Hill Academy, Wingate University (Wingate, NC) and North Carolina State University (Raleigh, NC). During his childhood, he worked in the family-owned hardware store in Wadesboro. While attending North Carolina State University, he was employed by Carolina Power & Light Company, now Progress Energy, in the real estate department for nine years. He returned to Anson County in 1981 where he joined the family business until starting Plank Road Realty in 1984. Mr. Scarborough holds professional credentials of Accredited Buyer Representative (ABR), Certified Residential Broker (CRB), Certified Residential Specialist (CRS), Graduate of Real Estate Institute (GRI).

Mr. Scarborough's community involvement includes serving as Chairman of the Anson County Economic Development Corporation, director of Anson County Chamber of Commerce, director of Uptown Wadesboro, Inc., member of Wadesboro Rotary Club, and the Personnel Committee of First Baptist Church, Wadesboro.

He has extensive experience in real estate development and small business management.

Mr. Scarborough has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2004 and the subsidiary bank board of Anson Bank & Trust Co. since 2008. He has served as Chairman of the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board of Directors since 2009 and is an ex-officio member of all committees.

S. Todd Swaringen

Mr. Swaringen is a certified public accountant and partner with Beane Swaringen & Company, PLLC. He joined Cynthia H. Beane, CPA, in 1998 as a staff accountant and became a partner in the firm in January of 2006. The firm currently operates offices in Albemarle and Locust, NC, serving tax and accounting needs for small businesses, individuals, not-for-profit entities, estates and trusts. During peak times, the staff includes twelve, of which five are certified public accountants.

Mr. Swaringen earned a Bachelor of Science degree in accounting from the University of North Carolina at Wilmington. He is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Swaringen is past Chairman of the Stanly County Chamber of Commerce, Chairman of the Stanly Regional Medical Center Foundation Board, and member of the Albemarle Rotary Club. He is immediate past Chairman of the United Way of Stanly County Board of Directors. Mr. Swaringen is also an active member of his church.

He has extensive experience in personal and business income taxation. He enjoys working with his clients both to navigate existing tax law and to update them on new legislation that could impact their future returns.

Mr. Swaringen has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2010. He serves on the Examining Committee.

Edward B. Tyson, Ed.D.

Dr. Tyson is the retired superintendent for the Kannapolis City Schools in Kannapolis, NC. Since his retirement in 2001, he has been an adjunct professor in the Department of Educational Leadership Graduate Program at the University of North Carolina at Charlotte and has been a consultant with the firm Leadership Group for the Carolinas.

Dr. Tyson earned a Bachelor's degree from Pfeiffer University (Misenheimer, NC), a Masters degree from the University of Georgia, and a Doctorate degree from Duke University (Durham, NC) in Educational Administration. Throughout his career, he has been a teacher, principal, associate superintendent and superintendent. He has been named Educator of the Year by six separate organizations including Superintendent of the Year by fellow superintendents of the Charlotte, NC area. He was also honored by the UNC Charlotte Department of Educational Leadership and alumni group as Professional Educator of the Year. He has served as chairman of the South Piedmont Educational Consortium, the Regional Superintendent's Council, and the Southern Association of Colleges and School's Elementary and Middle School Commission.

Dr. Tyson's community involvement includes leadership in many organizations such as the Kannapolis Rotary Club where he served as President, is a Paul Harris Fellow and received the Distinguished Rotarian Award. He has also served on the CMC-NorthEast Medical Center Foundation Board, Kannapolis Education Foundation Board, Coltrane Life Center Board, Kannapolis History Associates and various leadership roles in his church. He has twice served as campaign chairman of the Cabarrus County United Way.

Dr. Tyson has extensive experience and expertise in leadership development, communications, public relations, strategic planning, team building, and community involvement.

He has served on the Uwharrie Capital Corp Board since 2009 and the subsidiary bank board of Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company since 2003. He serves on the Nominating Committee and the Human Resources & Compensation Committee.

Director Independence

Each member of the Company's Board of Directors and each nominee for election to the Board is "independent" as defined by NASDAQ listing standards and by the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). In making this determination the Board considered any material insider transactions between directors or nominees for director and the Company or its subsidiaries. All such transactions were conducted at arm's length upon terms no less favorable than those that would be available from an independent third party.

Director Relationships

No director is a director of any other company with a class of securities registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act or subject to the requirements of Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, or any company registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Meetings and Committees of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company held seven (7) regular meetings during 2010. Each director attended 75% or more of the aggregate number of meetings of the Board of Directors and of any committees on which he or she served, except Susan J. Rourke and Edward B. Tyson, each of whom attended fewer than 75% of such meetings due to prior commitments.

It is the policy of the Company that directors attend each annual meeting and any special meetings of the Company's shareholders. Seventeen (17) of the Company's eighteen (18) directors attended the 2010 annual meeting of shareholders.

The Company's Board of Directors has several standing committees, including a Human Resources & Compensation Committee, a Nominating Committee and an Examining (Audit) Committee.

Human Resources & Compensation Committee. The current members of the Human Resources & Compensation Committee are Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr. – Chairman, W. Kenneth Huntley, Lee Roy Lookabill, Jr., W. Chester Lowder, Barry S. Moose, Susan J. Rourke, and Edward B. Tyson. All members of the Human Resources & Compensation Committee are independent directors. The Human Resources & Compensation Committee reviews the compensation process for the Company and its subsidiaries to ensure it is consistent with corporate and board policy. The Human Resources & Compensation Committee serves as the catalyst for the development of compensation related recommendations for all officers of the Company and its subsidiaries and meets with representatives of the Company and each subsidiary to develop recommendations and input into the overall budget process for the Company. Each

individual member of the Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for final decisions pertaining to compensation; however, this Committee makes recommendations to the various Boards based upon overall Company policy. The Human Resources & Compensation Committee met three (3) times during 2010.

The Human Resources & Compensation Committee meets on an as needed basis to review the salaries and compensation programs required to attract and retain the Company's executive officers and those of its subsidiaries. The Committee participates in the budget process by recommending salary levels for executive and senior officers to be approved by the respective Boards of Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Committee makes recommendations to each of the Boards of Directors regarding the compensation of executive and senior officers with the respective Boards of Directors ultimately determining such compensation. The salary of each of the Company's executive and senior officers is determined based upon the officer's experience, managerial effectiveness, contribution to the Company's overall profitability, maintenance of regulatory compliance standards and professional leadership. The Committee also compares the compensation of the Company's executive and senior officers with compensation paid to executives of similarly situated bank holding companies, other businesses in the Company's market area and appropriate state and national salary data.

Under regulations applicable to the Company as a result of its participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Capital Purchase Program, the Human Resources & Compensation Committee is required to meet on a semi-annual basis to review and approve the Uwharrie Capital Corp Compensation Policy and Guidelines and provide a certification of the review and approval. The Human Resources & Compensation Committee has adopted a formal charter, which is included as Exhibit B to this proxy statement.

Nominating Committee. The current members of the Nominating Committee are Timothy J. Propst – Chairman, W. Stephen Aldridge, III, Ronald T. Burleson, Charles D. Horne, W. Kenneth Huntley, W. Chester Lowder, Susan J. Rourke and Edward B. Tyson. The members of the Nominating Committee recommended the seven (7) nominees for election to the Board of Directors at the Annual Meeting and appointed Cynthia L. Mynatt to fill a vacancy on the Board of Directors in November 2010. The Nominating Committee did not meet independently during 2010.

The Company does not have a formal diversity policy in effect relative to the Director Nomination Process; however, the Nominating Committee considers diversity of race, gender, national origin, professional experience, skill, education, differences of viewpoint, leadership and involvement in the community, and other individual qualities and attributes that contribute to board heterogeneity. Since the Company's inception, its rotating Board of Directors has been comprised of everyday people from all walks of life and expertise who represent the various constituents and needs for financial services of the communities we serve. The Nominating Committee actively seeks individuals who the Committee determines meet such criteria and standards for recommendation to the Board as nominees.

Recommendations of nominee candidates by shareholders for the 2012 annual meeting should be submitted in writing to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company by December 1, 2011, and should be accompanied by a statement of each candidate's qualifications and willingness to serve as a director. In order to stand for election to the Board of Directors, nominees must have economic,

business or residential ties to one or more of the Company's market areas and must be in compliance with the Company's Policy Statement and Guidelines for Uwharrie Capital Corp Stock Ownership by Directors. A copy of the Policy Statement may be obtained free of charge upon written request made to the Secretary of the Company. The Nominating Committee has adopted a formal charter, which is included as Exhibit C to this proxy statement.

Examining Committee. The current members of the Examining Committee are Joe S. Brooks – Chairman, W. Stephen Aldridge, III, (also serves as Bank of Stanly's representative), Ronald T. Burlison, Bill C. Burnside, Charles F. Geschickter, III, Thomas M. Hearne, Jr., Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr., and S. Todd Swaringen. Additionally, Emmett S. Patterson and Susan J. Smith, who are directors of Anson Bank & Trust Co. and Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company, respectively, also serve as members of the Committee. The members of the Examining Committee are both "independent" and "financially literate" under applicable standards. The Board of Directors has determined that S. Todd Swaringen, meets the requirements of the SEC for qualification as an "audit committee financial expert." An audit committee financial expert is defined as a person who has the following attributes: (i) an understanding of generally accepted accounting principles and financial statements; (ii) the ability to assess the general application of GAAP in connection with the accounting for estimates, accruals and reserves; (iii) experience preparing, auditing, analyzing or evaluating financial statements that are of the same level of complexity that can be expected in the reporting company's financial statements, or experience supervising people engaged in such activities; (iv) an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting; and (v) an understanding of audit committee functions.

The Examining Committee met six (6) times in 2010. The Report of the Examining Committee is included on page 32 of this proxy statement. The Examining Committee has adopted a formal charter, which is included as Exhibit A to this proxy statement.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

The Company's Board of Directors is comprised of three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms and includes several standing committees, the responsibilities and membership of which are described above. The Chairman of the Board is a rotating office and overall terms of directors are subject to term limits. The Company's Chief Executive Officer is not a member of the Board of Directors. The Company has determined that this leadership structure is appropriate given the Company's organizational structure, core values and the business activities of its subsidiaries.

Under North Carolina law, the Board of Directors is responsible for managing the business and affairs of the Company, including the oversight of risks that could affect the Company. Although the full board has responsibility for the general oversight of risks, it primarily conducts its risk oversight function through committees, including the examining committee and the human resources & compensation committee, as described above, as well as other committees, including the Banks' Loan Committees, the Special Assets Division, the Enterprise Risk Management Committee, Senior Risk Management Committee, and the Information Technology Committee.

During 2010, the Company established the Enterprise Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors and Senior Risk Management Committee. The Enterprise Risk Management

Committee is a formal risk management structure designed to anticipate and deal with uncertainties that have the capacity to positively, or negatively, influence the creation of value for the Company on an enterprise level. In establishing this committee, the Board of Directors wished to augment, rather than replace, the Company's existing risk management practices. The Enterprise Risk Management Committee is comprised of three to five independent directors, plus the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Risk Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Marketing Officer. The Company has also established a Senior Risk Management Committee. This committee is a management level committee intended to augment the Company's existing risk management practices and support the Board of Director's Enterprise Risk Management Committee in its role. The Senior Risk Management Committee's role is to develop tools and methodologies across all business units and subsidiaries to identify, assess, and evaluate risk stemming from strategy, operations, credit, market & interest rates, and reputation.

Each of the Company's subsidiary banks has a Loan Committee comprised of executive management and Bank directors which meet monthly. Loan Committees are charged with making decisions on loan requests that exceed loan officer lending authority levels. The process includes participation in active discussion regarding the loans under consideration, including loan structure and risk tolerance. Loans that exceed the Loan Committee's authority, along with insider loans, are recommended for approval to the respective Bank Board of Directors for further action. Each Loan Committee is also responsible for reviewing certain reports presented by Credit Administration to include asset quality reports to manage loan delinquency, non-performing assets, charge-offs and classified loans. In addition, each Loan Committee reviews exceptions for policy, documentation and loan-to-value along with the commercial real estate concentration reports and allowance of loan losses and lease methodology and quarterly calculations. Reports of activity for the subsidiary banks' Loan Committees are made to the subsidiary banks' Boards of Directors monthly.

The Special Assets Division ("SAD"), is an internal management committee comprised of executive management and members from credit administration which meet weekly. These meetings are sometimes attended by the Bank lending staff members. The SAD committee reviews loan requests for relationships that exceed \$500,000 in exposure to review for structure and repayment terms, underwriting, collateral, and risk grading. While SAD does not have formal loan authority, it will make recommendations regarding these loan relationships which are presented to the respective Bank Loan Committee. SAD reviews the annual loan reviews prepared by Credit Administration for loan relationships with exposure of \$1 million and greater. SAD also reviews loans and relationships that are potential problems, loans that are in or proceeding into foreclosure/collection status and other special circumstances as presented by loan officers of the banks.

Given the important role of information technology in the Company's operations and customer service, the board has established an information technology committee to monitor risks associated with our information technology systems and to policies and procedures for information security.

Information security is the process by which an organization protects and secures its systems, media, and facilities that process and maintains information vital to its operations. Protection of information assets is necessary to establish and maintain trust between a financial

institution and its customers, maintain compliance with the law, and protect the reputation of the institution. Timely and reliable information is necessary to process transactions and support financial institution and customer decisions.

The security of the company's systems and information is essential to its safety and soundness and to the privacy of customer financial information. These security programs must have strong board and senior management level support, integration of security activities and controls throughout the organization's business processes, and clear accountability for carrying out security responsibilities.

A financial institution establishes and maintains truly effective information security when it continuously integrates processes, people, and technology to mitigate risk in accordance with risk assessment and acceptable risk tolerance levels. The company protects its information by instituting a security process that identifies risks, forms a strategy to manage the risks, implements the strategy, tests the implementation, and monitors the environment to control the risks. Risk management practices should promote effective, safe, and sound IT operations that ensure the continuity of operations and the reliability and availability of data.

The information technology committee also provides reports to the Examining (Audit) Committee.

Director Compensation

During 2010, each director received a fee of \$200 for each Board of Directors meeting attended and \$100 for attendance at each meeting of a committee. Directors also received an allowance for travel associated with their attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees and reimbursement of expenses for director education conferences.

The following table presents a summary of all compensation earned by the Company's directors for their service as such during the year ended December 31, 2010.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION TABLE

<u>Name</u>	<u>Fees Earned</u> or <u>Paid in Cash</u>	<u>Stock</u> <u>Awards</u>	<u>Option</u> <u>Awards</u>	<u>All Other</u> <u>Compensation</u> ⁽²⁾	<u>Total</u>
	W. Stephen Aldridge, III	\$ 1,700	--	--	\$ 408
Joe S. Brooks	2,400	--	--	160	2,560
Ronald T. Burlison	1,400	--	--	80	1,480
Bill C. Burnside	1,600	--	--	100	1,700
Charles F. Geschickter, III	1,200	--	--	80	1,280
Thomas M. Hearne, Jr.	2,400	--	--	320	2,720
Charles D. Horne	1,000	--	--	375	1,375
W. Kenneth Huntley	1,400	--	--	450	1,850
Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr.	2,500	--	--	330	2,830
Lee Roy Lookabill, Jr.	1,400	--	--	450	1,850
W. Chester Lowder	1,400	--	--	70	1,470
Barry S. Moose	1,200	--	--	70	1,270
Timothy J. Propst	1,600	--	--	300	1,900
Susan J. Rourke	1,000	--	--	180	1,180
Donald P. Scarborough	1,800	--	--	540	2,340
John W. Shealy, Jr. ⁽¹⁾	1,400	--	--	270	1,670
S. Todd Swaringen	1,600	--	--	80	1,680
Edward B. Tyson	1,200	--	--	180	1,380

(1) Mr. Shealy resigned from the Board of Directors on November 15, 2010.

(2) Consists of a travel allowance for attendance at Board of Directors and committee meetings and reimbursement of expenses for director education conference.

Executive Officers

The following table contains information about the executive officers of the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries.

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Position with the Company and/ or Subsidiary and Prior Experience</u>	<u>Employed Since</u>
Roger L. Dick (59)	President and Chief Executive Officer, Uwharrie Capital Corp	1983
Brendan P. Duffey (62)	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Uwharrie Capital Corp; formerly, Vice President and General Manager, Global Knowledge Network, Inc., 1999 – 2004	2004
Robert O. Bratton (62)	Chief Financial Officer, Uwharrie Capital Corp; formerly Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer FNB United 2006-2007; Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, First Charter Corp., 1974 – 2005	2008
Barbara S. Williams (67)	Executive Vice President and Controller, Uwharrie Capital Corp	1995
Christy D. Stoner (46)	President and Chief Executive Officer of The Strategic Alliance Corporation and BOS Agency, Inc.; Chief Executive Officer, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc.; Executive Vice President of Marketing, Uwharrie Capital Corp	1991
Jeffrey M. Talley (37)	President, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc.	1997
W. D. “Bill” Lawhon, Jr. (59)	President and Chief Executive Officer, Bank of Stanly; formerly, Senior Vice President, First Citizens Bank, 1990 – 2002	2002
Dana A. Maness (41)	President, Anson Bank & Trust Co.; Formerly, Assistant Vice President, BB&T, 2002-2005, Assistant Vice President, The Fidelity Bank 1995-2002	2005
Patricia K. Horton (59)	President and Chief Executive Officer, Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company; formerly, Senior Vice President, First Charter Bank, 1972 - 2004	2004

Executive Compensation

The following Summary Compensation Table shows all cash and non-cash compensation paid to, received by or deferred by Roger L. Dick, Brendan P. Duffey, Robert O. Bratton, Barbara S. Williams, Christy D. Stoner, W.D. “Bill” Lawhon, Jr., Dana A. Maness, Patricia K. Horton and Jeffrey M. Talley (the “Named Executive Officers”) for services rendered in all capacities during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. Compensation paid to the Named Executive Officers consisted of cash salary, bonus, equity compensation in the form of incentive stock option awards, 401(k) matching contributions, insurance premiums paid on behalf of each of the Named Executive Officers, commission-based compensation and certain perquisites. The following table summarizes the dollar amounts of each element of compensation and for incentive stock options, the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 718 issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. None of the Named Executive Officers received perquisites in an aggregate amount exceeding \$10,000 during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

<u>Name and Principal Position</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Salary⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Bonus</u>	<u>Option Awards</u>	<u>Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation⁽³⁾</u>	<u>Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings</u>	<u>All Other Compensation^(4,5)</u>	<u>Total</u>
Roger L. Dick, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company	2010	\$ 248,455	\$ --	--	\$ --	\$ 125,000	\$ 28,551	\$ 402,006
	2009	238,899	--	--	5,972	125,000	27,730	397,601
Brendan P. Duffey, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company	2010	226,685	--	--	2,834	98,500	23,702	351,721
	2009	217,966	--	--	5,449	98,500	40,507	362,422
Robert O. Bratton, Chief Financial Officer of the Company	2010	110,430	--	--	1,350	--	12,597	124,377
	2009	108,000	--	--	2,700	--	11,504	122,204
Barbara S. Williams, Executive Vice President and Controller of the Company	2010	99,585	--	--	3,217	--	12,282	115,084
	2009	97,394	--	--	2,435	--	11,586	111,415
Christy D. Stoner, President and Chief Executive Officer of The Strategic Alliance Corporation and BOS Agency, Inc.; Chief Executive Officer, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc.; Executive Vice President of Marketing of the Company	2010	152,376	--	--	2,007	43,000	49,855	247,238
	2009	146,100	--	--	3,652	43,300	46,143	239,195
Jeffrey M. Talley, President, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc.	2010	83,174	--	--	1,017	--	98,849	183,040
	2009	81,344	--	--	2,034	--	85,658	169,036
W. D. "Bill" Lawhon, Jr., President and Chief Executive Officer, Bank of Stanly	2010	138,323	--	--	4,551	--	18,628	161,502
	2009	133,779	--	--	3,344	--	19,720	156,843
Dana A. Maness, ⁽¹⁾ President, Anson Bank & Trust Co.	2010	97,376	--	--	3,186	--	11,655	112,217
	2009	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Patricia K. Horton President and Chief Executive Officer, Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company	2010	130,053	--	--	4,389	--	18,882	153,324
	2009	127,191	--	--	3,180	--	17,887	148,258

(1) Mr. Maness was appointed as President of Anson Bank & Trust Company on January 1, 2010.

(2) Includes amounts deferred at the officers' election pursuant to the company's Section 401(k).

- (3) The Company maintained an incentive plan under which, at the end of each calendar quarter, each of certain officers and employees are eligible to receive a cash bonus equal to 5.0% of their quarterly salary, if the Company's financial performance for that quarter equaled or exceeded budgeted amounts.
- (4) Includes 401(k) matching contributions and the dollar value of certain insurance premiums paid on behalf of the named officers for group term life and disability insurance. Also includes Company contributions allocated to each of the officers under the Company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan and, to the extent applicable, payments made pursuant to commission or revenue sharing arrangements.
- (5) Includes moving expenses per the Relocation Assistance Agreement dated February 27, 2009 for Brendan P. Duffey.

Stock Options and Incentives

At the 2006 annual meeting, the shareholders of the Company approved the Uwharrie Capital Corp 2006 Incentive Stock Option Plan. The 2006 Incentive Stock Option Plan provides for the issuance of up to 154,971 shares (as adjusted for stock dividends) of the Company's common stock to officers and other full-time "key employees" of the Company and its subsidiaries upon the exercise of incentive stock options meeting the qualifications of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Shareholders also approved the Uwharrie Capital Corp 2006 Employee Stock Purchase Plan at the 2006 annual meeting. The Employee Stock Purchase Plan provides for the grant of purchase options of up to 103,234 shares of the Company's common stock upon the exercise of purchase options meeting the qualifications of Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code.

No incentive stock options or purchase options were granted to the Named Executive Officers during 2010 and 2009.

The following table sets forth information regarding vested and unvested incentive stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2010. All of the Company's outstanding stock options have been granted at 100% of fair market value on the date of grant. The number of shares underlying all outstanding stock options, and the exercise prices associated with each option grant, have been adjusted for the effect of annual 3% stock dividends.

The Company has not adopted any plan providing for the grant of restricted stock or long-term compensation units to employees and, accordingly, all columns in the following table pertaining to restricted stock or long-term compensation have been omitted.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

<u>Name</u>	<u>No. of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable</u>	<u>No. of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options</u>	<u>Equity Incentive Plan Awards; No. of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options</u>	<u>Option Exercise Price</u>	<u>Option Expiration Date</u>
Roger L. Dick	--	--	--	\$ --	--
Brendan P. Duffey	80,133	--	--	5.35	May 19, 2014
Robert. O. Bratton	--	--	--	--	--
Barbara S. Williams	--	--	--	--	--
Christy D. Stoner	--	--	--	--	--
Jeffrey M. Talley	--	--	--	--	--
Dana A. Maness	--	--	--	--	--
W. D. "Bill" Lawhon, Jr.	29,851	--	--	4.61	Nov. 19, 2012
Patricia K. Horton	--	--	--	--	--

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

The Uwharrie Capital Corp Employee Stock Ownership Plan and Trust ("ESOP") became effective on January 1, 1999. Under the ESOP, all associates who were employed by the Company or any of its direct or indirect subsidiaries for at least 1,000 hours during a given plan year and who have attained the age of 18 are eligible to participate. All ESOP participants who were employed by the Company or any of its direct or indirect subsidiaries prior to January 1, 2007 are fully vested in their ESOP accounts. Participants who were hired on or after January 1, 2007 are subject to a three-year cliff vesting schedule with respect to their ESOP accounts. Pursuant to the ESOP, 498,253 dividend-adjusted shares are held in trust, with Robert O. Bratton, Roger L. Dick, Brendan P. Duffey, David C. Gaskin, Susan B. Gibson, J. Michael Massey, Christy D. Stoner, and Barbara S. Williams serving as trustees.

Supplemental Retirement Plan

The Company has implemented a non-qualifying deferred compensation plan for certain executive officers. Certain of the plan benefits will accrue and vest during the period of employment, and can be paid in one lump sum payment or will be paid in fixed monthly benefit payments for up to ten years commencing with the officer's retirement at any time after attainment of the age specified in the officer's plan agreement. The plan also provides for payment of death benefits and for payment of disability benefits in the event the officer becomes permanently disabled prior to attainment of retirement age.

Effective December 31, 2008, this plan was amended and restated to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. The participants' account liability balances were transferred

into a trust fund, where investments can be participant-directed. The plan is structured as a defined contribution plan and the Company's expected annual funding contribution for the participant has been calculated through the participant's expected retirement date. Under terms of the agreement, the Company has reserved the absolute right, at its sole discretion, to either fund or refrain from funding the plan. The plan also provides for payment of death benefits and for payment of disability benefits in the event the officer becomes permanently disabled prior to attainment of retirement age.

PENSION BENEFITS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>No. of Years of Credited Service</u>	<u>Accumulated Benefit</u>	<u>Payments During Last Fiscal Year</u>
Roger L. Dick	Sup. Exec Retirement	27	\$ 674,244	-0-
Brendan P. Duffey	Sup. Exec. Retirement	6	444,190	-0-
Robert O. Bratton	--	--	-0-	-0-
Barbara S. Williams	--	--	-0-	-0-
Christy D. Stoner	Sup. Exec. Retirement	19	226,537	-0-
Jeffrey M. Talley	--	--	-0-	-0-
Dana A. Maness	--	--	-0-	-0-
W. D. "Bill" Lawhon, Jr.	--	--	-0-	-0-
Patricia K. Horton	--	--	-0-	-0-

The Company has purchased life insurance policies on certain of its executive officers. The Company has entered into Endorsement Method Split-Dollar Plan Agreements (the "Split-Dollar Agreements") with Roger L. Dick and Christy D. Stoner. Under the terms of the Split-Dollar Agreements, the proceeds from each policy are divided between the Company and the executive, with the executive's designated beneficiary receiving 85% of the difference between the total proceeds of the policy and the policy's cash value. As of December 31, 2010, the survivor's benefit for the named beneficiaries of Mr. Dick, Mr. Duffey and Ms. Stoner under these life insurance policies was \$2,592,506, \$1,000,000 and \$1,034,849 respectively.

Restrictions on Executive Compensation

The Company is a participant in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's TARP Capital Purchase Program. On December 23, 2008, the Company issued and sold to the Treasury shares of its preferred stock and a warrant to purchase common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$10.0 million in cash. In connection with the Treasury's investment, the Company is required to place limitations on the compensation of its senior executive officers, applicable in certain situations. In that regard, each of Messrs. Dick, Duffey, Bratton and Talley and Ms. Stoner executed a waiver whereby the executive voluntarily released the Company from any and all obligations to pay compensation prohibited by federal law and waived any present or future claims

against the Company for any changes to the executive's regular, bonus or incentive compensation or benefit-related arrangements, agreements, or policies and any other changes required to be made by the Treasury. These officers have also entered into executive compensation modification agreements to ensure the Company's compliance with the laws and regulations governing the Company's participation in the TARP Capital Purchase Program. Furthermore, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 imposes additional restrictions on Mr. Dick as the Company's most highly compensated employee. Specifically, the Company is prohibited from paying or accruing any bonus, retention award or incentive compensation to Mr. Dick during the time the Treasury holds its investment in the Company.

Transactions with Management

The Bank of Stanly, Anson Bank & Trust Co., Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company and The Strategic Alliance Corporation have had, and expect to have in the future, transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of the directors and executive officers and their associates of the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries. All loans included in such transactions were made on substantially the same terms, including interest rates, repayment terms and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons, and do not involve more than the normal risk of collectibility or present other unfavorable features.

Loans made by the Company's bank subsidiaries to directors and executive officers are subject to the requirements of Regulation O of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Regulation O requires, among other things, prior approval of the Board of Directors with any "interested director" not participating, dollar limitations on amounts of certain loans and prohibits any favorable treatment being extended to any director or executive officer in any of the Bank's lending matters. To the best knowledge of the management of the Company and its bank subsidiaries, Regulation O has been complied with in its entirety.

PROPOSAL 2: ADVISORY VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (“ARRA”) was enacted on February 17, 2009. This law requires that any proxy statement for an annual meeting of the shareholders of any participant in the U.S. Department of the Treasury’s TARP Capital Purchase Program include a separate proposal in its proxy statement for a non-binding shareholder vote on the compensation paid to its executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC. This “say on pay” proposal is required during the period in which any obligation arising as a result of participation under the TARP Capital Purchase Program remains outstanding.

Accordingly, our Board of Directors has proposed the following resolution for shareholder consideration:

Resolved, that the compensation paid or provided to executive officers of Uwharrie Capital Corp (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries, and the Company’s and its subsidiaries’ executive compensation policies and practices, as described in the tabular and narrative compensation disclosures contained in the Company’s proxy statement for its 2011 Annual Meeting, hereby are ratified and approved.

As provided in ARRA, the vote by our shareholders will be a non-binding, advisory vote. The vote will not be binding on our Board of Directors or our Human Resources & Compensation Committee and will not overrule or affect any previous action or decision by the Board or Committee or any compensation previously paid or awarded, and it will not create or imply any additional duty on the part of the Board or Committee. However, the Board and the Human Resources & Compensation Committee will take the voting results on the proposed resolution into account when considering future executive compensation matters.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS BELIEVES THAT THE COMPANY’S EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION POLICIES AND PRACTICES ARE ALIGNED WITH OUR SHAREHOLDERS’ INTERESTS AND RECOMMENDS THAT SHAREHOLDERS VOTE “FOR” RATIFICATION OF THE RESOLUTION REGARDING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

AUDIT FEES

The Company has paid Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP (formerly known as Dixon Hughes PLLC until March 31, 2011 and consummated a merger effective April 1, 2011 that changed the name to Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP and all references have been changed to the updated Firm name) fees in connection with its assistance in the Company’s annual audit and review of the Company’s financial statements. The Company also engages Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP to provide other attest and audit related services. The following table sets forth the fees paid to Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP in various categories in 2010 and 2009. The change in audit fees reflected additional audit services related to the new allowance model. The changes in audit related fees were related to new SEC examination requirements applicable to our Registered Investment Advisory Company, Strategic Investment Advisors.

All services rendered by Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP during 2010 and 2009 were subject to pre-approval by the Examining Committee.

The following table sets forth the fees paid to Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP in various categories in 2010 and 2009.

<u>Category</u>	<u>Amount Paid 2010</u>	<u>Amount Paid 2009</u>
Audit Fees: Audits of annual consolidated financial statements and reviews of interim financial statements	\$ 152,234	\$ 128,600
Audit-Related Fees: Attest services related to benefit plans and routine accounting consultations and SAS 70 and RIA exam procedures	67,756	32,291
Tax Services: Corporate tax compliance and tax-related advisory services	22,650	27,725
All Other Fees:	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Total Fees Paid:	<u>\$ 242,640</u>	<u>\$ 188,616</u>

Report of the Examining Committee

The Examining Committee of the Company is responsible for receiving and reviewing the annual audit report of the Company's independent auditors and reports of examinations by bank regulatory agencies, and helps formulate, implement, and review the Company's and its subsidiaries' internal audit programs. The Examining Committee assesses the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditors and recommends their appointment and retention. The Examining Committee has in place pre-approval policies and procedures that involve an assessment of the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditors, an evaluation of any conflicts of interest that may impair the independence of the independent auditors and pre-approval of an engagement letter that outlines all services to be rendered by the independent auditors.

During the course of its oversight of the Company's audit process in 2010, the Examining Committee reviewed and discussed the audited consolidated financial statements with management. The Examining Committee, prior to approving the consolidated financial statements for inclusion in the Company's Form 10-K, also discussed with the independent auditors, Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP, all matters required to be discussed by the auditing standards as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T. Furthermore, the Examining Committee received from Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP disclosures regarding their independence and discussed such information with Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP.

Based on the review and discussions above, the Examining Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited consolidated financial statements be included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for filing with the SEC.

The Examining Committee has considered whether the principal accountant's provision of other non-audit services to the Company is compatible with maintaining the independence of

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP. The Examining Committee has determined that it is compatible with maintaining the independence of Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP.

This report is submitted by the Examining Committee:

Joe S. Brooks – Chairman
W. Stephen Aldridge, III (also serves as Bank of Stanly representative)
Ronald T. Burlison
Bill C. Burnside
Charles F. Geschickter, III
Thomas M. Hearne, Jr.
Joseph R. Kluttz, Jr.
Emmett S. Patterson (Anson Bank & Trust Co. representative)
Susan J. Smith (Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company representative)
S. Todd Swaringen

OTHER MATTERS

The Board of Directors knows of no other business that will be brought before the Annual Meeting. Should other matters properly be presented for action at the Annual Meeting, the Proxies, or their substitutes, will be authorized to vote shares represented by appointments of proxy according to their best judgment.

PROPOSALS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Any proposal of a shareholder which is intended to be presented at the Company's 2012 Annual Meeting must be received by the Company at its main office in Albemarle, North Carolina, no later than December 12, 2011, to be considered timely received for inclusion in the proxy statement and appointment of proxy to be distributed in connection with that meeting. If a proposal for the 2012 annual meeting is not expected to be included in the proxy statement for that meeting, the proposal must be received by the Company by February 23, 2012 for it to be timely received for consideration. The Company will use its discretionary authority for any proposals received thereafter.

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS

The Company does not currently have a formal policy regarding shareholder communications with the Board of Directors, however, any shareholder may submit written communications to the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Uwharrie Capital Corp, P.O. Box 338, Albemarle, North Carolina 28002-0338, whereupon such communications will be forwarded to the Board of Directors if addressed to the Board of Directors as a group or to the individual director or directors addressed.

INTERNET AND ELECTRONIC AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS

As required by applicable SEC rules and regulations, the Company has furnished a notice of internet availability of proxy materials to all shareholders as part of this proxy statement and all shareholders will have the ability to access this proxy statement and the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 as filed with the SEC, by logging on at www.uwharrie.com/vote.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A COPY OF THE COMPANY'S 2010 ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K WILL BE PROVIDED WITHOUT CHARGE TO ANY SHAREHOLDER ENTITLED TO VOTE AT THE ANNUAL MEETING UPON THAT SHAREHOLDER'S WRITTEN REQUEST. REQUESTS FOR COPIES SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO TAMARA M. SINGLETARY, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT – INVESTOR RELATIONS AND CORPORATE SECRETARY, P.O. BOX 338, ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA 28002-0338.

**Uwharrie Capital Corp
Examining Committee Charter**

Organization

There shall be a committee of the Board of Directors to be known as the Examining Committee. The Examining Committee shall be composed of directors who are independent of the management of the Company and are free of any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, would interfere with their exercise of independent judgment as a committee member. The Company shall strive to have all its Examining Committee members meet the requirements for independence set forth in the NASDAQ listing rules. Members of the Examining Committee shall be financially literate or become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after appointment to the Examining Committee and at least one member shall have accounting, related financial management expertise, or other comparable experience or background that results in the individual's financial sophistication.

Statement of Policy

The Examining Committee shall provide assistance to the corporate directors in fulfilling their responsibility to the shareholders, potential shareholders, and investment community relating to corporate accounting, reporting practices of the Company, and the quality and integrity of the financial reports and other operating controls of the Company. In so doing, it is the responsibility of the Examining Committee to maintain free and open means of communication between the directors, the independent auditors, the internal auditors, the financial management and other employees of the Company.

Responsibilities

In carrying out its responsibilities, the Examining Committee believes its policies and procedures should remain flexible, in order to best react to changing conditions and to ensure to the directors and shareholders that the corporate accounting and reporting practices and other operating controls of the Company are of high quality and are in accordance with all requirements.

In carrying out these responsibilities, the Examining Committee will:

- Select, evaluate, and where appropriate, replace the independent auditors to audit the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. In doing so, obtain the written disclosures and the letter from the independent auditor required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent auditor's communications with the Examination Committee concerning independence, and discuss with the auditors the auditors' independence. The independent auditors are to be accountable to the Board of Directors and the Examining Committee, as representatives of the shareholders.
- Review the scope of the audit and the audit procedures utilized.
- Review with the independent auditors, the internal auditor and the Company's financial and accounting personnel the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls of the Company. Emphasis should be given to the adequacy of such internal controls to expose any payments, transactions, or procedures that might be deemed illegal or otherwise improper.
- Provide sufficient opportunity for the independent auditors to meet with the members of the Examining Committee without members of management present. Among the items to be discussed in these meetings are the independent auditors' evaluation of the Company's financial, accounting,

and auditing personnel, and the cooperation that the independent auditors received during the course of the audit.

- Be available to the independent auditors during the year for consultation purposes.
- Discuss with the independent auditors the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as may be modified or supplemented.
- Review with management and the independent accountants the Company's financial disclosure documents, including all annual and quarterly financial statements and reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or sent to stockholders. Following the satisfactory completion of each year-end review, recommend to the Board the inclusion of the audited financial statements in the Company's filing on Form 10-K. The year-end review shall include any significant problems and material disputes between management and the independent accountants and a discussion with the independent accountants out of management's presence of the quality of the Company's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting, the clarity of the Company's financial disclosures and degree of aggressiveness or conservatism of the Company's accounting principles and underlying estimates, and a frank and open discussion of other significant decisions made by management in, preparing the financial disclosure. With respect to the independent accountants' reviews of quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, communication from the independent accountants may be received on behalf of the Examining Committee by the Committee Chair, who will report thereon to the full Examining Committee at its next meeting.
- Review the internal audit function of the Company including the independence and authority of its reporting obligations, the proposed audit plans for the coming year, and the coordination of such plans with the independent auditors.
- Receive reports or summaries of findings from completed internal audits, together with management responses, and monitor progress of the proposed internal audit plan, with explanations for any deviations from the original plan.
- Prepare the reports required by the laws, rules, and regulations of the applicable regulatory authorities to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.
- Submit the minutes of all meetings of the Examining Committee to, or discuss the matters discussed at each committee meeting with, the Board of Directors.
- Investigate any matter brought to its attention within the scope of its duties, with the power to retain outside counsel for this purpose if, in its judgment, that is appropriate.

While the Examining Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Examining Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This is the responsibility of management and the independent auditor. Nor is it the duty of the Examining Committee to conduct investigations, to resolve disagreements, if any, between management and the independent auditor or to assure compliance with laws and regulations.

Uwharrie Capital Corp
Human Resources and Compensation Committee Charter

Purpose

The Human Resources & Compensation Committee (the “Committee”) is appointed by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Uwharrie Capital Corp (the “Company”) to discharge the Board’s responsibilities relating to compensation of the Company’s directors and executive officers. The Committee has overall responsibility for establishing corporate goals and objectives relevant to determining director and executive officer compensation and for evaluating and approving or recommending for approval to the Board the director and officer compensation plans, policies and programs of the Company.

In discharging its responsibility, the Committee shall, on an annual basis: (i) review and report on the performance of the President and Chief Executive Officer (the “CEO”); (ii) review and recommend all elements and amounts of CEO compensation; (iii) review and recommend Board and committee compensation; (iv) approve compensation of other executive officers; and (v) review and recommend any management incentive compensation plans.

Committee Membership

The Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members, each of whom shall be a director of the Company. The composition of the Committee’s membership shall reflect each of the Company’s primary market areas of Stanly County, Anson County and Cabarrus County. Each member of the Committee shall: (i) be “independent” as defined by applicable rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and (ii) shall meet all other applicable legal requirements. The Committee will also consider the absence or presence of material relationships with the Company which might impact independence. Members shall be appointed and removed by the Board. A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

Operations

The Committee shall meet at least once a year. Additional meetings may occur as the Committee deems advisable. The Committee will cause to be kept adequate minutes of all its proceedings, and will report its actions to the next meeting of the Board. Board members will be furnished with copies of the minutes of each meeting and any action taken by unanimous consent. The Committee is governed by the same rules regarding meetings (including meetings by conference telephone or similar communications equipment), action without meetings, notice, waiver of notice, and quorum and voting requirements as are applicable to the Board.

Authority

The Committee shall have the resources and authority necessary to discharge its duties and responsibilities, including the authority to retain, as it deems appropriate and reasonably necessary, outside counsel or other experts or consultants at the Company’s sole expense. Any communications between the Committee and legal counsel in the course of obtaining legal advice will be considered privileged communications of the Company and the Committee will take all necessary steps to preserve the privileged nature of those communications.

The Committee, and each member of the Committee in his or her capacity as such, shall be entitled to rely, in good faith, on information, opinions, reports or statements, or other information prepared or

presented to them by (i) officers and other employees of the Company or its subsidiaries, whom such member believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented, and (ii) counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the member believes to be within the professional competence of such person.

Committee Responsibilities

The Committee shall set corporate goals and objectives relevant to director and executive officer compensation. In setting these goals and objectives, the Committee should consider, at a minimum, the Company's performance and relative stockholder return. The Committee shall annually review and evaluate the corporate goals and objectives and amend such goals in its discretion.

The Committee shall have the responsibility to review the performance of the CEO on an annual basis in light of the corporate goals and objectives. The Committee shall report its findings concerning the performance of the CEO to the Board, and shall make recommendations to the Board based on its findings.

The Committee shall have the responsibility to review all forms of compensation received by the CEO and the amounts thereof. The Committee shall also have the responsibility of recommending to the Board for approval any changes in form or amount of compensation received by the CEO.

The Committee shall have the responsibility of reviewing, and recommending for approval changes, if any, to, the compensation paid to Board members for their service on the Board and any committees thereof.

The Committee shall have the responsibility of approving the form and amount of compensation received by executive officers other than the CEO. The Committee may solicit and accept, reject or modify the recommendation of the CEO with respect to the compensation of other executive officers.

The Committee shall have the responsibility of reviewing any management incentive compensation plan, in effect or contemplated. The Committee shall also have the responsibility of recommending for approval the adoption of or any changes to any management incentive compensation plan. The Committee shall also be responsible for administering any incentive stock option plan adopted by the Company and approved by its shareholders. In reviewing incentive arrangements, the Committee shall consider any risk posed by such arrangements, and whether the incentive plans encourage participants to focus on proper goals and objectives.

The Committee shall make other reports to the Board when the Committee deems it appropriate or upon request of the Board. The Committee shall periodically review and update this Charter, as necessary, to ensure appropriate corporate governance.

Uwharrie Capital Corp
Nominating Committee Charter

Purpose

The Nominating Committee (the “Committee”) is appointed by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Uwharrie Capital Corp (the “Company”): (i) to assist the Board, on an annual basis, by identifying individuals qualified to become Board members, and to recommend to the Board the director nominees for the next meeting of shareholders at which directors are to be elected; (ii) to assist the Board in the event of any vacancy on the Board by identifying individuals qualified to become Board members, and to recommend to the Board qualified individuals to fill any such vacancy; and (iii) to recommend to the Board, on an annual basis, director nominees for each Board committee.

Committee Membership

The Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members, each of whom shall be a director of the Company. Each member of the Committee shall: (i) be “independent” as defined by applicable NASDAQ listing standards; and (ii) shall meet all other applicable legal requirements. The Committee will also consider the absence or presence of material relationships with the Company which might impact independence. Members shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Board, subject to Board approval. Committee members may be removed by the Board. A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

Operations

The Committee shall meet at least once a year. Additional meetings may occur as the Committee deems advisable. The Committee will cause to be kept adequate minutes of all its proceedings, and will report its actions to the next meeting of the Board. Committee members will be furnished with copies of the minutes of each meeting and any action taken by unanimous consent. The Committee is governed by the same rules regarding meetings (including meetings by conference telephone or similar communications equipment), action without meetings, notice, waiver of notice, and quorum and voting requirements as are applicable to the Board.

Authority

The Committee will have the resources and authority necessary to discharge its duties and responsibilities, including the authority to retain outside counsel or other experts or consultants, as it deems appropriate. Any communications between the Committee and legal counsel in the course of obtaining legal advice will be considered privileged communications of the Company and the Committee will take all necessary steps to preserve the privileged nature of those communications.

The Committee shall have the authority to retain and terminate any search firm to be used to identify director candidates and shall have sole authority to approve the search firm’s fees and other retention terms, at the Company’s expense.

The Committee, and each member of the Committee in his or her capacity as such, shall be entitled to rely, in good faith, on information, opinions, reports or statements, or other information prepared or presented to them by (i) officers and other associates of the Company or its subsidiaries, whom such

member believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented, (ii) counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the member believes to be within the professional competence of such person.

Committee Responsibilities

The Committee shall have the responsibility to develop and recommend criteria for the selection of new directors to the Board, which criteria shall include, but not be limited to, the criteria set forth in Article IV, Section 4 of the Company's bylaws. The Committee shall have the power to apply the standards imposed by all applicable federal laws and the underlying purpose and intent thereof in connection with such identification process.

When vacancies occur on the Board or otherwise at the direction of the Board, the Committee shall actively seek individuals whom the Committee determines meet such criteria and standards for recommendation to the Board as nominee(s).

The Committee shall recommend to the Board, on an annual basis, nominees for election as directors for the next annual meeting of shareholders.

The Committee shall make other reports to the Board when the Committee deems it appropriate or upon request of the Board.

Uwharrie Capital Corp

2010

ANNUAL REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

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UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Description of Business

Uwharrie Capital Corp (the "Company") is a North Carolina bank holding company. The Company was organized on July 1, 1993 to become the bank holding company for the Bank of Stanly ("Stanly"), a North Carolina commercial bank chartered on September 28, 1983, and its three wholly-owned subsidiaries, The Strategic Alliance Corporation, BOS Agency, Inc., and Gateway Mortgage, Inc., a mortgage origination company. The Company also owns two non-bank subsidiaries, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc., and Uwharrie Mortgage, Inc.

Stanly engages in retail and commercial banking, with six banking offices in Stanly County. Stanly provides a wide range of banking services including deposit accounts, commercial, consumer, home equity and residential mortgage loans, safe deposit boxes, and electronic banking services.

On January 19, 2000, the Company completed its acquisition of Anson BanCorp, Inc. and its subsidiary, Anson Savings Bank. The savings bank retained its North Carolina savings bank charter and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Uwharrie Capital Corp as Anson Bank & Trust Co. ("Anson") and provides financial services to customers through one banking office in Anson County.

On April 10, 2003, the Company capitalized a new wholly-owned subsidiary bank, Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company ("Cabarrus"), located in Concord, North Carolina. As of that date, Cabarrus purchased two branch offices located in Cabarrus County from Stanly to begin its operation. Cabarrus operates as a commercial bank and provides a full range of banking services.

The Company and its subsidiaries are located in Stanly County, Anson County and Cabarrus County. However, the Company intends to prudently expand its service area to include the entire Uwharrie Lakes Region of North Carolina.

Depository services offered by the subsidiary banks include personal and commercial checking, savings, money market, certificates of deposit accounts and individual retirement accounts, all tailored to meet customers' needs. The banks provide fixed and variable rate loans, which include mortgage, home equity, lines of credit, consumer and commercial loans. The banks also offer internet banking, mobile banking, and 24-hour telephone banking, providing customers the convenience of access to account information, rate information and accessibility of funds transfers between accounts. Other services include MasterCard® credit cards and a Visa® check card which functions as a point-of-sale (POS) and automated teller machine (ATM) card. Customers can use the check card for purchases at virtually any merchant accepting Visa® and ATMs displaying the STAR® or CIRRUS® networks regionally and worldwide, respectively.

Strategic Investment Advisors Inc. provides portfolio management services to its customers. The Strategic Alliance Corporation (Strategic Alliance®) is a registered broker-dealer with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). BOS Agency provides insurance products and is licensed in the state of North Carolina. Through Strategic Investment Group, a DBA for financial advisors registered with UVEST Financial Services Group, Inc., securities and insurance products are offered including fixed annuities, long-term care, and life insurance products. Group insurance products are offered through an arrangement with Burchfield Insurance Group, Inc. and the Novus Group, Inc. as well as Medicare supplement products.

The Strategic Alliance Corporation. Member FINRA/SIPC.

Securities and insurance products are offered by, and Financial Consultants are registered with UVEST Financial Services, member FINRA/SIPC. UVEST, is independent of Strategic Investment Group and Uwharrie Capital Corp. Securities and/or insurance products are not FDIC insured, are not deposits or other obligations of any depository institution, are not guaranteed by any depository institution and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal amount invested.

Bank of Stanly, Member FDIC, Equal Housing Lender.

Anson Bank & Trust Co., Member FDIC, Equal Housing Lender.

Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company, Member FDIC, Equal Housing Lender.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Financial Highlights

<i>(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)</i>	2010	2009	Percent Increase (Decrease)
<i>For the year:</i>			
Net income	\$ 713	\$ 690	3.33%
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 68	\$ 48	41.67%
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	0.00%
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	0.00%
 Weighted average common shares outstanding (diluted)	 7,485,373	 7,474,140	 0.15%
<i>At year-end:</i>			
Total assets	\$ 535,426	\$ 477,846	12.05%
Total earning assets	499,126	436,012	14.48%
Loans held for investment	387,769	353,729	9.62%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	433,739	385,433	12.53%
Shareholders' equity	43,493	44,024	(1.21)%
Book value per common share	\$ 4.38	\$ 4.47	(2.01)%
<i>Averages for the year:</i>			
Total assets	\$ 514,425	\$ 471,729	9.05%
Total earning assets	473,306	434,218	9.00%
Loans held for investment	375,381	346,976	8.19%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	414,373	378,411	9.50%
Shareholders' equity	45,425	43,182	5.19%
<i>Financial ratios (in percentage):</i>			
Return on average assets	0.14%	0.15%	
Return on average shareholders' equity	1.57%	1.60%	
Average equity to average assets	8.83%	9.15%	
Net interest margin (fully tax equivalent basis)	3.99%	4.12%	
Allowance as % of loans at year-end	2.34%	1.49%	
Allowance as % of nonperforming loans	45.03%	93.71%	
Nonperforming loans to total loans	5.19%	1.59%	
Nonperforming assets to total assets	4.14%	1.89%	
Net loan charge-offs (recoveries) to average loans	0.31%	0.24%	

Market for the Company's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

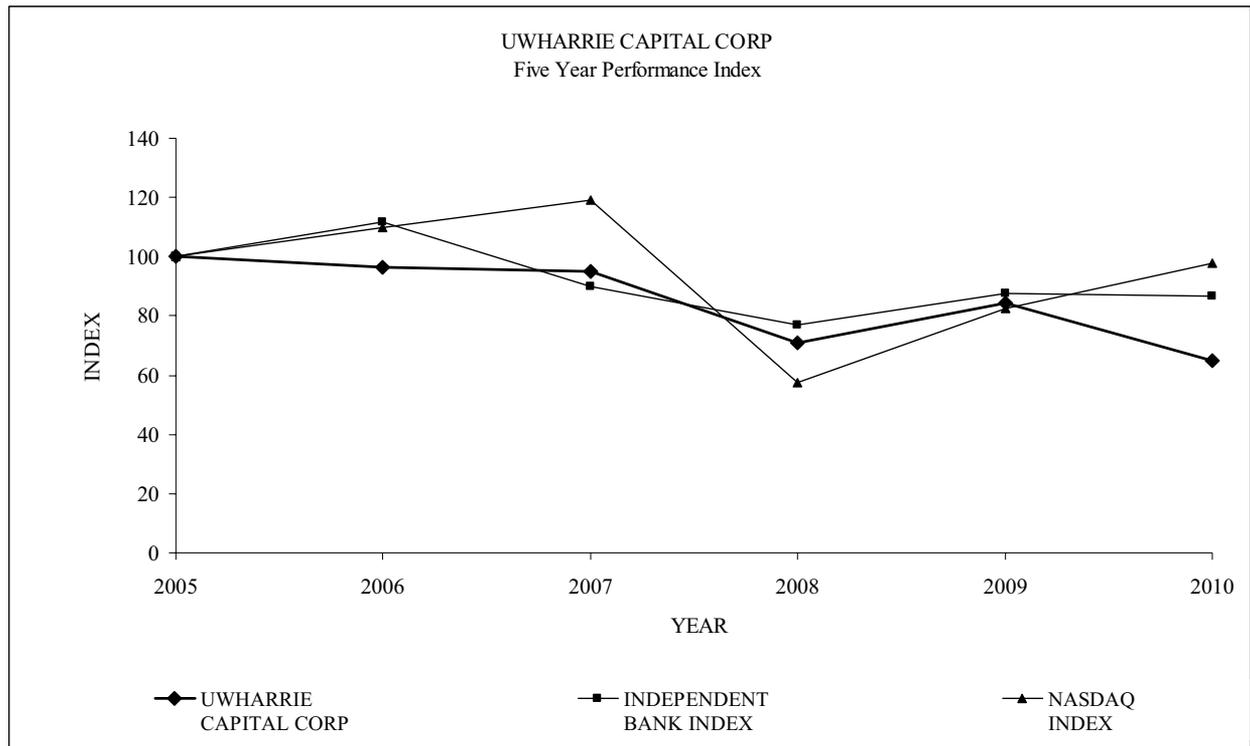
It is the philosophy of Uwharrie Capital Corp to promote a strong base of local shareholders. While bid and asked prices for the Company's common stock are quoted on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol UWHR, trading is sporadic with trades also taking place in privately negotiated transactions. Management makes every reasonable effort to match willing buyers with willing sellers as they become known for the purpose of private negotiations for the purchase and sale of the Company's common stock.

The Board of Directors adopts a dividend policy on an annual basis. For 2010 and 2009, Uwharrie Capital Corp did not declare a dividend. The Board of Directors will determine an appropriate dividend, if any, on an annual basis, consistent with the capital needs of the Company.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

The following graph compares (i) the yearly change in the cumulative total shareholder return on the Company's common stock with (ii) the cumulative return of The Carson Medlin Company Independent Bank Index, and (iii) the Nasdaq Composite. The graph assumes that the value of an investment in the Company's common stock and in each index was \$100 on December 31, 2005, and that all dividends were reinvested. The performance shown in the graph represents past performance and should not be considered the indication of future performance.

Shareholders needing information about purchasing or selling shares of Uwharrie Capital Corp should contact Tamara M. Singletary or Lisa E. Hartsell, Investor Relations at Uwharrie Capital Corp, 132 N. First Street, Post Office Box 338, Albemarle, NC 28002.



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DIXON HUGHES PLLC

Certified Public Accountants and Advisors

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
Uwharrie Capital Corp
Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Uwharrie Capital Corp and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2010. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Uwharrie Capital Corp and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Dixon Hughes PLLC

*Asheville, North Carolina
March 31, 2011*

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
December 31, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)	
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 4,948	\$ 7,521
Interest-earning deposits with banks	8,676	3,338
Securities available for sale, at fair value	96,395	76,317
Loans held for sale	6,286	2,628
Loans:		
Loans held for investment	387,769	353,729
Less allowance for loan losses	(9,067)	(5,276)
Net loans held for investment	<u>378,702</u>	<u>348,453</u>
Premises and equipment, net	14,554	13,646
Interest receivable	2,408	2,077
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	3,252	3,201
Bank owned life insurance	5,975	5,714
Goodwill	987	987
Other real estate owned	2,022	3,419
Prepaid assets	2,088	2,617
Other assets	9,133	7,928
Total assets	<u>\$ 535,426</u>	<u>\$ 477,846</u>
LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
Demand noninterest-bearing	\$ 54,837	\$ 44,924
Interest checking and money market accounts	187,493	137,708
Savings deposits	37,624	32,120
Time deposits, \$100,000 and over	59,431	64,736
Other time deposits	94,648	97,286
Total deposits	<u>434,033</u>	<u>376,774</u>
Short-term borrowed funds	20,482	26,940
Long-term debt	34,061	26,643
Interest payable	342	396
Other liabilities	3,015	3,069
Total liabilities	<u>491,933</u>	<u>433,822</u>
Off balance sheet items, commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, no par value: 10,000,000 shares authorized; 10,000 shares of series A issued and outstanding	10,000	10,000
500 shares of series B issued and outstanding	500	500
Discount on preferred stock	(300)	(400)
Common stock, \$1.25 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized; 7,593,929 shares issued and outstanding	9,492	9,492
Additional paid-in capital plus stock option surplus	14,034	14,030
Unearned ESOP compensation	(692)	(667)
Undivided profits	10,124	10,056
Accumulated other comprehensive income	335	1,013
Total shareholders' equity	<u>43,493</u>	<u>44,024</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$ 535,426</u>	<u>\$ 477,846</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008

	2010	2009	2008
	(in thousands, except share and per share data)		
Interest Income			
Loans, including fees	\$ 21,616	\$ 21,246	\$ 22,780
Investment securities:			
US Treasury	612	12	73
US Government agencies and corporations	1,896	3,106	1,853
State and political subdivisions	319	632	689
Other	-	-	84
Interest-earning deposits with banks and federal funds sold	44	66	85
Total interest income	<u>24,487</u>	<u>25,062</u>	<u>25,564</u>
Interest Expense			
Interest checking and money market accounts	971	838	1,357
Savings deposits	327	255	301
Time deposits \$100,000 and over	1,192	1,980	2,453
Other time deposits	1,684	2,836	3,828
Short-term borrowed funds	693	316	529
Long-term debt	1,084	1,472	1,360
Total interest expense	<u>5,951</u>	<u>7,697</u>	<u>9,828</u>
Net interest income	18,536	17,365	15,736
Provision for loan losses	<u>4,919</u>	<u>1,732</u>	<u>969</u>
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	<u>13,617</u>	<u>15,633</u>	<u>14,767</u>
Noninterest Income			
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,219	2,360	2,238
Other service fees and commissions	2,883	2,273	2,777
Gain (loss) on sale of securities	1,484	(711)	-
Loss on nonmarketable securities	-	(172)	-
Loss on securities with other-than-temporary impairment	-	(1,807)	(158)
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Net impairment recognized in income	-	(1,807)	(158)
Income from mortgage loan sales	3,172	3,436	1,208
Other income	140	445	532
Total noninterest income	<u>9,898</u>	<u>5,824</u>	<u>6,597</u>
Noninterest Expense			
Salaries and employee benefits	11,648	11,527	10,637
Net occupancy expense	1,193	1,071	987
Equipment expense	769	702	645
Data processing costs	853	792	789
Office supplies and printing	384	335	286
Foreclosed real estate expense	387	219	55
Professional fees and services	1,230	968	687
Marketing and donations	1,291	746	682
Electronic banking expense	811	728	792
Software amortization and maintenance	542	470	455
FDIC insurance	795	958	128
Other noninterest expense	2,748	2,414	2,388
Total noninterest expense	<u>22,651</u>	<u>20,930</u>	<u>18,531</u>
Income before income taxes	864	527	2,833
Income taxes	151	(163)	804
Net income	<u>\$ 713</u>	<u>\$ 690</u>	<u>\$ 2,029</u>
Net income	\$ 713	\$ 690	\$ 2,029
Dividends on preferred stock	(645)	(642)	(13)
Net income available to common shareholders	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ 48</u>	<u>\$ 2,016</u>
Net income per common share			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding			
Basic	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,482,488
Diluted	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,520,484

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u> (in thousands)	<u>2008</u>
Net Income	\$ 713	\$ 690	\$ 2,029
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities	390	1,637	(3,315)
Related tax effect	(156)	(621)	1,281
Reclassification of losses (gains) recognized in net income	(1,484)	711	-
Related tax effect	572	(274)	-
Reclassification of losses for which credit-related portion other-than-temporary impairment was recognized in net income	-	1,807	158
Related tax effect	-	(697)	(61)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	<u>(678)</u>	<u>2,563</u>	<u>(1,937)</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 35</u>	<u>\$ 3,253</u>	<u>\$ 92</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008

	Number Common Shares Issued	Preferred Stock Series A	Preferred Stock Series B	Discount on Preferred Stock (in thousands, except share data)	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Unearned ESOP Compensation	Undivided Profits	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income(Loss)	Total
Balance, December 31, 2007	7,414,707	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,268	\$ 13,453	\$ (800)	\$ 9,266	\$ 387	\$ 31,574
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,029	-	2,029
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,937)	(1,937)
Release of ESOP shares	-	-	-	-	-	14	64	-	-	78
Common stock issued pursuant to:										
3% stock dividend	220,738	-	-	-	276	718	-	(994)	-	-
Stock options exercised	69,742	-	-	-	87	214	-	-	-	301
Tax benefit of stock options exercised	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	26
Repurchase of common stock	(111,258)	-	-	-	(139)	(432)	-	-	-	(571)
Cash paid fractional shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7)	-	(7)
Stock compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	26
Adjustment to initially apply ASC 715-60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(273)	-	(273)
Issue series A preferred stock to the Treasury	-	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000
Issue series B preferred stock to the Treasury	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
Record Series B warrant expense	-	-	-	(500)	-	-	-	-	-	(500)
Record preferred stock dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13)	-	(13)
Balance, December 31, 2008	<u>7,593,929</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>9,492</u>	<u>14,019</u>	<u>(736)</u>	<u>10,008</u>	<u>(1,550)</u>	<u>41,233</u>
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	690	-	690
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,563	2,563
Release of ESOP shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	-	-	69
Stock compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	11
Record preferred stock dividend and discount accretion	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	(642)	-	(542)
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u>7,593,929</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$ (400)</u>	<u>\$ 9,492</u>	<u>\$ 14,030</u>	<u>\$ (667)</u>	<u>\$ 10,056</u>	<u>\$ 1,013</u>	<u>\$ 44,024</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)
Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008

	Number Common Shares Issued	Preferred Stock Series A	Preferred Stock Series B	Discount on Preferred Stock (in thousands, except share data)	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Unearned ESOP Compensation	Undivided Profits	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income(Loss)	Total
Balance, December 31, 2009	7,593,929	\$ 10,000	\$ 500	\$ (400)	\$ 9,492	\$ 14,030	\$ (667)	\$ 10,056	\$ 1,013	\$ 44,024
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	713	-	713
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(678)	(678)
Release of ESOP shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	75
Increase in ESOP notes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	(100)	-	-	(100)
Stock compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4
Record preferred stock dividend and discount accretion	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	(645)	-	(545)
Balance, December 31, 2010	7,593,929	\$ 10,000	\$ 500	\$ (300)	\$ 9,492	\$ 14,034	\$ (692)	\$ 10,124	\$ 335	\$ 43,493

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008

	2010	2009	2008
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 713	\$ 690	\$ 2,029
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
Provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	815	780	676
Net amortization of security premiums/discounts	412	134	(202)
Impairment of securities available for sale	-	1,807	158
Net amortization of mortgage servicing rights	869	868	471
Impairment of foreclosed real estate	125	78	28
Provision for loan losses	4,919	1,732	969
Deferred income taxes	(1,091)	(737)	(728)
Stock compensation	4	11	26
Net realized loss on sales / calls available for sale securities	(1,484)	711	-
Income from mortgage loan sales	(3,172)	(3,436)	(1,208)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	110,374	144,761	55,198
Origination of loans held for sale	(111,973)	(142,727)	(54,328)
(Gain) loss on sale of premises, equipment and other assets	71	(1)	5
Loss on nonmarketable securities	-	172	-
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	(261)	(203)	(193)
Loss on sales of foreclosed real estate	332	36	41
Release of ESOP Shares	75	69	78
Net change in interest receivable	(331)	(50)	28
Net change in other assets	(532)	(3,652)	83
Net change in interest payable	(54)	(106)	(94)
Net change in other liabilities	(54)	714	584
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(243)</u>	<u>1,651</u>	<u>3,621</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sales, maturities and calls of securities available for sale	53,013	30,353	14,386
Purchase of securities available for sale	(71,430)	(36,208)	(35,329)
Net increase in loans	(34,866)	(15,598)	(21,837)
Proceeds from sale of premises, equipment and other assets	-	1	-
Purchase of premises and equipment	(1,725)	(3,298)	(3,058)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed real estate	733	1,243	182
Investment in other assets	(240)	(1,089)	(569)
Net increase in Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(51)	(917)	(147)
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(54,566)</u>	<u>(25,513)</u>	<u>(46,372)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net increase in deposit accounts	57,259	23,147	28,970
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowed funds	(6,458)	4,691	(9,679)
Net increase (decrease) in long-term debt	4,942	(5,859)	3,392
Net proceeds from issuance of junior subordinated debt	2,476	-	7,419
Repurchases of common stock	-	-	(571)
Net proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	-	-	10,000
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	-	301
Tax benefit of stock options exercised	-	-	26
Increase in unearned ESOP compensation	(100)	-	-
Dividend on preferred stock	(545)	(542)	(13)
Cash paid for fractional shares	-	-	(7)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>57,574</u>	<u>21,437</u>	<u>39,838</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,765	(2,425)	(2,913)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	10,859	13,284	16,197
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 13,624</u>	<u>\$ 10,859</u>	<u>\$ 13,284</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Interest paid	\$ 6,005	\$ 7,802	\$ 9,922
Income taxes paid	1,274	1,558	1,596
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities			
Net change in fair value of securities available for sale, net of tax	(1,094)	2,563	(1,937)
Loans transferred to foreclosed real estate	2,148	1,882	2,876
Company financed sales of other real estate owned	2,450	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights capitalized	1,113	1,465	563
Preferred stock dividend accrued	(68)	(68)	(13)
ASC 715-60 charged to retained earnings	-	-	(273)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Uwharrie Capital Corp (the "Company") was incorporated under North Carolina law for the purpose of becoming the holding company for Bank of Stanly ("Stanly"). On July 1, 1993, Stanly became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company through a one-for-one exchange of the common stock of Stanly for common stock of the Company.

Stanly was incorporated on September 28, 1983, under the laws of the State of North Carolina and began operations on January 26, 1984 in Albemarle, North Carolina. Deposits with Stanly are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Stanly is under regulation of the Federal Reserve, FDIC and the North Carolina State Banking Commission. Through its six branch locations in Stanly County, Stanly provides a wide range of deposit accounts, commercial, consumer, home equity and residential mortgage loans, safe deposit boxes and automated banking.

In 1987, Stanly established a wholly-owned subsidiary, BOS Agency, Inc. ("BOS Agency"), which engages in insurance product sales. In 1989, Stanly established a second wholly-owned subsidiary, BOS Financial Corporation, for the purpose of conducting business as a broker/dealer in securities. During 1993, BOS Financial Corporation changed its name to The Strategic Alliance Corporation ("Strategic Alliance") and was registered as a broker/dealer and is regulated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company formed a new subsidiary, Strategic Investment Advisors, Inc. ("SIA"), during 1999 to provide investment advisory and asset management services. This subsidiary is registered as an investment advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On January 19, 2000, the Company completed its acquisition of Anson BanCorp, Inc. and its subsidiary, Anson Savings Bank. The savings bank retained its North Carolina savings bank charter and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Uwharrie Capital Corp as Anson Bank & Trust Company ("Anson"), operating out of its main office branch in Wadesboro.

On August 4, 2000, Stanly acquired another subsidiary, Gateway Mortgage, Inc. ("Gateway"), a mortgage origination company. This company is currently inactive and does not affect the consolidated financials.

On April 10, 2003, the Company capitalized a new wholly-owned subsidiary bank, Cabarrus Bank & Trust Company ("Cabarrus"), located in Concord, North Carolina. As of that date, Cabarrus purchased two branch offices located in Cabarrus County from Stanly to begin its operation. Cabarrus operates as a commercial bank and provides a full range of banking services.

On April 7, 2004 Uwharrie Mortgage, Inc. was established as a subsidiary of the Company to serve in the capacity of trustee and substitute trustee under deeds of trust.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, Stanly, Anson, Cabarrus, SIA and Stanly's subsidiaries, BOS Agency and Strategic Alliance. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as those amounts included in the balance sheet captions "Cash and due from banks" and "Interest-earning deposits with banks."

Investment Securities Available for Sale

Investment securities available for sale consist of bonds, mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) not classified as trading securities nor as held to maturity securities. Unrealized holding gains and losses on available for sale securities are reported as a net amount in other comprehensive income, net of income taxes. Gains and losses on the sale of available for sale securities are determined using the specific identification method. Declines in the fair value of individual available for sale securities below their cost that are other than temporary would result in write-downs of the individual securities to their fair value. Such write-downs would be included in earnings as realized losses. Premiums and discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the period to maturity.

Loans Held for Sale

Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value in the aggregate. Net unrealized losses, if any, are recognized through a valuation allowance by charges to income.

Loans

The Company divides the loans it grants into two segments, commercial and noncommercial loans. Commercial loans are broken down into the following classes, commercial loans, real estate commercial loans and other real estate construction loans. Noncommercial loans are divided into the following classes, real estate 1-4 family construction, real estate 1-4 family residential loans, home equity loans, consumer loans and other loans. The ability of the Company's borrowers to honor their contracts is largely dependent upon the real estate and general economic conditions in the Company's market area. Loans that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or pay-off are reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balances adjusted for charge-offs, the allowance for loan losses, and any deferred fees or costs. Interest income is accrued on the unpaid principal balance. Loan origination fees, net of certain direct origination costs, are deferred and recognized as an adjustment of the related loan yield using the interest method.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The accrual of interest on mortgage and commercial loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Credit card loans and other personal loans are typically charged off no later than 180 days past due. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these impaired loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated both individually and collectively by loan class on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. In addition, regulatory examiners may require the Company to recognize adjustments to the allowance for loan losses based on their judgment about information available to them at the time of their assessment.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan by loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent.

Smaller balances of homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated by loan class for impairment. Accordingly, the Company does not separately identify individual consumer, residential and other loans for impairment disclosures.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the third quarter, the Company upgraded our allowance for loan loss model to capture not only the mean loss of individual loans but also the rare event of severe loss that can occur within the loan portfolio. The changes were made in the part of the model used to compute the general reserves. Specifically, the Company began calculating probable losses on loans by computing a probability of loss and expected loss scenario by call codes. Together, these components created from Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression of historical losses against multiple Macro-Economic factors make up the basis of the new allowance model. The loans that are impaired and included in the specific reserve are excluded from these new calculations.

In the third quarter, our allowance for loan losses increased approximately \$2.1 million, of which approximately \$300,000 was related to a net increase in allowance on impaired loans.

Servicing Rights

The Company capitalizes servicing rights when loans are either securitized or sold and the loan servicing is retained. The cost of servicing rights is amortized in proportion to and over the estimated period of net servicing revenues. The amortization of servicing rights is recognized in the statement of income as an offset to other noninterest income. Servicing assets are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value. Fair value is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics, when available, or based upon discounted cash flows using market-based assumptions. Impairment is recognized through a valuation allowance.

Transfers of Financial Assets

Transfers of financial assets are accounted for as sales when control over the assets has been surrendered. Control over transferred assets is deemed to be surrendered when (1) the assets have been isolated from the Company, (2) the transferee obtains the right (free of conditions that constrain it from taking advantage of that right) to pledge or exchange the transferred assets, and (3) the Company does not maintain effective control over the transferred assets through an agreement to repurchase them before their maturity.

Foreclosed Real Estate

Real estate properties acquired through foreclosure or other proceedings are initially recorded at fair value upon foreclosure, establishing a new cost basis. After foreclosure, valuations are performed and the foreclosed property is adjusted to the lower of cost or fair value of the properties, less costs to sell. Any write-down at the time of transfer to foreclosed properties is charged to the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent write-downs are charged to other expenses. Property is evaluated regularly to ensure that the recorded amount is supported by its current fair value.

Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Land is carried at cost. Additions and major replacements or betterments which extend the useful lives of premises and equipment are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs and minor improvements are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed principally by the straight-line method over estimated useful lives, except in the case of leasehold improvements, which are amortized over the term of the leases, if shorter. Useful lives range from five to seven years for furniture, fixtures and equipment, to ten to thirty-nine years for leasehold improvements and buildings, respectively. Upon retirement or other disposition of the assets, the cost and the related

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses are reflected in income.

Federal Home Loan Bank Stock

As a requirement for membership, the banks invest in the stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB"). This investment is carried at cost. Due to the redemption provisions of the FHLB, the Company estimated that fair value approximates cost and that this investment was not impaired.

Goodwill

Goodwill resulted from the 2000 acquisition of Anson BanCorp, Inc. and its subsidiary, Anson Savings Bank. Goodwill is evaluated for impairment annually or more frequently if circumstances indicate potential impairment.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments in the financial statements over the period the employee is required to perform the services in exchange for the award (presumptively the vesting period). ASC 718 also requires measurement of the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award based on the grant-date fair value of the award. Excess tax benefits are reported as financing cash inflows in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries file a consolidated Federal income tax return and separate North Carolina income tax returns. The provision for income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements is provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment. The tax returns for the Company are subject to audit for the 2007 fiscal year and thereafter. The Company records penalties and interest related to income taxes as a component of income tax expense.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 does not require any new fair value measurements, but clarifies and standardizes some divergent practices that have emerged since prior guidance was issued. ASC 820 creates a three-level hierarchy under which individual fair value estimates are to be ranked based on the relative reliability of the inputs used in the valuation.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which those assets or liabilities are sold and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing those assets or

liabilities. Fair values determined using Level 1 inputs rely on active and observable markets to price identical assets or liabilities. In situations where identical assets and liabilities are not traded in active markets, fair values may be determined based on Level 2 inputs, which exist when observable data exists for similar assets and liabilities. Fair values for assets and liabilities for which identical or similar assets and liabilities are not actively traded in observable markets are based on Level 3 inputs, which are considered to be unobservable.

Among the Company's assets and liabilities, investment securities available for sale are reported at their fair values on a recurring basis. Certain other assets are adjusted to their fair value on a nonrecurring basis, including impaired loans, loans held for sale, which are carried at the lower of cost or market, other real estate owned and loan servicing rights, where fair value is determined using similar assets with similar characteristics, when available, or based upon discounted cash flows using market-based assumptions; foreclosed real estate, which is carried at lower of cost or fair market value and goodwill, which is periodically tested for impairment. Deposits, short-term borrowings and long-term obligations are not reported at fair value.

Prices for US Treasury and government agency securities are readily available in the active markets in which those securities are traded, and the resulting fair values are shown in the 'Level 1 input' column. Prices for mortgage-backed securities and for state, county and municipal securities are obtained for similar securities, and the resulting fair values are shown in the 'Level 2 input' column. Prices for all other non-marketable investments are determined based on various assumptions that are not observable. The fair values for these investment securities are shown in the 'Level 3 input' column. Non-marketable investment securities, which are carried at their purchase price, include those that may only be redeemed by the issuer. The changes in securities between Level 1 and Level 2 were related to the purchase and sale of several securities and not the transfer of securities.

The Company does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time, a loan is considered impaired and an allowance for loan losses is established. Loans for which it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement are considered impaired. Once a loan is identified as individually impaired, management measures impairment by using one of several methods including collateral value, fair value of similar debt and discounted cash flows. Those impaired loans not requiring an allowance represent loans for which the present value of the expected repayments or fair value of collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans. At December 31, 2010, substantially all of the total impaired loans were evaluated based on the fair value of the underlying collateral. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, the Company records the impaired loan as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the underlying collateral is further impaired below the appraised value the Company records the impaired loan as nonrecurring Level 3.

Foreclosed assets are adjusted to fair value upon transfer of the loans to other real estate owned. Real estate acquired in settlement of loans is recorded initially at estimated fair value of the property less estimated selling costs at the date of foreclosure. The initial recorded value may be subsequently reduced by additional allowances, which are charged to earnings if the

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

estimated fair value of the property less estimated selling costs declines below the initial recorded value. Fair value is based upon independent market prices, appraised values of the collateral or management's estimation of the value of the collateral. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, the Company

records the foreclosed asset as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the collateral is further impaired below the appraised value and there is no observable market price, the Company records the foreclosed asset as nonrecurring Level 3.

Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value in the aggregate. Net unrealized losses, if any, are recognized through a valuation allowance by charges to income.

Servicing assets are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value. Fair value is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics, when available, or based upon discounted cash flows using market-based assumptions.

Comprehensive Income

The Company reports as comprehensive income all changes in shareholders' equity during the year from sources other than shareholders. Other comprehensive income refers to all components (revenues, expenses, gains, and losses) of comprehensive income that are excluded from net income. The Company's only component of other comprehensive income is unrealized gains and losses, net of income tax, on investment securities available for sale.

As of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, total accumulated other comprehensive income was \$335,000 and \$1.0 million, respectively, consisting of \$334,512 and \$1,012,648 of unrealized gains and temporary unrealized losses net of tax.

Earnings per Common Share

The Company issued 3% stock dividends in 2008. There was not a stock dividend in 2010 or 2009. All references in these consolidated financial statements to earnings per common share and weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding have been adjusted for the effect of these stock dividends. In 2010, 2009 and 2008 there were 180,571, 280,715 and 189,866 options outstanding that were anti-dilutive, respectively.

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity. The ESOP effect is the yearly average of the unallocated ESOP shares.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The computation of weighted average shares used in the calculation of basic and dilutive earnings per share is summarized below:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing basic net income per common share	7,593,969	7,593,969	7,618,913
Effect of ESOP shares	<u>(108,596)</u>	<u>(119,829)</u>	<u>(136,425)</u>
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares used in computing basic net income per common share	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,482,488
Effect of dilutive stock options	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,996</u>
Weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares used in computing diluted net income per common share	<u>7,485,373</u>	<u>7,474,140</u>	<u>7,520,484</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-06, an update to ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements." This update adds a new requirement to disclose transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2, along with the reasons for the transfers, and requires a gross presentation of purchases and sales of Level 3 activities. Additionally, the update clarifies that entities provide fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities and that entities provide enhanced disclosures around Level 2 valuation techniques and inputs. The Company adopted the disclosure requirements for Level 1 and Level 2 transfers and the expanded fair value measurement and valuation disclosures effective January 1, 2010. The disclosure requirements for Level 3 activities are effective for the Company on January 1, 2011. The adoption of the disclosure requirements for Level 1 and Level 2 transfers and the expanded qualitative disclosures had no impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, and EPS. The Company does not expect the adoption of the Level 3 disclosure requirements to have an impact on its financial position, results of operations, and EPS.

In July 2010, the FASB issued an Accounting Standards update (ASU No. 2010-20) entitled "Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses," which amends ASC 820-10. The update requires companies to provide more information in their disclosures about the credit quality of their financing receivables and the credit reserves held against them. The amendments that require disclosures as of the end of a reporting period are effective for the periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. The amendments that require disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for the periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010.

From time to time the FASB issues exposure drafts of proposed statements of financial accounting standards. Such exposure drafts are subject to comment from the public, to revisions by the FASB and to final issuance by the FASB as statements of financial accounting standards. Management considers the effect of the proposed statements on the consolidated financial statements of the Company and monitors the status of changes to and proposed effective dates of exposure drafts.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reclassification

Certain amounts in the 2009 and 2008 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2010 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net income or shareholders' equity as previously reported.

Note 2 - Investment Securities

Carrying amounts and fair values of securities available for sale are summarized below:

<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Gains</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
		(dollars in thousands)		
U.S. Treasury	\$ 51,622	\$ 746	\$ 1,220	\$ 51,148
U.S. Government agencies	24,862	766	165	25,463
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	8,655	294	49	8,900
State and political subdivisions	10,725	267	108	10,884
Total securities available for sale	<u>\$ 95,864</u>	<u>\$ 2,073</u>	<u>\$ 1,542</u>	<u>\$ 96,395</u>

<u>December 31, 2009</u>	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Gains</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
		(dollars in thousands)		
U.S. Treasury	\$ 3,024	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 3,019
U.S. Government agencies	20,736	246	11	20,971
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	34,186	1,056	-	35,242
Private label CMO's	7,468	117	85	7,500
State and political subdivisions	9,276	309	-	9,585
Total securities available for sale	<u>\$ 74,690</u>	<u>\$ 1,728</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>	<u>\$ 76,317</u>

At both December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company owned Federal Reserve stock reported at cost of \$778,850 and is included in other assets. Also at December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company owned Federal Home Loan Bank Stock (FHLB) of \$3.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The investments in Federal Reserve stock and FHLB stock are required investments related to the Company's membership and borrowings with these banks.

Results from sales and calls of securities available for sale for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Gross proceeds from sales and calls	<u>\$ 40,623</u>	<u>\$ 9,535</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Realized gains from sales	\$ 1,960	\$ 219	\$ -
Realized losses from sales	(476)	(930)	-
Net realized gains (losses)	<u>\$ 1,484</u>	<u>\$ (711)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 - Investment Securities (Continued)

At December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 securities available for sale with a carrying amount of \$40.7 million, \$11.4 million and \$13.2 million, respectively, were pledged as collateral on public deposits and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.

The following tables show the gross unrealized losses and fair value of investments, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at December 31, 2010 and 2009. These unrealized losses on investment securities are a result of temporary fluctuations in the market prices due to a rise in interest rates, which will adjust if rates decline in a volatile market and are in no way a reflection of the credit quality of the investments. At December 31, 2010, the unrealized losses related to six U.S. Treasury Notes, two U.S. Government Agencies, three mortgage backed securities and eight North Carolina municipal bonds.

	<u>Less than 12 Months</u>		<u>12 Months or More</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>
<u>December 31, 2010</u>	(dollars in thousands)					
Securities available for sale						
temporary impairment						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 26,138	\$ 1,220	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,138	\$ 1,220
U.S. Gov't agencies	5,736	165	-	-	5,736	165
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	2,900	49	-	-	2,900	49
State and political subdivisions	4,522	108	-	-	4,522	108
	<u>\$ 39,296</u>	<u>\$ 1,542</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 39,296</u>	<u>\$ 1,542</u>
<u>December 31, 2009</u>	(dollars in thousands)					
Securities available for sale						
temporary impairment						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 3,019	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,019	\$ 5
U.S. Gov't agencies	10,327	11	-	-	10,327	11
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	-	-	134	-	134	-
Private label CMO's	-	-	1,625	85	1,625	85
State and political subdivisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 13,346</u>	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>\$ 1,759</u>	<u>\$ 85</u>	<u>\$ 15,105</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>
Other than Temporary Impairment						
Private label CMO's	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,667	\$ -	\$ 3,667	\$ -
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,667</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,667</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Company routinely conducts reviews to identify and evaluate each investment security to determine whether OTTI has occurred using several economic models. To determine if the unrealized loss is other-than-temporary, the Company projects total estimated defaults of the underlying troubled and non performing assets (mortgages) and multiply that calculated amount by an estimate of realizable value upon sale in the marketplace (severity) in order to determine the projected collateral loss. The Company also evaluates the current credit enhancement underlying the bond to determine the impact on cash flows. If the Company determines that a given position will be subject to a write-down, loss or decline in yield, the Company records the expected credit loss as a charge to earnings. In addition, the Company estimates the expected loss by taking into account observed performance of the underlying securities, industry studies, market forecasts, as well as our view of the economic outlook affecting bond collateral.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 - Investment Securities (Continued)

The following table shows contractual maturities of the investment portfolio as of December 31, 2010:

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	(dollars in thousands)	
Due within one year	\$ 2,080	\$ 2,102
Due after one but within five years	23,761	24,711
Due after five but within ten years	59,365	58,671
Due after ten years	2,003	2,011
Mortgage backed securities	8,655	8,900
	<u>\$ 95,864</u>	<u>\$ 96,395</u>

The following table summarizes cumulative credit other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized on debt securities held by the Company:

	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)	
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 1,807	\$ -
Impairment losses recognized during the year	-	1,807
Realized losses from sales	<u>(1,807)</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,807</u>

Note 3 – Loans Held for Investment

The composition of net loans held for investment by class as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)	
Commercial		
Commercial	\$ 51,679	\$ 51,723
Real estate - commercial	105,123	95,938
Other real estate construction loans	52,270	40,327
Noncommercial		
Real estate 1-4 family construction	4,332	4,649
Real estate - residential	103,781	97,852
Home equity	52,034	46,303
Consumer loans	17,721	16,627
Other loans	739	172
	<u>387,679</u>	<u>353,591</u>
Less:		
Allowance for loan losses	(9,067)	(5,276)
Deferred loan (fees) costs, net	<u>90</u>	<u>138</u>
Loans held for investment, net	<u>\$ 378,702</u>	<u>\$ 348,453</u>

Although the subsidiary banks' loan portfolios are diversified, there is a concentration of mortgage real estate loans, primarily one to four family residential mortgage loans, which represent 40.19% of total loans. Additionally, there is concentration in commercial loans secured primarily by real estate, shopping center locations, commercial land development,

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 3 – Loans Held for Investment (Continued)

commercial buildings and equipment that comprise 27.12% of total loans. There is not a concentration of a particular type of credit in this group of commercial loans.

Total impaired loans, which consisted of nonaccrual loans and other loans identified by management as impaired, totaled \$43.3 million and \$24.1 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The nonaccrual status of these loans had the effect of reducing net income by \$646,078 in 2010 and \$246,395 in 2009. Of the \$43.3 million in impaired loans at December 31, 2010, \$12.5 million were in the commercial segment and carried allowances totaling \$3.6 million while \$4.4 million were in the noncommercial segment and carried allowances totaling \$1.0 million. The commercial segment had \$19.5 million evaluated and required no specific allowance while the noncommercial segment had \$6.8 million evaluated and required no specific allowance. Of the \$24.1 million in impaired loans at December 31, 2009, \$16.5 million carried allowances totaling \$3.0 million while \$7.6 million required no specific allowance. There were loans 90 days past due and still accruing of \$407,223 and \$298,635 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Restructured loans at December 31, 2010 totaled \$5.1 million of which \$4.6 million are included in impaired loans above. The carrying value of foreclosed properties held as other real estate was \$2.0 million and \$3.4 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The Company's loan policies are written to address loan-to-value ratios and collateralization methods with respect to each lending category. Consideration is given to the economic and credit risk of lending areas and customers associated with each category.

Note 4 - Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in the allowance for loan losses for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 are presented below:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,276	\$ 4,361	\$ 3,510
Charge-offs	(1,189)	(871)	(288)
Recoveries	44	54	170
Other	17	-	-
Provision charged against income	<u>4,919</u>	<u>1,732</u>	<u>969</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 9,067</u>	<u>\$ 5,276</u>	<u>\$ 4,361</u>

The following table is the breakout of allowance for loss by loan class at December 31, 2010:

	<u>Beginning</u>					<u>Ending</u>
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Provisions</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Chargeoffs</u>	<u>Recoveries</u>	<u>Balance</u>
	(dollars in thousands)					
Commercial	\$ 449	\$ 569	\$ 4	\$ (59)	\$ 3	\$ 966
Real estate - commercial	1,541	1,216	10	(527)	-	2,240
Other real estate construction	1,205	952	-	-	-	2,157
Real estate construction	168	(58)	-	(78)	1	33
Real estate - residential	1,264	614	-	(222)	2	1,658
Home equity	213	854	-	(97)	1	971
Consumer loan	436	714	3	(206)	37	984
Other loans	<u>-</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>58</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,276</u>	<u>\$ 4,919</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ (1,189)</u>	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 9,067</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 - Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following table shows period-end loans and reserve balances by loan class both individually and collectively evaluated for impairment at December 31, 2010:

	<u>Individually Evaluated</u>		<u>Collectively Evaluated</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>Reserve</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Reserve</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Reserve</u>	<u>Loans</u>
	(dollars in thousands)					
Commercial	\$ 399	\$ 1,439	\$ 567	\$ 50,240	\$ 966	\$ 51,679
Real estate - commercial	1,384	20,321	856	84,802	2,240	105,123
Other real estate construction	1,818	10,355	339	41,915	2,157	52,270
Real estate construction	-	950	33	3,382	33	4,332
Real estate - residential	762	8,884	896	94,897	1,658	103,781
Home equity	136	1,065	835	50,969	971	52,034
Consumer loan	132	241	852	17,480	984	17,721
Other loans	-	-	58	739	58	739
Total	<u>\$ 4,631</u>	<u>\$ 43,255</u>	<u>\$ 4,436</u>	<u>\$344,424</u>	<u>\$ 9,067</u>	<u>\$ 387,679</u>

Past due loan information is used by management when assessing the adequacy of the allowance for loan loss. The following table summarizes the past due information of the loan portfolio by class:

	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Total Past</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Accruing</u>
	<u>30-89 Days</u>	<u>90 Days</u>				<u>Loans 90 or</u>
	<u>Past Due</u>	<u>Past due</u>	<u>Due Loans</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Past Due</u>
	(dollars in thousands)					
Commercial	\$ 666	\$ 501	\$ 1,167	\$ 50,512	\$ 51,679	\$ -
Real estate - commercial	1,728	8,702	10,430	94,693	105,123	-
Other real estate construction	206	7,975	8,181	44,089	52,270	-
Real estate 1 -4 family construction	-	500	500	3,832	4,332	-
Real estate - residential	1,648	2,337	3,985	99,796	103,781	397
Home equity	110	75	185	51,849	52,034	-
Consumer loans	267	46	313	17,408	17,721	10
Other loans	-	-	-	739	739	-
Deferred cost / fees	-	-	-	90	90	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,625</u>	<u>\$ 20,136</u>	<u>\$ 24,761</u>	<u>\$ 363,008</u>	<u>\$ 387,769</u>	<u>\$ 407</u>

Once a loan becomes 90 days past due, the loan is automatically transferred to a nonaccrual status. The exception to this policy is credit card loans that remain in accruing 90 days or more until they are paid current or charged off. Also, mortgage loans that were originated for sale but were not sold and are being held in the loan portfolio remain in an accruing status until they are foreclosed.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 - Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The composition of nonaccrual loans by class as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	(dollars in thousands)	
Commercial	\$ 501	\$ 25
Real estate - commercial	8,702	58
Other real estate construction	7,975	4,461
Real estate 1 – 4 family construction	500	85
Real estate – residential	1,940	760
Home equity	75	115
Consumer loans	36	125
Other loans	-	-
	<u>\$ 19,729</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>

Management uses a risk-grading program to facilitate the evaluation of probable inherent loan losses and to measure the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. In this program, risk grades are initially assigned by the loan officers and reviewed and monitored by the lenders and credit administration. The program has eight risk grades summarized in five categories as follows:

Pass: Loans that are pass grade credits include loans that are fundamentally sound and risk factors are reasonable and acceptable. They generally conform to policy with only minor exceptions and any major exceptions are clearly mitigated by other economic factors.

Watch: Loans that are watch credits include loans on management’s watch list where a risk concern may be anticipated in the near future.

Substandard: Loans that are considered substandard are loans that are inadequately protected by current sound net worth, paying capacity of the obligor or the value of the collateral pledged. All nonaccrual loans are graded as substandard..

Doubtful: Loans that are considered to be doubtful have all weaknesses inherent in loans classified substandard, plus the added characteristic that the weaknesses make the collection or liquidation in full on the basis of current existing facts, conditions and values highly questionable and improbable.

Loss: Loans that are considered to be a loss are considered to be uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 - Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The table below summarizes risk grades of the loan portfolio by class:

	<u>Pass</u>	<u>Watch</u>	<u>Sub- standard</u>	<u>Doubtful</u>	<u>Total</u>
		(dollars in thousands)			
Commercial	\$ 50,108	\$ 185	\$ 1,386	\$ -	\$ 51,679
Real estate - commercial	81,410	4,520	18,455	738	105,123
Other real estate construction	41,709	301	10,260	-	52,270
Real estate 1 - 4 family construction	3,381	-	951	-	4,332
Real estate - residential	94,077	1,787	7,917	-	103,781
Home equity	50,902	158	974	-	52,034
Consumer loans	17,458	102	129	32	17,721
Other loans	739	-	-	-	739
Total	<u>\$ 339,784</u>	<u>\$ 7,053</u>	<u>\$ 40,072</u>	<u>\$ 770</u>	<u>\$ 387,679</u>

Loans that are in nonaccrual status or 90 days past due and still accruing are considered to be nonperforming. The following table shows the breakdown between performing and nonperforming loans by class:

	<u>Performing</u>	<u>Non- Performing</u>	<u>Total</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Commercial	\$ 51,178	\$ 501	\$ 51,679
Real estate - commercial	96,421	8,702	105,123
Other real estate construction	44,295	7,975	52,270
Real estate 1 – 4 family construction	3,832	500	4,332
Real estate – residential	101,444	2,337	103,781
Home equity	51,959	75	52,034
Consumer loans	17,675	46	17,721
Other loans	739	-	739
Total	<u>\$ 367,543</u>	<u>\$ 20,136</u>	<u>\$ 387,679</u>

Loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement. If a loan is deemed impaired a specific valuation is done and a specific reserve is allocated if necessary. The table below summarizes the loans deemed impaired and the amount of specific reserves allocated by class:

	<u>Unpaid Principal Balance</u>	<u>Recorded Investment With No Allowance</u>	<u>Recorded Investment With Allowance</u>	<u>Related Allowance</u>	<u>Average Recorded Investment</u>
	(dollars in thousands)				
Commercial	\$ 1,439	\$ 918	\$ 521	\$ 399	\$ 1,485
Real estate – commercial	21,985	16,088	4,233	1,384	13,279
Other real estate construction	10,357	2,585	7,770	1,818	9,380
Real estate 1 – 4 family construction	950	950	-	-	1,100
Real estate – residential	8,884	5,118	3,766	762	7,257
Home Equity loans	1,066	677	388	136	821
Consumer loans	241	23	218	132	367
Other loans	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 44,922</u>	<u>\$ 26,359</u>	<u>\$ 16,896</u>	<u>\$ 4,631</u>	<u>\$ 33,689</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 – Servicing Assets

Loans serviced for others are not included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The unpaid principal balances of mortgage and other loans serviced for others were approximately \$327 million and \$289 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The carrying value of capitalized servicing rights, net of valuation allowances, is included in other assets. A summary of mortgage servicing rights follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Beginning of year mortgage servicing rights:	\$ 1,890	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,321
Amounts capitalized	1,113	1,465	563
Amortization	(869)	(868)	(471)
Impairment	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(120)</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 2,134</u>	<u>\$ 1,890</u>	<u>\$ 1,293</u>

Amortization expense is estimated as follows:

	<u>Year ending December 31,</u>
	(dollars in thousands)
2011	\$ 504
2012	436
2013	369
2014	301
2015	233
Thereafter	<u>291</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,134</u>

The amortization does not anticipate or pro-forma loan prepayments.

Note 6 - Premises and Equipment

The major classes of premises and equipment and the total accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are listed below:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	(dollars in thousands)	
Land	\$ 4,081	\$ 4,081
Building and improvements	11,205	10,012
Furniture and equipment	<u>6,128</u>	<u>5,598</u>
	21,414	19,691
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>6,860</u>	<u>6,045</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,554</u>	<u>\$ 13,646</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 – Leases

The Company's subsidiary, Bank of Stanly, had a noncancelable operating lease for a branch location in Albemarle that expired in 2008, with annual rental payments of \$18,575. The lease had one five year renewal option at the expiration of the initial term. Bank of Stanly elected to go into a month to month lease and entered into an agreement to purchase the building for \$300,000 in 2009. The lease payment remained the same during the finalization of the purchase. Bank of Stanly entered into a month to month lease in 2009 with annual lease payments of \$600. Bank of Stanly had also entered into a noncancelable operating lease for a branch location in Locust that expired in 2010 with annual rental payments of \$41,856. Bank of Stanly terminated the Locust lease in the third quarter of 2010 when the branch moved into a new building Stanly had constructed. The Company's subsidiary, Cabarrus Bank and Trust has entered into a noncancelable operating lease for an administrative office location in Concord that expires in 2017 with annual rental payments of \$59,850. The lease has two five-year renewal options at the expiration of the initial term.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases for years subsequent to December 31, 2010 are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	
(dollars in thousands)	
2011	\$ 60
2012	60
2013	60
2014	60
2015	60
Thereafter	<u>100</u>
Total	<u>\$ 400</u>

Total rental expense related to the operating leases was \$85,538, \$106,350, and \$120,281 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is included in occupancy expense.

Note 8 - Deposits

The composition of deposits at December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Total</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Total</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Demand deposits	\$ 54,837	13%	\$ 44,924	12%
Interest checking and money market	187,493	43%	137,708	37%
Savings	37,624	8%	32,120	8%
Time deposits \$100,000 and over	59,431	14%	64,736	17%
Other time deposits	<u>94,648</u>	<u>22%</u>	<u>97,286</u>	<u>26%</u>
Total	<u>\$ 434,033</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 376,774</u>	<u>100%</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 8 – Deposits (Continued)

The maturities of fixed-rate time deposits at December 31, 2010 are reflected in the table below:

Year ending December 31,	Time Deposits \$100,000 and Over	Other Time Deposits
	(dollars in thousands)	
2011	\$ 39,225	\$ 62,597
2012	6,788	9,698
2013	7,755	12,595
2014	748	3,363
2015	4,915	6,395
Thereafter	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 59,431</u>	<u>\$ 94,648</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 9 - Short-Term Borrowed Funds

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the amounts, year-end weighted average rates, average balances, weighted average rate, and maximum month-end balances for short-term borrowed funds, at and during 2010 and 2009:

	2010		2009	
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in thousands)			
<u>At year-end</u>				
Federal funds purchased	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	0.00%
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Master notes and other short term borrowing	10,423	0.94%	11,482	0.50%
Notes payable	59	3.82%	58	3.80%
Short-term line of credit	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Short-term advances from FHLB	10,000	4.42%	15,400	0.36%
	<u>\$ 20,482</u>	<u>2.64%</u>	<u>\$ 26,940</u>	<u>0.42%</u>

	2010		2009	
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in thousands)			
<u>Average for the year</u>				
Federal funds purchased	\$ 7	1.17%	\$ 273	1.05%
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	-	0.00%	669	0.89%
Master notes and other short term borrowing	11,174	0.95%	11,298	0.83%
Notes payable	58	3.76%	56	3.25%
Short-term line of credit	-	0.00%	724	1.68%
Short-term advances from FHLB	15,272	3.83%	11,401	1.70%
	<u>\$ 26,511</u>	<u>2.62%</u>	<u>\$ 24,421</u>	<u>1.29%</u>

	2010		2009	
	(dollars in thousands)			
<u>Maximum month-end balance</u>				
Federal funds purchased	\$	300	\$	1,250
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		-		1,740
Master notes and other short term borrowing		13,454		12,559
Notes payable		58		58
Short-term line of credit		-		2,600
Short-term advances from FHLB		23,920		24,275

Federal funds purchased represent unsecured overnight borrowings from other financial institutions. Securities sold under repurchase agreements represent short-term borrowings collateralized by securities of the United States government or its agencies. Master notes and other secured borrowings represent an overnight investment in commercial paper issued by the Company to customers of its subsidiary banks, where an agreement is in place and borrowings secured by the Uwharrie Loan Pool.

On September 25, 2007, the Company borrowed \$6.6 million from a bank at an interest rate of prime less one percent. During 2008 principal payments were made on this note in the amount of \$4.0 million. The remaining balance of \$2.6 million was paid off during 2009.

Note 9 - Short-Term Borrowed Funds (Continued)

The subsidiary banks have combined available lines of credit for federal funds in the amount of \$27.5 million at December 31, 2010.

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt

The Company has a line of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank secured by qualifying first lien and second mortgage loans, commercial real estate loans and investment securities with eligible collateral value of \$72.9 million at December 31, 2010. The long-term advances under this line amounted to \$24.0 million and \$19.0 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Interest rates ranged from 1.15% to 4.46% in 2010 and from 1.57% to 5.50% in 2009. The subsidiary banks also have standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank to be used as collateral for public funds deposits. The amount of the letters of credit was \$7.2 million at December 31, 2010.

During the second and third quarters of 2008, the Company began a private placement of up to 7,500 fixed rate junior subordinated debt securities at \$1,000 per security with a required minimum investment of \$50,000. These securities have a final maturity date of June 30, 2015 and may be redeemed by the Company after June 30, 2010. The junior subordinated debt pays interest quarterly at an annual fixed rate of 5.75%. The proceeds of this private placement qualify and are included in the calculation of Tier 2 capital. At the end of the offering period the Company had raised \$7.4 million that was outstanding at December 31, 2010. Once the final maturity drops under five years, the Company must impose a twenty percent reduction per year of the amount of the proceeds from the sale of these securities that is eligible to be counted as Tier 2 capital. At December 31, 2010 \$1.5 million of the \$7.4 million was excluded as Tier 2 capital. These securities will be redeemed on March 31, 2011 and replaced with a new issue for subordinated debt securities discussed below.

During the third quarter of 2010, the Company began a private placement of up to 10,000 fixed rate junior subordinated debt securities at \$1,000 per security with a required minimum investment of \$50,000. These securities may be redeemed by the Company after December 31, 2013 and have a final maturity date is December 31, 2018. The junior subordinated debt securities pay interest quarterly at an annual fixed rate of 5.75%. The proceeds of this private placement qualify and are included in the calculation of Tier 2 capital. At December 31, 2010 the Company had raised and had outstanding \$2.5 million of this private placement.

On November 19, 2002, the Company executed a mortgage in the amount of \$129,000 for the purchase of property for branch expansion. This loan bears interest at 6.00% and is to be paid in 60 quarterly installments of \$3,277. The outstanding principal balance on this note was \$74,456 at December 31, 2010.

On May 13, 2009, the Company executed a note payable in the amount of \$200,000 for the purchase of existing leased office space. The note bears interest at 3.43% and is to be paid in four equal annual payments of \$50,000. The outstanding balance of this note was \$150,000 at December 31, 2010.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, the scheduled maturities of these advances and notes payable are as follows:

	<u>Year ending December 31,</u> (dollars in thousands)	
2012	\$	13,059
2013		9,560
2014		1,511
2015		7,430
2016		2,501
Thereafter		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>34,061</u>

Note 11 - Income Tax Matters

The significant components of income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended December 31 are summarized as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Current tax expense:			
Federal	\$ 1,021	\$ 428	\$ 1,225
State	221	146	307
Total	<u>1,242</u>	<u>574</u>	<u>1,532</u>
Deferred tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	(891)	(620)	(607)
State	(200)	(117)	(121)
Total	<u>(1,091)</u>	<u>(737)</u>	<u>(728)</u>
Net provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ (163)</u>	<u>\$ 804</u>

The difference between the provision for income taxes and the amounts computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate of 34% to income before income taxes is summarized below:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Tax computed at the statutory federal rate	\$ 294	\$ 179	\$ 963
Increases (decrease) resulting from:			
Tax exempt interest, net	(179)	(269)	(267)
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	14	19	123
Other	22	(92)	(15)
Provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ (163)</u>	<u>\$ 804</u>

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of deferred taxes at December 31 are as follows:

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11 - Income Tax Matters (Continued)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Deferred tax assets relating to:			
Net unrealized loss on securities available for sale	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 979
Allowance for loan losses	3,253	1,772	1,305
Deferred compensation	518	635	494
Other	<u>198</u>	<u>462</u>	<u>126</u>
Total deferred tax assets	3,969	2,869	2,904
Deferred tax liabilities relating to:			
Net unrealized gain on securities available for sale	(197)	(613)	-
Premises and equipment	(381)	(371)	(301)
Deferred loans fees and costs	(212)	(214)	(213)
Loan servicing	(186)	(158)	(41)
Prepaid expenses	(130)	(157)	(138)
Other	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>(1,106)</u>	<u>(1,513)</u>	<u>(693)</u>
Net recorded deferred tax asset	<u>\$ 2,863</u>	<u>\$ 1,356</u>	<u>\$ 2,211</u>

The net deferred tax asset is included in other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The subsidiary banks are parties to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of their customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, lines of credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve elements of credit risk in excess of amounts recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

The subsidiary banks' risks of loss with the unfunded loans and lines of credit or standby letters of credit are represented by the contractual amount of these instruments. The Banks use the same credit policies in making commitments under such instruments as they do for on-balance sheet instruments. The amount of collateral obtained, if any, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, real estate and time deposits with financial institutions. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Credit card commitments are unsecured.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, outstanding financial instruments whose contract amounts represent credit risk were as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	(dollars in thousands)	
Commitments to extend credit	\$ 82,455	\$ 91,648
Credit card commitments	8,790	8,697
Standby letters of credit	<u>1,626</u>	<u>881</u>
	<u>\$ 92,871</u>	<u>\$ 101,226</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company is involved in various legal proceedings. In the opinion of management, any liability resulting from such proceedings would not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Financial Instruments with Concentration of Credit Risk

The bank subsidiaries make commercial, agricultural, real estate mortgage, home equity and consumer loans primarily in Stanly, Anson and Cabarrus counties. A substantial portion of the Company's customers' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on the economy in these counties.

Although the Company's composition of loans is diversified, there is some concentration of mortgage loans in the total portfolio. The Banks' policy is to abide by real estate loan-to-value margin limits corresponding to guidelines issued by the federal supervisory agencies on March 19, 1993. Lending policy for all loans requires that they be supported by sufficient cash flows. Credit losses related to this real estate concentration are consistent with credit losses experienced in the portfolio as a whole.

Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

The Company has granted loans to certain directors and executive officers and their related interests. Such loans are made on substantially the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other borrowers and, in management's opinion, do not involve more than the normal risk of collectibility. All loans to directors and executive officers or their interests are submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. A summary of loans to directors, executive officers and their related interests follows: (dollars in thousands)

Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	14,789
Disbursements during the year		11,091
Collections during the year		<u>(7,648)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	<u>18,232</u>

At December 31, 2010, the Company had approved, but unused lines of credit, totaling \$5.0 million to executive officers and directors, and their related interests.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 14 – Shareholders’ Equity and Regulatory Matters

The Company and its bank subsidiaries, are subject to certain requirements imposed by state and federal banking statutes and regulations. These requirements, among other things, establish minimum levels of capital, restrict the amount of dividends that may be distributed, and require that reserves on deposit liabilities be maintained in the form of vault cash or deposits with the Federal Reserve Bank.

The Company and its subsidiary banks are subject to federal regulatory risk-based capital guidelines for banks and bank holding companies. Each must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measure of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices which measure Total and Tier 1 Capital to risk-weighted assets and Tier 1 Capital to average assets. Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy and the Company’s consolidated capital ratios are set forth in the table below. The Company expects to meet or exceed these minimums without altering current operations or strategy.

	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Minimum For Capital Requirement</u>		<u>Minimum to Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
<u>December 31, 2010</u>						
Total Capital to Risk						
Weighted Assets:						
Consolidated	\$ 55,534	14.4%	\$ 30,793	8.0%	\$ N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	32,520	12.6%	20,590	8.0%	25,738	10.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	5,276	13.8%	3,050	8.0%	3,812	10.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	12,697	13.3%	7,623	8.0%	9,529	10.0%
Tier I Capital to Risk						
Weighted Assets:						
Consolidated	42,171	11.0%	15,396	4.0%	N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	29,263	11.4%	10,295	4.0%	15,443	6.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	4,793	12.6%	1,525	4.0%	2,287	6.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	11,500	12.1%	3,811	4.0%	5,717	6.0%
Tier I Capital to						
Average Assets:						
Consolidated	42,171	7.8%	21,615	4.0%	N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	29,263	8.4%	13,956	4.0%	17,445	5.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	4,793	8.4%	2,274	4.0%	2,842	5.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	11,500	8.9%	5,184	4.0%	6,480	5.0%

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 14 – Shareholders’ Equity and Regulatory Matters (Continued)

	Actual		Minimum For Capital Requirement		Minimum to Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
(Dollars in thousands)						
<u>December 31, 2009</u>						
Total Capital to Risk						
Weighted Assets:						
Consolidated	\$ 54,052	14.0%	\$ 30,908	8.0%	\$ N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	32,980	12.9%	20,413	8.0%	25,516	10.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	5,278	13.3%	3,165	8.0%	3,956	10.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	12,260	13.8%	7,120	8.0%	8,901	10.0%
Tier I Capital to Risk						
Weighted Assets:						
Consolidated	42,024	10.9%	15,454	4.0%	N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	29,782	11.7%	10,206	4.0%	15,310	6.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	4,795	12.1%	1,582	4.0%	2,374	6.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	11,332	12.7%	3,560	4.0%	5,340	6.0%
Tier I Capital to Average Assets:						
Consolidated	42,204	8.8%	19,086	4.0%	N/A	-%
Bank of Stanly	29,782	9.4%	12,709	4.0%	15,887	5.0%
Anson Bank and Trust	4,795	8.8%	2,171	4.0%	2,714	5.0%
Cabarrus Bank and Trust	11,322	10.9%	4,161	4.0%	5,201	5.0%

As of December 31, 2010, the most recent notification from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation categorized all of the Company’s subsidiary banks as being well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There have been no conditions or events since such notification that management believes would have changed the categorizations.

On December 23, 2008, the Company entered into a letter agreement with the United States Department of Treasury to sell 10,000 shares of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series A (the “Senior Preferred”) with a redemption value of \$10.0 million. The Company also issued a warrant to the Treasury that was immediately exercised for 500 shares of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B (the “Warrant Preferred”) with redemption value of \$500,000. Combined proceeds received for the issuance of both the Senior Preferred and the Warrant Preferred was \$10.0 million, resulting in a net discount that has been allocated between the two issues based upon their relative fair values. As a condition of the Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, the Company must obtain consent from the United States Department of the Treasury to repurchase its common stock or to pay a cash dividend. Furthermore, the Company has agreed to certain restrictions on executive compensation.

The Senior Preferred qualifies as Tier 1 capital and will pay cumulative dividends at a rate of 5% per year, for the first five years, and 9% per year thereafter. Under the terms of the agreement, the Senior Preferred may be redeemed with prior approval from the Federal Reserve in the first three years with the proceeds from the issuance of certain qualifying Tier 1 capital or after three years at par value plus accrued and unpaid dividends.

The Warrant Preferred also qualifies as Tier 1 capital and will pay cumulative dividends at a rate of 9% per year. Under the terms of the agreement, the Warrant Preferred may be redeemed after the Senior Preferred has been completely redeemed, at par value plus accrued and unpaid

Note 14 – Shareholders’ Equity and Regulatory Matters (Continued)

dividends. It is the Company’s intention to redeem both issues of preferred stock no later than the fifth anniversary of their issuance. Accordingly, the net discount of \$500,000 is going to be amortized over five years. At December 31, 2010 the remaining discount was \$300,000.

On December 31, 2008, the Company entered into agreements with its subsidiary banks to sell Fixed Rate Noncumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock to the Company to provide an avenue for pushing portions of the funds received from Company’s issuance of preferred stock down to the subsidiary bank level. At December 31, 2010, Uwharrie Capital Corp had invested \$3.0 million in Stanly, \$1.0 million in Anson and \$3.0 million in Cabarrus.

The Company and its subsidiaries must receive Federal Reserve approval before paying common and preferred stock dividends.

All of the Company’s aforementioned investments in its subsidiary banks qualify for Tier 1 capital treatment and are included as such in their respective year end capital ratios.

For the reserve maintenance period in effect at December 31, 2010, the subsidiary banks were required to maintain reserve balances in cash or on deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank in the aggregate amount of \$2.9 million as reserves on deposit liabilities.

Stock Repurchase Program

On February 21, 1995, the Company’s Board of Directors authorized and approved a Stock Repurchase Program, to be reaffirmed annually, pursuant to which the Company may repurchase shares of the Company’s common stock for the primary purpose of providing liquidity to its shareholders. Pursuant to stock repurchase authorizations and limitations, the Company purchased 111,258 shares during 2008 at an aggregate purchase price of \$570,839. There were no shares repurchased during 2009 or 2010.

Pursuant to the terms of the United States Department of the Treasury’s investment in the Company’s preferred stock under the Capital Purchase Program (“CPP”), the Company must obtain the prior consent of the United States Department of the Treasury to repurchase its common stock under the Stock Purchase Plan or otherwise or to pay a cash dividend.

Note 15 - Stock Based Compensation

During 1996, the Company adopted the 1996 Incentive Stock Option Plan (“SOP”) and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“SPP”), under which options to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock may be granted to officers and eligible employees. Options granted under the SOP are exercisable in established increments according to vesting schedules, generally three to five years, and will expire if not exercised within ten years of the date of grant. Options granted under the SPP are fully vested at the date of grant and expire if not exercised within two years of the grant date. Both of these plans expired in 2006. At December 31, 2010, the SOP had 168,211 shares still outstanding and the SPP had no options outstanding.

During 2006, the Company adopted the 2006 Incentive Stock Option Plan (“SOP II”) and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“SPP II”), under which options to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock may be granted to officers and eligible employees. Options granted under the SOP II are exercisable in established increments according to vesting schedules, generally three to five years, and will expire if not exercised within ten years of the date of grant. Options granted under the SPP II are fully vested at the date of grant and expire if not exercised

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 15 - Stock Based Compensation (Continued)

within two years of the grant date. At December 31, 2010, the SOP II had 12,360 shares outstanding and the SPP II had no options outstanding.

Employee Stock Plans

The following is a summary of stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)</u>
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	280,715	\$ 4.75	\$ -
Options granted	-	-	
Options exercised	-	-	
Forfeitures	<u>(100,144)</u>	<u>4.48</u>	
Options outstanding at the end of the year	<u>180,571</u>	<u>\$ 4.90</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Options exercisable at the end of the year	<u>173,155</u>	<u>\$ 4.88</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Total options outstanding at December 31, 2010 were 180,571 at an exercise price range of \$4.00 to \$5.60 per share with a weighted average expected term of 2.35 years. Exercisable options at December 31, 2010 were 173,155 options at an exercise price range of \$4.00 to \$5.60 per share. At December 31, 2010, authorized shares of common stock reserved for future grants of options totaled 154,971 under the SOP II, and 103,234 under the SPP II.

The fair market value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. There were no shares granted during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 under the SOP II. There were 12,360 shares granted in 2008.

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested stock options as of December 31, 2010, and changes during the year then ended is presented below:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</u>
Non-vested December 31, 2009	9,888	\$ 1.60
Granted	-	-
Vested	(2,472)	1.60
Forfeited	-	-
Non-vested December 31, 2010	<u>7,416</u>	1.60

The grant date fair value of stock options vested over the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$3,960, \$26,438 and \$22,478 respectively.

As of December 31, 2010, there was \$8,328 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under all of the Company's stock benefit plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.3 years.

The Company funds the option shares from authorized but unissued shares. The Company does not typically purchase shares to fulfill the obligations of the stock benefit plans. Company policy does allow option holders to exercise options with seasoned shares.

Note 15 - Stock Based Compensation (Continued)

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2008 the intrinsic value of options exercised was \$74,409. There were no options exercised in 2009 or 2010.

Note 16 - Employee and Director Benefit Plans

Employees' Savings Plus and Profit Sharing Plan

The Company has established an associate tax deferred savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All associates are eligible to make elective deferrals on the first day if calendar month coincident or next following the date the associate attains the age of 18, completes one year of eligibility service and completes at least 1,000 hours of service and is 100% vested in the plan once they enroll.

The Company's annual contribution to the plan was \$296,466 in 2010, \$210,884 in 2009 and \$206,478 in 2008, determined as follows:

- The Company will contribute a safe harbor matching contribution in an amount equal to :(i) 100% of the matched employee contributions that are not in excess of 3% of compensation, plus (ii) 50% of the amount of the matched employee contributions that exceed 3% of compensation, but do not exceed 5% of compensation.
- A discretionary contribution, subject to approval by the Board of Directors, limited to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount deductible for income tax purposes.

Directors' Deferred Compensation Plan

On March 1, 1994, the Company established a Directors' Deferred Compensation Plan in accordance with the laws of the State of North Carolina under which each Director could elect to defer receipt for services rendered to the Company as a Director during the term of his or her service by entering into a written deferred compensation election. This plan was closed to new participants in 2001; subsequently, only two directors continued to defer receipt of fees in 2007 and one director continued in 2008. The balance in deferred directors' compensation, not yet disbursed, was \$165,487 at December 31, 2008. The plan was terminated in 2009 and all funds have been disbursed. Expense for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$12,078 and \$12,298, respectively.

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

The Company established an Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP") to benefit all qualified employees. The ESOP purchased 293,216 dividend adjusted shares of common stock in 1999 with proceeds received from a loan of \$1.2 million from the Company. The loan is to be repaid over eighteen years with interest at 8%. The loan may be prepaid without penalty. The unallocated shares of stock held by the ESOP are pledged as collateral for the loan. The ESOP is funded by contributions made by the Company and its subsidiaries in amounts sufficient to retire the debt. At December 31, 2010, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$591,925 and is presented as a reduction of shareholders' equity.

At the debt payments are made on the loans, shares associated with those debt payments are released to the ESOP and allocated among active participants on the basis of compensation in the year of allocation. Benefits vest 100% as they are allocated to participants. Dividends on

Note 16 - Employee and Director Benefit Plans (Continued)

unallocated shares may be used by the ESOP to repay the loan to the Company and are not reported as dividends in the financial statements. Dividends on allocated or committed to be allocated shares are credited to the accounts of the participants and reported as dividends in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company established a \$500,000 line of credit to the ESOP in the third quarter of 2010 for the purpose of purchasing shares for the ESOP plan. An advance of \$100,000 was made under this line of credit, and a total of 18,906 unallocated shares were purchased from the open market from the advance proceeds and pledged as collateral. The remaining amount under this advance available to purchase shares was \$35,414 at December 31, 2010. The unused balance of the line of credit at December 31, 2010 was \$400,000. This amount is available for future advances to purchase stock for the ESOP plan. At December 31, 2010, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$100,000 and is presented as a reduction of shareholders' equity.

During 2010 the Company expensed approximately 2% of salaries as a contribution to the ESOP Plan compared to 3% contributed in 2009 and 2008. The reduction in the percentage contributed was due to an increase in contributions to the Employees' Savings Plus and Profit Sharing Plan which was increased from a maximum match of 3% to a maximum match of 4% of associate contributions. Expenses of \$229,011, \$350,068 and \$326,633 during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, were incurred in connection with the ESOP.

At December 31, 2010, 369,602 shares held by the ESOP, including additional shares purchased, have been released or committed to be released to the ESOP's participants for purposes of computing earnings per share. There were 116,642 shares unallocated with a fair value of approximately \$416,412 at December 31, 2010.

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

The Company has implemented a non-qualifying deferred compensation plan for certain executive officers. Certain of the plan benefits will accrue and vest during the period of employment and will be paid in fixed monthly benefit payments for up to ten years commencing with the officer's retirement at any time after attainment of the age specified in the officer's plan agreement. The plan also provides for payment of death benefits and for payment of disability benefits in the event the officer becomes permanently disabled prior to attainment of retirement age.

Effective December 31, 2008, this plan was amended and restated to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. The participants' account liability balances as of December 31, 2008 could be transferred into a trust fund, where investments will be participant-directed.

The plan is structured as a defined contribution plan and the Company's expected annual funding contribution for the participants has been calculated through the participant's expected retirement date. Under terms of the agreement, the Company has reserved the absolute right, at its sole discretion, to either fund or refrain from funding the plan. The plan also provides for payment of death benefits and for payment of disability benefits in the event the officer becomes permanently disabled prior to attainment of retirement age.

During 2010, 2009 and 2008 a provision of \$266,800, \$500,800 and \$383,800, respectively, was expensed for future benefits to be provided under the plan. The liability accrued for compensation deferred under the plan amounts to \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 16 - Employee and Director Benefit Plans (Continued)

Split-Dollar Life Insurance

The Company has entered into Life Insurance Endorsement Method Split-Dollar Agreements with certain officers. Under these agreements, upon death of the officer, the Company first recovers the cash surrender value of the contract and then shares the remaining death benefits from insurance contracts, which are written with different carriers, with the designated beneficiaries of the officers. The death benefit to the officers' beneficiaries is a multiple of base salary at the time of the agreements. The Company, as owner of the policies, retains an interest in the life insurance proceeds and a 100% interest in the cash surrender value of the policies. During 2010 and 2009, the expense associated with these policies was \$(12,322) and \$35,829, respectively.

Note 17- Fair Values of Financial Instruments and Interest Rate Risk

ASC 825, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis.

The fair value estimates presented at December 31, 2010 and 2009, are based on relevant market information and information about the financial instruments. Fair value estimates are intended to represent the price at which an asset could be sold or the price for which a liability could be settled for. However, given there is no active market or observable market transactions for many of the Company's financial instruments, the Company has made estimates of many of these fair values which are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimated values. The estimated fair values disclosed in the following table do not represent market values of all assets and liabilities of the Company and should not be interpreted to represent the underlying value of the Company. The following table reflects a comparison of carrying amounts and the estimated fair value of the financial instruments as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

	2010		2009	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
	(dollars in thousands)			
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,624	\$ 13,630	\$ 10,859	\$ 10,896
Securities available for sale	96,395	96,395	76,317	76,317
Loans held for investment, net	387,769	392,017	348,453	363,619
Loans held for sale	6,286	6,286	2,628	2,628
FHLB Stock and FRB Stock	4,031	4,031	3,980	3,980
Bank-owned life insurance	5,975	5,975	5,714	5,714
Mortgage servicing rights	2,134	2,522	1,890	2,193
Accrued interest receivables	2,408	2,408	2,077	2,077
Financial Liabilities				
Deposits	\$ 434,033	\$ 439,298	\$ 376,774	\$ 400,997
Short-term borrowings	20,482	20,482	26,940	26,940
Long-term debt	34,061	35,625	26,643	28,173
Accrued interest payable	342	342	396	396

Note 17- Fair Values of Financial Instruments and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, which includes \$750,000 in time deposits with other institutions and accrued interest, approximate their fair values due to the short period of time until their expected realization. Securities available for sale are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. It is not practicable to determine fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability so it is presented at its carrying value. The carrying amount of bank-owned life insurance is the current cash surrender value. Fair value for mortgage servicing assets is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics, when available, or based upon discounted cash flows using market-based assumptions.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating the fair value of financial instruments:

- Loans – The fair value of loans is estimated based on discounted expected cash flows using the current interest rates at which similar loans would be made. Loans held for sale, which represent current mortgage production forward sales not yet delivered, are valued based on current market prices. The fair value of loans does not consider the lack of liquidity and uncertainty in the market that would affect the valuation.
- Deposits – The fair value of checking, savings and money market deposits is deemed equal to the amount payable on demand. The fair value of certificates of deposit is estimated based on discounted cash flow analysis using offered market rates. The fair value of deposits does not consider any customer related intangibles.
- Borrowings – The fair value disclosed for short-term borrowings, which are composed of overnight borrowings and debt due within one year approximate the carrying value for such debt. The estimated fair value for long-term borrowings are estimated based on discounted cash flow analysis using offered market rates. The fair value of the unsecured debt does not consider the lack of liquidity and uncertainty in the market that would affect the valuation.

At December 31, 2010, the subsidiary banks had outstanding standby letters of credit and commitments to extend credit. These off-balance sheet financial instruments are generally exercisable at the market rate prevailing at the date the underlying transaction will be completed; therefore, they were deemed to have no current fair value. See Note 12.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 17- Fair Values of Financial Instruments and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The following table provides fair value information for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

	December 31, 2010			
	Total	(dollars in thousands)		Level 3
	Level 1	Level 2		
Securities available for sale:				
US Treasury	\$ 51,148	\$ 51,148	\$ -	\$ -
US Gov't	25,463	25,463	-	-
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	8,900	-	8,900	-
State and political subdivisions	10,884	-	10,884	-
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 96,395</u>	<u>\$ 76,611</u>	<u>\$ 19,784</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
	December 31, 2009			
	Total	(dollars in thousands)		Level 3
	Level 1	Level 2		
Securities available for sale:				
US Treasury	\$ 3,019	\$ 3,019	\$ -	\$ -
US Gov't	20,971	20,971	-	-
Mortgage-backed securities and CMO's	35,242	-	35,242	-
Private label CMO's	7,500	-	7,500	-
State and political subdivisions	9,585	-	9,585	-
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 76,317</u>	<u>\$ 23,990</u>	<u>\$ 52,327</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 17- Fair Values of Financial Instruments and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Prices for US Treasury and government agency securities are readily available in the active markets in which those securities are traded, and the resulting fair values are shown in the 'Level 1 input' column. Prices for mortgage-backed securities and for state, county and municipal securities are obtained for similar securities, and the resulting fair values are shown in the 'Level 2 input' column. Prices for non-marketable investments are determined based on various assumptions that are not observable. The fair values for these investment securities are shown in the 'Level 3 input' column. Non-marketable investment securities, which are carried at their purchase price, include those that may only be redeemed by the issuer.

The Company may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or market that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis are included in the table below as of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	December 31, 2010			
	(dollars in thousands)			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Impaired loans	\$ 12,265	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,265
Loans held for sale	6,286	-	6,286	-
Other real estate owned	275	-	-	275
Mortgage servicing rights	<u>2,522</u>	-	-	<u>2,522</u>
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 21,348</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,286</u>	<u>\$ 15,062</u>
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
	December 31, 2009			
	(dollars in thousands)			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Impaired loans	\$ 13,519	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,519
Loans held for sale	2,628	-	2,628	-
Other real estate owned	3,419	-	-	3,419
Mortgage servicing rights	<u>2,193</u>	-	-	<u>2,193</u>
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 21,759</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,628</u>	<u>\$ 19,131</u>
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

ASC 825 allows an entity to elect to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the income statement each period. The statement also requires additional disclosures to identify the effects of an entity's fair value election on its earnings. Upon the adoption of ASC 825, the Company did not elect to report any assets and liabilities at fair value.

Note 17- Fair Values of Financial Instruments and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Company assumes interest rate risk (the risk that general interest rate levels will change) in the course of its normal operations. As a result, fair values of the Company's financial instruments will change when interest rate levels change and that change may be either favorable or unfavorable to the Company. Management attempts to match maturities of assets and liabilities to the extent believed necessary to minimize interest rate risk. However, borrowers with fixed rate obligations are more likely to prepay in a falling rate environment and less likely to prepay in a rising rate environment. Conversely, depositors who are receiving fixed rates are more likely to withdraw funds before maturity in a rising rate environment and less likely to do so in a falling rate environment. Management monitors rates and maturities of assets and liabilities and attempts to minimize interest rate risk by adjusting terms of new loans and deposits and by investing in securities with terms that mitigate the Company's overall interest rate risk.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 18 - Parent Company Financial Data

The following is a summary of the condensed financial statements of Uwharrie Capital Corp:

Condensed Balance Sheets

	December 31,	
	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)	
Assets		
Cash and demand deposits with bank subsidiaries	\$ 859	\$ 408
Interest-earning deposits with bank subsidiaries	11,271	12,030
Investments in:		
Bank subsidiaries	46,878	47,908
Nonbank subsidiaries	704	358
Other assets	2,612	2,556
Total assets	<u>\$ 62,324</u>	<u>\$ 63,260</u>
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Master notes	\$ 8,594	\$ 11,482
Junior subordinated debentures	9,895	7,419
Other liabilities	342	335
Shareholders' equity	43,493	44,024
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$ 62,324</u>	<u>\$ 63,260</u>

Condensed Statement of Operations

	2010	2009	2008
	(dollars in thousands)		
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	\$ 1,445	\$ 1,260	\$ 2,738
Interest income	50	113	133
Management and service fees	6,407	5,468	4,464
Other income	26	91	94
Interest expense	(479)	(533)	(535)
Other operating expense	(7,003)	(6,122)	(5,230)
Income tax benefit	267	413	365
Net income	<u>\$ 713</u>	<u>\$ 690</u>	<u>\$ 2,029</u>
Net income	\$ 713	\$ 690	\$ 2,029
Dividends – preferred stock	(645)	(642)	(13)
Net Income available to common shareholders	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ 48</u>	<u>\$ 2,016</u>
Net income per common share			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding			
Basic	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,482,488
Diluted	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,520,484

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 18 - Parent Company Financial Data (Continued)

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	(dollars in thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 713	\$ 690	\$ 2,029
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
Provided (used) by operating activities:			
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(1,445)	(1,260)	(2,738)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	74	(753)	(2,012)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	7	(30)	(72)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(651)</u>	<u>(1,353)</u>	<u>(2,793)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Dividends received from subsidiaries	<u>1,300</u>	<u>900</u>	<u>200</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,300</u>	<u>900</u>	<u>200</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net increase (decrease) in master notes	(2,888)	2,579	(727)
Net increase (decrease) in long-term debt	-	(2,600)	(4,000)
Net proceeds from issuance of junior subordinated debentures	2,476	-	7,419
Repurchase of common stock	-	-	(571)
Net proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	-	-	10,500
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	-	301
Preferred stock purchased from bank subsidiaries	-	-	(7,000)
Dividends on preferred stock	(545)	(542)	(13)
Tax benefit of stock options exercised	-	-	26
Cash paid for fractional shares	-	-	(7)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	<u>(957)</u>	<u>(563)</u>	<u>5,928</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(308)	(1,016)	3,335
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>12,438</u>	<u>13,454</u>	<u>10,119</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 12,130</u>	<u>\$ 12,438</u>	<u>\$ 13,454</u>

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Selected Financial Data

Selected Financial Data

(in thousands except per share and shares outstanding information)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Summary of Operations					
Interest income	\$ 24,487	\$ 25,062	\$ 25,564	\$ 26,909	\$ 24,353
Interest expense	<u>5,951</u>	<u>7,697</u>	<u>9,828</u>	<u>11,876</u>	<u>10,702</u>
Net interest income	18,536	17,365	15,736	15,033	13,651
Provision for loan losses	4,919	1,732	969	15	298
Noninterest income	9,898	5,824	6,597	6,590	5,469
Noninterest expense	22,651	20,930	18,531	17,362	15,918
Income tax expense(benefit)	<u>151</u>	<u>(163)</u>	<u>804</u>	<u>1,287</u>	<u>833</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 713</u>	<u>\$ 690</u>	<u>\$ 2,029</u>	<u>\$ 2,959</u>	<u>\$ 2,071</u>
Per Common Share					
Net income – basic (1)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.27
Net income – diluted (1)	0.01	0.01	0.27	0.39	0.26
Book value (1)	4.38	4.47	4.11	4.14	3.76
Weighted Average Shares					
Outstanding:					
Basic (1)	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,482,488	7,603,494	7,685,978
Diluted (1)	7,485,373	7,474,140	7,520,484	7,706,832	7,802,102
Ratios					
Return on average assets	0.14%	0.15%	0.48%	0.75%	0.56%
Return on average equity	1.57%	1.60%	6.29%	9.73%	7.32%
Average equity to average assets	8.83%	9.15%	7.63%	7.73%	7.67%
Selected Year-end Balances					
Assets	\$ 535,426	\$ 477,846	\$ 452,468	\$ 411,944	\$ 383,261
Loans held for investment	387,769	353,729	340,830	321,987	288,135
Securities	96,395	76,317	68,835	51,005	37,150
Deposits	434,033	376,774	353,627	324,657	309,600
Borrowed funds	54,543	53,583	54,751	53,619	42,329
Shareholders' equity	43,493	44,024	41,233	31,574	29,633
Selected Average Balances					
Assets	\$ 514,425	\$ 471,729	\$ 422,857	\$ 393,188	\$ 368,781
Loans held for investment	375,381	346,976	335,791	308,149	293,394
Securities	86,780	78,049	48,926	41,188	35,227
Deposits	406,304	369,957	337,384	312,261	289,742
Borrowed funds	58,291	55,084	50,643	48,075	48,510
Shareholders' equity	45,425	43,182	32,245	30,402	28,299

(1) Net income per share, book value per share, weighted average shares outstanding and shares outstanding at year-end for 2006 through 2008 have been adjusted to reflect 3% stock dividends issued in 2008, 2007 and 2006. There was not a stock dividend issued in 2010 or 2009.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Management's Discussion And Analysis of Financial Condition
And Results of Operations

A discussion and analysis of the Company's operating results and financial condition are presented in the following narrative and financial tables. The comments are intended to supplement and should be reviewed in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing on pages 8 – 49 of this Annual Report. References to changes in assets and liabilities represent end of period balances unless otherwise noted. All references in this Annual Report to net income per share and weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding have been adjusted to reflect 3% stock dividends in 2008 and 2007. Statements contained in this Annual Report, which are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Amounts herein could vary as a result of market and other factors. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, factors discussed in documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. Such forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of such words as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "should," "might," "planned," "estimated," and "potential." Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, estimates with respect to the financial condition, expected or anticipated revenue, results of operations and business of the Company that are subject to various factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from these estimates. These factors include, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, changes in interest rates, deposit flows, loan demand, real estate values, and competition; changes in accounting principles, policies, or guidelines; changes in legislation or regulation; and other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory, and technological factors affecting the Company's operations, pricing, products and services.

Financial Condition at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009

The Company's total assets increased \$57.6 million or 12.1% from \$477.8 million at December 31, 2009 to \$535.4 million at December 31, 2010. This increase resulted primarily from a \$34.1 million increase in loans held for investment and a \$20.1 million increase in securities available for sale.

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$2.8 million during the year ended December 31, 2010. Cash and due from banks declined \$2.6 million, while interest-earning deposits with banks increased \$5.3 million.

Investment securities increased \$20.1 million or 26.3%, from \$76.3 million at December 31, 2009 to \$96.4 million at December 31, 2010. At December 31, 2009 the Company owned \$7.5 million in private label CMOs. With the continued erosion in the underlying collateral, management made the decision to sell the entire private label CMO portfolio during the first quarter of 2010 resulting in a realized loss of \$107,000. During the year as the Company's loan demand continued to grow along with the need to fund outstanding construction loan commitments, the Company recognized the need to increase its liquidity. The Company made the decision to sell \$32.0 million in investments realizing gains of \$1.5 million. The Company also had calls on state and political subdivision securities totaling \$1.5 million and generating net gains of \$25,000. During the year, the Company purchased \$71.4 million in new securities, reinvesting the proceeds from the aforementioned sales and calls and the influx of cash from the increase in deposits during the period. The Company evaluated its entire investment portfolio for other than temporary impairments. Management believes that all of the unrealized losses totaling \$1.5 million are only temporary. All other investments in the portfolio reflect gains of \$2.1 million. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net unrealized gains of \$531,000.

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Loans held for investment increased \$34.1 million from \$353.7 million at December 31, 2009 to \$387.8 million at December 31, 2010. The Company experienced positive growth trends in all areas of the loan portfolio except commercial and real estate 1-4 family construction, which decreased \$44,000 and \$317,000, respectively. Commercial real estate, other real estate construction and residential real estate increased at a growth rate of 9.6%, 29.6% and 6.1%, respectively. A portion of the increase in other real estate construction lending was related to funding on existing commitments. Loans held for sale increased 139.2% or \$3.7 million compared to the prior year. The allowance for loan losses was \$9.1 million at December 31, 2010, which represents 2.34% of the loan portfolio, an increase from \$5.3 million or 1.49% at December 31, 2009.

Premises and equipment increased \$908,000 or 6.7% during 2010. The Company completed the construction of a new branch in Locust during 2010.

Other changes in our consolidated assets are related to interest receivable, Federal Home Loan Bank stock, bank owned life insurance, other real estate owned and other assets. Bank owned life insurance and interest receivable increased \$261,000 and \$331,000 respectively, while other real estate owned decreased \$1.4 million. The Company was able to sell several foreclosed properties held in other real estate owned during 2010, realizing net losses of \$332,000 from these sales. Federal Home Loan Bank stock increased \$51,000 because member institutions are required to increase their ownership as they increase their utilization of FHLB borrowings. The Company's required ownership in Federal Reserve Bank stock remained at \$779,000 during the year. Other assets increased \$1.2 million for the year, primarily related to an increase in deferred tax assets.

Customer deposits continued to be our principal funding source in 2010, allowing us to fund the growth in assets discussed above. At December 31, 2010, deposits from our customers totaled \$434.0 million, an increase of \$57.2 million, or 15.2%, from \$376.8 million at December 31, 2009. Demand noninterest bearing checking increased \$9.9 million, while interest checking and money market accounts increased \$49.8 million for the period. A portion of this increase is attributed to approximately \$18.0 million in new public funds from one relationship and also from a shift from time deposits to money market accounts. Savings deposits grew \$5.5 million. Time deposits over \$100,000 and other time deposits declined \$5.3 million and \$2.6 million respectively during 2010, primarily from a shift to other deposit accounts.

During 2010 the Company's net borrowings increased by \$960,000. Borrowings consist of both short-term and long-term borrowed funds. The Company utilizes both short-term and long-term advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank. At December 31, 2010, \$34.0 million of the total borrowings of \$54.5 million were attributed to Federal Home Loan Bank advances. During the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company began a second junior subordinated debt offering. At December 31, 2010 an additional \$2.5 million had been raised. See note 10 for additional information on the new offering.

At December 31, 2010, total shareholders' equity was \$43.5 million, a decrease of \$531,000 from December 31, 2009. Net income for the period was \$713,000. Net income was offset by a net increase in unearned ESOP compensation of \$25,000. The ESOP trust set up a new line of credit with the Company to be used to purchase shares for the ESOP. Net income was also offset as the Company recorded \$545,000 in dividends on its series A and B preferred stock for the twelve month period. Unrealized gains on investment securities also declined \$678,000 during the year as a result of the realized gains taken on the aforementioned investment sales. At December 31, 2010, the Company and its subsidiary banks exceeded all applicable regulatory capital requirements.

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Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

Earnings

Uwharrie Capital Corp reported net income of \$713,000 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, as compared to \$690,000 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2009, an increase of \$23,000. Net income available to common shareholders was \$68,000 or \$0.01 per common share at December 31, 2010, compared to \$48,000 or \$0.01 per common share at December 31, 2009. Net income available to common shareholders is net income less any dividends and discount accretions on preferred stock related to the \$10 million of capital received from the United States Department of the Treasury under the capital purchase program in December 2008.

Net Interest Income

As with most financial institutions, the primary component of earnings for our banks is net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income, principally from loan and investment securities portfolios, and interest expense, principally on customer deposits and borrowings. Changes in net interest income result from changes in volume, spread and margin. For this purpose, volume refers to the average dollar level of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, spread refers to the difference between the average yield on interest-earning assets and the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities, and margin refers to net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets. Margin is influenced by the level and relative mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as by levels of noninterest bearing liabilities and capital.

Net interest income increased \$1.2 million to \$18.5 million for 2010 compared to the \$17.4 million earned in 2009. During the year ended December 31, 2010 our growth in the volume of interest-earning assets outpaced the growth in interest-bearing liabilities by \$1.9 million. The average yield on our interest-earning assets decreased 64 basis points to 5.25%, while the average rate we paid for our interest-bearing liabilities decreased 59 basis points. The Company's assets that are interest rate sensitive adjust at the time the Federal Reserve Open Market Committee adjusts interest rates while interest-bearing time deposits adjust at the time of maturity. These decreases resulted in a decrease of five basis points in our interest rate spread, from 3.86% in 2009 to 3.81% in 2010. Our net interest margin for 2010 was 3.99%, compared to 4.12% in 2009. Financial Table 1 on page 62 presents a detailed analysis of the components of the Company's net interest income while Financial Table 2 on page 63 summarizes the effects on net interest income from changes in interest rates and in the dollar volume of the components of interest-earning assets and interest bearing liabilities.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses was \$4.9 million and \$1.7 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively. There were net loan charge-offs of \$1.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 as compared with net loan charge-offs of \$817,000 during the same period of 2009. Refer to the Asset Quality discussion beginning on page 56 for further information.

Noninterest Income

The Company generates most of its revenue from net interest income; however, diversification of our earnings base is of major importance to our long term success. Noninterest income

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increased 70.0%, from \$5.8 million in 2009 to \$9.9 million in 2010, an increase of \$4.1 million. The Company benefited from another strong year of income from mortgage loan sales. Income from mortgage loan sales was \$3.2 million for 2010 compared to \$3.4 million during 2009, a decrease of \$264,000. Mortgage loan rates continued to be attractive for buyers and rates did decline during 2010 allowing customers to be able to refinance again at even lower rates. Service charges on deposit accounts produced earnings of \$2.2 million, a decrease of 6.0%. These decreases were offset by an increase in other service fees and commissions of \$610,000 generated from brokerage commissions and asset management fees which increased \$270,000 to \$1.5 million and other banking fees which increased \$340,000 during 2010. The recent downturn in the economy that impacted the overall stock market and customer's confidence to actively trade during 2009 began to turn around in 2010 attributing to the growth in brokerage commissions and asset management fees. The Company realized gains of \$1.5 million on the securities available for sale compared to realized losses of \$711,000 in 2009. As previously discussed, the Company did not have other-than-temporary impairment during 2010 compared to \$1.8 million 2009.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$22.7 million compared to \$20.9 million for the same period of 2009, an increase of \$1.8 million. Salaries and employee benefits, the largest component of noninterest expense, increased \$121,000, from \$11.5 million for the period ending December 31, 2009 to \$11.6 million for the same period in 2010. This increase is attributable to normal salary increases, additions to staff and higher benefit expenses. Net occupancy and equipment expense had a combined increase of \$189,000. Professional fees and services increased \$262,000 due mainly to increased loan collection costs. Data processing costs reflected a modest increase of \$61,000, while software costs increased by \$72,000. Growth in electronic banking operations, including preparation for new services, created increased expense of \$83,000. Marketing and donations expense grew by \$545,000 and included expenditures associated with advertising, business development and public relations, donations to local charities, sponsorships of local community events and economic development. Other noninterest expense increased \$334,000 for the comparable twelve month period. The table on page 66 reflects the additional breakdown of other noninterest expense. FDIC assessment costs decreased \$163,000 during the twelve month ending December 31, 2010. During 2009, the FDIC had implemented a special one-time assessment which amounted to \$209,000 for the Company's subsidiary banks that did not recur during 2010.

Income Tax Expense

The Company had an income tax expense of \$151,000 for 2010 at an effective tax rate of 17.48% compared to income tax benefit of \$163,000 in 2009. Income taxes computed at the statutory rate are reduced primarily by the eligible amount of interest earned on state and municipal securities and income earned on bank owned life insurance.

Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Earnings

Uwharrie Capital Corp reported net income of \$690,000 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2009, as compared to \$2.0 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008, a decrease of \$1.3 million. Net income available to common shareholders was \$48,000 or \$0.01 per common share at December 31, 2009, compared to \$2.0 million or \$0.27 per common share

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at December 31, 2008. Net income available to common shareholders is net income less any dividends and discount accretions on preferred stock related to the \$10 million of capital received from the United States Department of the Treasury under the capital purchase program in December 2008.

Net Interest Income

As with most financial institutions, the primary component of earnings for our banks is net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income, principally from loan and investment securities portfolios, and interest expense, principally on customer deposits and borrowings. Changes in net interest income result from changes in volume, spread and margin. For this purpose, volume refers to the average dollar level of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, spread refers to the difference between the average yield on interest-earning assets and the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities, and margin refers to net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets. Margin is influenced by the level and relative mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as by levels of noninterest bearing liabilities and capital.

Net interest income increased \$1.7 million to \$17.4 million for 2009 compared to the \$15.7 million earned in 2008. During the year ended December 31, 2009 our growth in the volume of interest-earning assets outpaced the growth in interest-bearing liabilities by \$1.4 million. The average yield on our interest-earning assets decreased 74 basis points to 5.89%, while the average rate we paid for our interest-bearing liabilities decreased 84 basis points. The Company's assets that are interest rate sensitive adjust at the time the Federal Reserve Open Market Committee adjusts interest rates while interest-bearing time deposits adjust at the time of maturity. These decreases resulted in an increase of 10 basis points in our interest rate spread, from 3.76% in 2008 to 3.86% in 2009. Our net interest margin for 2009 was 4.12%, compared to 4.13% in 2008. Financial Table 1 on page 62 presents a detailed analysis of the components of the Company's net interest income while Financial Table 2 on page 63 summarizes the effects on net interest income from changes in interest rates and in the dollar volume of the components of interest-earning assets and interest bearing liabilities.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses was \$1.7 million and \$1.0 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 respectively. There were net loan charge-offs of \$817,000 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2009 as compared with net loan charge-offs of \$118,000 during the same period of 2008. Refer to the Asset Quality discussion beginning on page 56 for further information.

Noninterest Income

The Company generates most of its revenue from net interest income; however, diversification of our earnings base is of major importance to our long term success. Noninterest income decreased 12.1%, from \$6.6 million in 2008 to \$5.8 million in 2009, a decrease of \$773,000. Service charges on deposit accounts produced earnings of \$2.4 million an increase of 5.5%. The Company also benefited from an increase in income from mortgage loan sales of \$2.2 million resulting from an increase in mortgage loan originations. The rate reductions during 2008 by the Federal Reserve attributed to this increase in 2009. These increases were offset by a decrease in other service fees and commissions of \$504,000. Income generated from brokerage commissions and asset management fees decreased \$389,000 to \$1.3 million, while other banking fees decreased \$115,000 or 10.1% during 2009. The recent downturn in the

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economy and the impact it has had on the overall stock market was the attributing factor to the decline in brokerage commissions and asset management fees. The Company had realized losses on the securities available for sale of \$711,000 and a loss of \$172,000 on Silverton Bank stock. As previously discussed, the Company recorded an additional other-than-temporary impairment of \$1.8 million during 2009 compared to \$158,000 in 2008.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$20.9 million compared to \$18.5 million for the same period of 2008, an increase of \$2.4 million. Salaries and employee benefits, the largest component of noninterest expense, increased \$890,000, from \$10.6 million for the period ending December 31, 2008 to \$11.5 million for the same period in 2009. This increase is attributable to normal salary increases, additions to staff and higher benefit expenses. Net occupancy and equipment expense had a combined increase of \$141,000. Professional fees and services increased \$281,000. FDIC assessment costs also increased \$830,000 during the twelve month ending December 31, 2009. Not only has the assessment rate charged by the FDIC to all FDIC-insured financial institutions increased, but also the Company received and utilized FDIC credits that reduced its assessment charges during 2008. Other noninterest expense increased \$239,000 for the comparable twelve month period. The table on page 66 reflects the additional breakdown of other noninterest expense.

Income Tax Expense

The Company had an income tax benefit of \$163,000 for 2009 compared to income tax expense of \$804,000 in 2008 at an effective tax rate of 28.38%. Income taxes computed at the statutory rate are reduced primarily by the eligible amount of interest earned on state and municipal securities and income earned on bank owned life insurance.

Asset Quality

The Company's allowance for loan losses is established through charges to earnings in the form of a provision for loan losses. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to operations and by recoveries of amounts previously charged off, and reduced by loans charged off. Management continuously evaluates the adequacy of the allowance for loan loss. In evaluating the adequacy of the allowance, management considers the following: the growth, composition and industry diversification of the portfolio; historical loan loss experience; current delinquency levels; adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay; estimated value of any underlying collateral; prevailing economic conditions and other relevant factors. The Company's credit administration function, through a review process, validates the accuracy of the initial risk grade assessment. In addition, as a given loan's credit quality improves or deteriorates, the credit administration department has the responsibility to change the borrower's risk grade accordingly. For loans determined to be impaired, the allowance is based either on discounted cash flows using the loan's initial effective interest rate or on the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires material estimates, including the amounts and timing of future cash flows expected to be received on impaired loans, which may be susceptible to significant change. In addition, regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the allowance for loan losses and may require additions for estimated losses based upon judgments different from those of management.

Management uses a risk-grading program to facilitate the evaluation of probable inherent loan losses and the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. In this program, risk grades are

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initially assigned by loan officers and reviewed and monitored by credit administration. The Company strives to maintain its loan portfolio in accordance with conservative loan underwriting policies that result in loans specifically tailored to the needs of its market area. Every effort is made to identify and minimize the credit risks associated with such lending strategies. The Company has no foreign loans and does not engage in significant lease financing or highly leveraged transactions. The Company follows a loan review program designed to evaluate the credit risk in the loan portfolio. This process includes the maintenance of an internally classified watch list that is designed to help management assess the overall quality of the loan portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. In establishing the appropriate classification for specific assets, management considers, among other factors, the estimated value of the underlying collateral, the borrower's ability to repay, the borrower's payment history and the current delinquent status. As a result of this process, certain loans are categorized as substandard, doubtful or loss and reserves are allocated based on management's judgment and historical experience.

The allowance for loan losses represents management's best estimate of an appropriate amount to provide for inherent risk in the loan portfolio in the normal course of business. While management believes that it uses the best information available to establish the allowance for loan losses, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary and results of operations could be adversely affected if circumstances differ from the assumptions used in making the determinations. Furthermore, while management believes it has established the allowance for loan losses in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, there can be no assurance that regulators, in reviewing the Company's portfolio, will not require an adjustment to the allowance for loan losses. In addition, because future events affecting borrowers and collateral cannot be predicted with certainty, there can be no assurance that the existing allowance for loan losses is adequate or that increases will not be necessary, should the quality of any loans deteriorate as a result of the factors discussed herein. Any material increase in the allowance for loan losses may adversely affect the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

The provision for loan losses was \$4.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to \$1.7 million for the same period in 2009. At the end of 2010 the levels of our impaired loans, which includes all loans in nonaccrual status and other loans deemed by management to be impaired, were \$43.3 million compared to \$24.1 million at December 31, 2009, an increase of \$19.2 million. The increase in the level of impaired loans resulted from ten customer relationships totaling \$17.1 million. These relationships are deemed impaired from a cashflow standpoint; however, we believe they are more than adequately collateralized. At this time the collateral appears to be the primary source for the repayment. Total nonaccrual loans, which are a component of impaired loans, increased from \$5.6 million at December 31, 2009 to \$19.7 million at December 31, 2010. The Company had net loan charge-offs for 2010 of \$1.1 million compared to net loan charge-offs of \$817,000 for the same period in 2009.

The allowance expressed as a percentage of gross loans held for investment increased 85 basis points from 1.49% at December 31, 2009 to 2.34% at December 31, 2010. The collectively evaluated reserve allowance as a percentage of collectively evaluated loans increased from 0.81% at December 31, 2009 to 1.29% at December 31, 2010, an increase of 48 basis points. Given the continued declines in the credit quality metrics relating to nonperforming loans since December 31, 2009, the increase in the reserve was warranted. During the year we upgraded our allowance for loan loss model to capture not only the mean loss of individual loans but also the rare event of severe loss that can occur within the loan portfolio. The changes were made in the part of the model used to compute the general reserves. Specifically, the Company began calculating probable losses on loans by computing a probability of loss and

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expected loss scenario by call codes. Together, these components created from Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression of historical losses against multiple Macro-Economic factors make up the basis of the new allowance model. The loans that are impaired and included in the specific reserve are excluded from these new calculations. The continued deteriorating credit metrics as evaluated in our updated allowance model resulted in \$2.1 million in loan loss provisions during the third quarter of 2010. Approximately \$300,000 of the \$2.1 million was related to increases in impaired loans Nonperforming loans, which consist of nonaccrual loans and loan 90 days and still accruing, to total loans increased from 1.67% at December 31, 2009, to 5.19% at December 31, 2010. During the period the Company had a decrease in other real estate owned of \$1.4 million. Management believes the current level of the allowance for loan losses is appropriate in light of the risk inherent in the loan portfolio.

The following nonperforming loan table shows the comparison for the past five years:

Nonperforming Assets

(dollars in thousands)

	At December 31,				
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Nonperforming Assets:					
Nonaccrual loans past due					
90 days or more	\$ 407	\$ 282	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 500
Nonaccrual loans	19,730	5,630	3,898	1,795	1,211
Other real estate owned	<u>2,022</u>	<u>3,419</u>	<u>2,816</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>203</u>
Total nonperforming assets	<u>\$ 22,159</u>	<u>\$ 9,331</u>	<u>\$ 6,717</u>	<u>\$ 1,958</u>	<u>\$ 1,914</u>
Allowance for loan losses	\$ 9,067	\$ 5,276	\$ 4,361	\$ 3,510	\$ 3,171
Nonperforming loans to total loans	5.19%	1.67%	1.14%	0.56%	0.59%
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	2.34%	1.49%	1.28%	1.09%	1.10%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	4.14%	1.95%	1.48%	0.48%	0.50%
Allowance for loan losses to					
nonperforming loans	45.03%	89.24%	111.79%	195.54%	185.33%

Capital Resources

The Company continues to maintain good capital ratios that support its asset growth. The capital position is maintained through the retention of earnings and controlled growth. Regulatory agencies divide capital into Tier I (consisting of shareholders' equity less ineligible intangible assets and accumulated other comprehensive income and allowable portions of trust preferred securities) and Tier II (consisting of the allowable portion of the reserve for loan losses and certain long-term debt) and measure capital adequacy by applying both capital levels to a banking company's risk-adjusted assets and off-balance sheet items. In addition to these capital ratios, regulatory agencies have established a Tier I leverage ratio that measures Tier I capital to average assets less ineligible intangible assets.

Regulatory guidelines require a minimum of total capital to risk-adjusted assets ratio of 8% with one-half consisting of tangible common shareholders' equity and a minimum Tier I leverage ratio of 4%. Banks which meet or exceed a Tier I ratio of 6%, a total capital ratio of 10% and a

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Tier I leverage ratio of 5% are considered well capitalized by regulatory standards. At December 31, 2010, the Company's subsidiary banks were all well capitalized.

The Company expects to continue to exceed these minimums without altering current operations or strategy. Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements presents additional information regarding the Company's and its subsidiary banks' capital ratios.

Dividends

The Board of Directors of Uwharrie Capital Corp declared a 3% stock dividend in 2008. All references in this Annual Report to net income per share and weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding reflect the effects of these stock dividends. There was not a dividend declared in 2010 or 2009.

Liquidity

Liquidity, the ability to raise cash when needed without adversely impacting profits, is managed primarily by the selection of asset mix and the maturity mix of liabilities. Maturities and the marketability of securities and other funding sources provide a source of liquidity to meet deposit fluctuations. Maturities in the securities portfolio, presented in Financial Table 4 on page 65, are supported by cash flows from mortgage-backed securities that have longer-term contractual maturities.

Other funding sources at year-end 2010 included \$14.3 million in federal funds lines of credit from correspondent banks and approximately \$31.7 million of remaining credit availability from the Federal Home Loan Bank. The Company may also borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank discount window. Growth in deposits is typically the primary source of funding for loans, supported by long-term credit available from the Federal Home Loan Bank.

At December 31, 2010, borrowings from federal funds lines and the issuance of commercial paper amounted to \$8.6 million, while other short-term borrowings totaled \$11.9 million. Long-term debt at that date consisted of advances of \$24.0 million from the Federal Home Loan Bank, junior subordinated debt of \$9.9 million, a mortgage payable of \$66,000 and a note payable for the purchase of a building of \$100,000.

Management believes that the Company's current sources of funds provide adequate liquidity for its current cash flow needs.

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Contractual Obligations

The following table reflects the contractual obligations of the Company outstanding as of December 31, 2010.

	Payments Due by Period (in thousands)				
	Total	On Demand or less than 1 year	1-3 Years	4-5 Years	After 5 Years
<u>Contractual Obligations</u>					
Short-term debt	\$ 20,482	\$ 20,482	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Long-term debt	34,061	-	22,619	8,941	2,501
Operating leases	400	60	120	120	100
Total contractual cash obligations, excluding deposits	54,943	20,542	22,739	9,061	2,601
Deposits	434,033	381,776	36,836	15,421	-
Total contractual cash obligations, including deposits	<u>\$ 488,976</u>	<u>\$ 402,318</u>	<u>\$ 59,575</u>	<u>\$ 24,482</u>	<u>\$ 2,601</u>

Critical Accounting Policy

The Company's most significant critical accounting policy is the determination of its allowance for loan losses. A critical accounting policy is one that is both very important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results, and requires management's most difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments. What makes these judgments difficult, subjective and/or complex is the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Refer to the discussion within Allowance for Loan Losses and in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for a comprehensive discussion regarding this accounting policy.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has various financial instruments (outstanding commitments) with off-balance sheet risk that are issued in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. See Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for more information regarding these commitments and contingent liabilities.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

Net Interest Income (Margin) is the single largest component of income for the Company. Net Interest Margin is the difference between the yield on earning assets and interest paid on liabilities. The margin can vary over time as interest rates change. The variance fluctuates based on both the timing (repricing) and magnitude of maturing assets and liabilities.

To identify interest rate sensitivity, a common measure is a gap analysis, which reflects the difference or gap between rate sensitive assets and liabilities over various time periods. Gap analysis at December 31, 2010 is reflected in Financial Table 3 on page 64. While management reviews this information, it has implemented the use of an income simulation model, which calculates expected future Net Interest Income (Margin) based on projected interest-earning assets, interest-bearing liabilities and forecasted interest rates. Management believes this provides a more relevant view of interest rate risk sensitivity than the traditional

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gap analysis. The income simulation model allows a comparison of flat, rising and falling rate scenarios to determine the interest rate sensitivity of earnings in varying interest rates environments.

The Company models immediate rising and declining rate shocks of up to 4% (in 1% intervals) on its subsidiary banks, using a no growth and most likely balance sheet growth, for a two year horizon, as preferred by regulators. The most recent consolidated 2% rate shock projections using the most likely balance sheet growth for a one year horizon, indicates a negative impact of (10.44%) on Net Interest Income (Margin) in a rates down scenario and a positive impact of 8.56% on Net Interest Income (Margin) in a rates up scenario. Based on the most recent twelve month forecast, all three of the subsidiary banks are asset sensitive and may experience some negative impact to earnings should interest rates decline. While many interest bearing assets would reprice in a declining interest rate environment; many liabilities are already approaching 0% interest rates. All three of the subsidiary banks have the potential to benefit from a rising interest rate environment, but current market deposit pricing and embedded options in the balance sheet may limit the upside potential.

The principal goals for asset liability management for the Company are to maintain adequate levels and sources of liquidity and to manage interest rate risk. Interest rate risk management attempts to balance the effects of interest rate changes on both interest-sensitive assets and liabilities to protect Net Interest Income (Margin) from wide fluctuations as a result from changes in interest rates. Managing interest rate risk is an important factor to the long term viability of the Company since the Net Interest Income (Margin) is such a large component of earnings. The Company's Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) monitors market changes in interest rates and assists with the pricing of loans and deposit products while considering the funding source needs and asset growth projections.

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Financial Table 1

Average Balances and Net Interest Income Analysis

(dollars in thousands)

	2010			2009			2008			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Average Yield/Rate (1)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Average Yield/Rate (1)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Average Yield/Rate (1)	
Interest-earning assets										
Taxable securities	\$ 78,479	2,508	3.20%	\$ 63,934	\$ 3,128	4.89%	\$ 36,573	\$ 2,021	5.53%	
Non-taxable securities (1)	8,301	319	6.25%	14,115	622	7.17%	14,738	678	7.49%	
Short-term investments	9,211	44	0.48%	6,334	66	1.04%	5,386	85	1.58%	
Taxable loans (2)	371,057	21,378	5.76%	345,448	21,020	6.08%	332,986	22,592	6.78%	
Non-taxable loans (1)	6,258	238	6.18%	4,387	226	8.38%	4,086	188	7.49%	
Total interest-earning assets	<u>473,306</u>	<u>24,487</u>	<u>5.25%</u>	<u>434,218</u>	<u>25,062</u>	<u>5.89%</u>	<u>393,769</u>	<u>25,564</u>	<u>6.63%</u>	
Non-earning assets										
Cash and due from banks	6,449			7,057			9,964			
Premises and equipment, net	14,246			12,616			9,735			
Interest receivable and other	20,424			17,838			9,389			
Total non-earning assets	<u>41,119</u>			<u>37,511</u>			<u>29,088</u>			
Total assets	<u>\$ 514,425</u>			<u>\$ 471,729</u>			<u>\$ 422,857</u>			
Interest-bearing liabilities										
Savings deposits	\$ 35,535	\$ 327	0.92%	\$ 30,912	\$ 255	0.82%	\$ 26,246	\$ 301	1.15%	
Interest checking & MMDA	162,373	971	0.60%	120,307	838	0.70%	109,469	1,357	1.24%	
Time deposits	158,173	2,876	1.82%	172,108	4,816	2.80%	155,983	6,281	4.03%	
Total deposits	<u>356,081</u>	<u>4,174</u>	<u>1.17%</u>	<u>323,327</u>	<u>5,909</u>	<u>1.83%</u>	<u>291,698</u>	<u>7,939</u>	<u>2.72%</u>	
Short-term borrowed funds	26,352	693	2.63%	24,092	316	1.31%	19,453	529	2.72%	
Long-term debt	31,939	1,084	3.39%	30,992	1,472	4.75%	31,190	1,360	4.36%	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	<u>414,372</u>	<u>5,951</u>	<u>1.44%</u>	<u>378,411</u>	<u>7,697</u>	<u>2.03%</u>	<u>342,341</u>	<u>9,828</u>	<u>2.87%</u>	
Noninterest liabilities										
Transaction deposits	50,223			46,630			45,685			
Interest payable and other	4,405			3,506			2,586			
Total liabilities	<u>469,000</u>			<u>428,547</u>			<u>390,612</u>			
Shareholders' equity										
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	<u>\$ 514,425</u>			<u>\$ 471,729</u>			<u>\$ 422,857</u>			
Interest rate spread			<u>3.81%</u>				<u>3.86%</u>			
Net interest income and net interest margin			<u>3.99%</u>				<u>4.12%</u>			
	<u>\$ 18,536</u>			<u>\$ 17,365</u>			<u>\$ 15,736</u>		<u>4.13%</u>	

1) Yields related to securities and loans exempt from federal and/or state income taxes are stated on a fully tax-equivalent basis, assuming a 38.55% tax rate.

2) Nonaccrual loans are included in loans, net of unearned income.

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Financial Table 2

Volume and Rate Variance Analysis

(dollars in thousands)

	2010 Versus 2009			2009 Versus 2008		
	Volume	Rate	Net Change	Volume	Rate	Net Change
Interest-earning assets						
Taxable securities	\$ 588	\$ (1,208)	\$ (620)	\$ 1,425	\$ (318)	\$ 1,107
Non-taxable securities	(240)	(63)	(303)	(28)	(28)	(56)
Short-term investments	22	(44)	(22)	12	(31)	(19)
Taxable loans	1,517	(1,159)	358	802	(2,374)	(1,572)
Non-taxable loans	84	(72)	12	15	23	38
Total interest-earning assets	<u>1,971</u>	<u>(2,546)</u>	<u>(575)</u>	<u>2,226</u>	<u>(2,728)</u>	<u>(502)</u>
Interest-bearing liabilities						
Savings deposits	40	32	72	46	(92)	(46)
Transaction and MMDA deposits	272	(139)	133	105	(624)	(519)
Other time deposits	(322)	(1,618)	(1,940)	550	(2,015)	(1,465)
Short-term borrowed funds	45	332	377	93	(306)	(213)
Long-term debt	39	(427)	(388)	(9)	121	112
Total interest-bearing liabilities	<u>74</u>	<u>(1,820)</u>	<u>(1,746)</u>	<u>785</u>	<u>(2,916)</u>	<u>(2,131)</u>
Net interest income	<u>\$ 1,897</u>	<u>\$ (726)</u>	<u>\$ 1,171</u>	<u>\$ 1,441</u>	<u>\$ 188</u>	<u>\$ 1,629</u>

The above table analyzes the dollar amount of changes in interest income and interest expense for major components of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The table distinguishes between (i) changes attributable to volume (changes in volume multiplied by the prior period's rate), (ii) changes attributable to rate (changes in rate multiplied by the prior period's volume), and (iii) net change (the sum of the previous columns). The change attributable to both rate and volume (changes in rate multiplied by changes in volume) has been allocated equally to the change attributable to volume and the change attributable to rate.

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Financial Table 3

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

(dollars in thousands)

	1-90 Day Position	3-6 Month Position	6-12 Month Position	1-5 Year Position	> 5 Year Position	Total Position
Interest-earning assets						
Interest-earning deposits with banks	\$ 7,926	\$ 750	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,676
Investment securities	1,098	705	2,381	26,796	65,415	96,395
FHLB and other stock	-	-	-	-	4,531	4,531
Loans held for sale	6,286	-	-	-	-	6,286
Loans held for investment	<u>121,269</u>	<u>27,533</u>	<u>53,558</u>	<u>136,782</u>	<u>48,627</u>	<u>387,769</u>
Total interest-earning assets	<u>136,579</u>	<u>28,988</u>	<u>55,939</u>	<u>163,578</u>	<u>118,573</u>	<u>503,657</u>
Interest-bearing liabilities						
Deposits	45,050	25,549	68,118	187,752	107,564	434,033
Short-term borrowed funds	16,482	2,000	2,000	-	-	20,482
Long-term debt	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,560</u>	<u>2,501</u>	<u>34,061</u>
Total interest-bearing liabilities	<u>61,532</u>	<u>27,549</u>	<u>70,118</u>	<u>219,312</u>	<u>110,065</u>	<u>488,576</u>
Interest sensitivity GAP per period	<u>\$ 75,047</u>	<u>\$ 1,439</u>	<u>\$ (14,179)</u>	<u>\$ (55,734)</u>	<u>\$ 8,508</u>	<u>\$ 15,081</u>
Cumulative interest sensitivity GAP	<u>\$ 75,047</u>	<u>\$ 76,486</u>	<u>\$ 62,307</u>	<u>\$ 6,573</u>	<u>\$ 15,081</u>	<u>\$ 15,081</u>
Ratios						
Cumulative gap as a percentage of total interest-earning assets	14.90%	15.19%	12.37%	1.31%	2.99%	2.99%
Cumulative interest-earning assets as a percentage of interest-bearing liabilities	221.96%	185.86%	139.14%	101.74%	103.09%	103.09%

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Financial Table 4

Investment Securities Portfolio Analysis

(dollars in thousands)

	<u>December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>Amortized</u>	<u>Estimated</u>	<u>Book</u>
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Yield(1)</u>
<u>Securities available for sale</u>			
U. S. Treasury			
Due within one year	1,000	1,006	0.90%
Due after one but within five years	2,018	2,066	1.70%
Due after five but within ten years	<u>48,604</u>	<u>48,076</u>	<u>2.28%</u>
	<u>51,622</u>	<u>51,148</u>	<u>2.23%</u>
U.S. Government agencies			
Due one within one year	504	519	3.96%
Due after one but within five years	18,457	19,208	2.84%
Due after five but within ten years	<u>5,901</u>	<u>5,736</u>	<u>1.84%</u>
	<u>24,862</u>	<u>25,463</u>	<u>2.62%</u>
Mortgage-backed securities			
Due after five but within ten year	2,498	2,633	3.97%
Due after ten years	<u>6,157</u>	<u>6,267</u>	<u>4.22%</u>
	<u>8,655</u>	<u>8,900</u>	<u>4.15%</u>
State and political			
Due within one year	576	577	2.36%
Due after one but within five years	3,286	3,437	4.21%
Due after five but within ten year	4,860	4,859	3.03%
Due after ten years	<u>2,003</u>	<u>2,011</u>	<u>4.18%</u>
	<u>10,725</u>	<u>10,884</u>	<u>3.57%</u>
Total Securities available for sale			
Due within one year	2,080	2,102	2.05%
Due after one but within five years	23,761	24,711	2.93%
Due after five but within ten year	61,863	61,304	2.37%
Due after ten years	<u>8,160</u>	<u>8,278</u>	<u>4.21%</u>
	<u>\$ 95,864</u>	<u>\$ 96,395</u>	<u>2.66%</u>

- 1) Yields on securities and investments exempt from federal and/or state income taxes are stated on a fully tax- equivalent basis, assuming a 38.55% tax rate.

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Financial Table 5

Noninterest Income

(dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$ 2,219	\$ 2,360	\$ 2,238
Other banking fees	1,362	1,023	1,138
Asset management fees	1,357	1,054	1,396
Brokerage commissions	164	196	243
Other noninterest income	<u>543</u>	<u>480</u>	<u>578</u>
Core noninterest income	5,645	5,113	5,593
Income from mortgage loan sales	3,172	3,436	1,208
Security gains (losses)	1,484	(711)	-
Loss on nonmarketable securities	-	(172)	-
Total other-than-temporary impairment loss	-	(1,807)	(158)
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Net impairment recognized in other comprehensive income	-	(1,807)	(158)
Losses from sale of OREO	(332)	(36)	(41)
Other gains (losses) from sale of assets	<u>(71)</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>(5)</u>
Total noninterest income	<u>\$ 9,898</u>	<u>\$ 5,824</u>	<u>\$ 6,597</u>

Financial Table 6

Other Noninterest Expense

(dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Postage	\$ 221	\$ 200	\$ 200
Telephone and data lines	233	237	244
Loan collection cost	330	185	292
Shareholder relations expense	150	187	185
Dues and subscriptions	186	161	147
Other	<u>1,628</u>	<u>1,444</u>	<u>1,320</u>
Total other noninterest expense	<u>\$ 2,748</u>	<u>\$ 2,414</u>	<u>\$ 2,388</u>

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Financial Table 7

Loan Portfolio Composition

(dollars in thousands)

	At December 31,					
	2010		2009		2008	
	Amount	% of Total Loans	Amount	% of Total Loans	Amount	% of Total Loans
Loan type:						
Commercial	\$ 51,679	13.33%	\$ 51,723	14.63%	\$ 45,470	13.35%
Real estate - construction	56,602	14.60%	44,976	12.72%	50,661	14.87%
Real estate - residential	155,814	40.19%	144,154	40.77%	139,346	40.90%
Real estate - commercial	105,123	27.12%	95,938	27.13%	89,561	26.29%
Consumer	17,721	4.57%	16,628	4.70%	15,499	4.55%
Other	739	0.19%	172	0.05%	121	0.04%
Total loans	387,678	<u>100.00%</u>	353,591	<u>100.00%</u>	340,658	<u>100.00%</u>
Less:						
Allowance for loan losses	(9,067)		(5,276)		(4,361)	
Unearned net loan fees	<u>91</u>		<u>138</u>		<u>172</u>	
Net loans	<u>\$ 378,702</u>		<u>\$ 348,453</u>		<u>\$ 336,469</u>	

	At December 31,			
	2007		2006	
	Amount	% of Total Loans	Amount	% of Total Loans
Loan type:				
Commercial	\$ 37,724	11.72%	\$ 36,406	12.64%
Real estate - construction	46,546	14.46%	27,342	9.49%
Real estate - residential	135,842	42.21%	126,111	43.79%
Real estate - commercial	86,593	26.90%	84,744	29.43%
Consumer	15,022	4.67%	13,262	4.60%
Other	143	0.04%	133	0.05%
Total loans	321,870	<u>100.00%</u>	287,998	<u>100.00%</u>
Less:				
Allowance for loan losses	(3,510)		(3,171)	
Unearned net loan fees	<u>117</u>		<u>137</u>	
Net loans	<u>\$ 318,477</u>		<u>\$ 284,964</u>	

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Financial Table 8

Selected Loan Maturities

(dollars in thousands)

	December 31, 2010			
	<u>One Year or Less</u>	<u>One to Five Years</u>	<u>Over Five Years</u>	<u>Total</u>
Commercial and agricultural	\$ 25,846	\$ 17,223	\$ 8,610	\$ 51,679
Real estate – construction	<u>26,168</u>	<u>19,996</u>	<u>10,438</u>	<u>56,602</u>
Total selected loans	<u>\$ 52,014</u>	<u>\$ 37,219</u>	<u>\$ 19,048</u>	<u>\$ 108,281</u>
Fixed rate loans	<u>\$ 23,515</u>	<u>\$ 96,325</u>	<u>\$ 80,637</u>	<u>\$ 200,477</u>
Sensitivity to rate changes:				
Variable interest rates	<u>\$ 193,578</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 193,578</u>

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Financial Table 9

Activity in the Allowance for Loan Loss

(dollars in thousands)

	At or for the Year Ended December 31,				
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Allowance for loan losses at					
beginning of year	\$ 5,276	\$ 4,361	\$ 3,510	\$ 3,171	\$ 4,482
Provision for loan losses	<u>4,919</u>	<u>1,732</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>298</u>
Other	17				
Loan charge-offs:					
Commercial	59	39	122	-	1,533
Real estate	924	692	15	-	14
Consumer	<u>206</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>140</u>
Total charge-offs	<u>1,189</u>	<u>871</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>1,687</u>
Recoveries of loans previously charged off:					
Commercial	3	19	120	440	34
Real estate	4	14	-	-	-
Consumer	<u>37</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>44</u>
Total recoveries	<u>44</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>548</u>	<u>78</u>
Net charge-offs (recoveries)	<u>1,145</u>	<u>817</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>(324)</u>	<u>1,609</u>
Allowance for loan losses at end of year	<u>\$ 9,067</u>	<u>\$ 5,276</u>	<u>\$ 4,361</u>	<u>\$ 3,510</u>	<u>\$ 3,171</u>
Net (charge-offs) recoveries as a					
percent of average loans	0.31%	0.24%	0.04%	(0.11)%	0.55%

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Financial Table 10

Allocation of the Allowance for Loan Losses

(dollars in thousands)

	At December 31,					
	2010		2009		2008	
	Amount	% of Total Loans (1)	Amount	% of Total Loans (1)	Amount	% of Total Loans (1)
Commercial	\$ 966	10.65%	\$ 449	14.63%	\$ 288	13.35%
Real estate - construction	2,190	24.15%	1,373	12.72%	1,232	14.87%
Real estate - residential	2,629	29.00%	1,477	40.77%	1,180	40.90%
Real estate - commercial	2,240	24.70%	1,541	27.13%	1,385	26.29%
Consumer loans	984	10.85%	436	4.70%	276	4.55%
Other	58	0.64%	-	0.05%	-	0.04%
Unallocated	-	-%	-	-%	-	-%
Total loans	\$ 9,067	100.00%	\$ 5,276	100.00%	\$ 4,361	100.00%

	At December 31,			
	2007		2006	
	Amount	% of Total Loans (1)	Amount	% of Total Loans (1)
Commercial	\$ 326	11.72%	\$ 356	12.64%
Real estate – construction	325	14.46%	255	9.49%
Real estate – residential	922	42.21%	1,235	43.79%
Real estate – commercial	1,715	26.90%	1,123	29.43%
Consumer	222	4.67%	202	4.60%
Other	-	0.04%	-	0.05%
Unallocated	-	-%	-	-%
Total loans	\$ 3,510	100.00%	\$ 3,171	100.00%

(1) Represents total of all outstanding loans in each category as a percent of total loans outstanding.

UWHARRIE CAPITAL CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
Management's Discussion And Analysis of Financial Condition
And Results of Operations

Financial Table 11

Maturities of Time Deposits
(dollars in thousands)

	<u>3 Months or Less</u>	<u>Over 3 Months to 6 Months</u>	<u>Over 6 Months to 12 Months</u>	<u>Over 12 Months</u>	<u>Total</u>
Time Deposits of \$100,000 or more	\$ 14,090	\$ 5,051	\$ 20,084	\$ 20,206	\$ 59,431
Other Time Deposits	<u>17,677</u>	<u>11,785</u>	<u>33,135</u>	<u>32,051</u>	<u>94,648</u>
	<u>\$ 31,767</u>	<u>\$ 16,836</u>	<u>\$ 53,219</u>	<u>\$ 52,257</u>	<u>\$ 154,079</u>

Financial Table 12

Performance Ratios

	<u>At December 31,</u>				
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Return on average assets	0.14%	0.15%	0.48%	0.75%	0.56%
Return on average equity	1.57%	1.60%	6.29%	9.73%	7.32%
Equity to average assets ratio	8.83%	9.15%	7.63%	7.73%	7.67%

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NC Department
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